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BY J. F. GRANT,

50 in advance, or \$3 00 at the end of the No subscription received for less than one year s paid in advance; and no subscription discontinuntil all arrearages are paid, unless at the option the editor.

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ost-Office, Jacksonville, Ala. Talladega Mail, due every Sunday at 5 P. M. Departs every Monday at 8 A. M. Van's Valley Mail, due every Saturday at 3 P.M Departs every Thursday at 8 A.M Bellefonte Mail, due every Monday at 6 P. M.
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dolph C. H. Mail, due-Departs-Mail, due every Wednesday at 6 P. M.

Store House formerly Messrs. Green Lawson's now HOKE & ABERNATHY.

Administrator's Notice.

quested to come forward, and make pay-Those having claims against the estate are requested 'to present them properly au-JOSEPH BROWN,

Administrator of the estate of John V. Ingraham, dee'd.

Feb. 15th, 1837-6t.

PROSPECTUS OFTHE Jacksonville Republican.

Circumstances having rendered it impracticable to continue the publication of the "Jacksonville Register." the undersigned has determined to continue the business in this place, by publishing a Political and Miscellaneous Newspaper of the above title; designed to meet the wants, and advocate and sustain the growing interests of the people of this section of coun-

A candid avowal of the future political course of he paper now proposed, will of course be expected by those disposed to patronize it; and from this avowif the publisher feels no disposition to shrink; but as the present is the closing scene of one administration, and the commencement of a new one is near at hand. a brief sketch of his past political principles, will perhaps be a sufficient index to the future. To the leading measures of the present administration he has been uniformly friendly, and voted for the present Chief approval of the administration

With respect to State policy, this paper will, upon all suitable occasions, advocate the important interests

Temperate and well written communications, favorng any political doctrine, will be cheerfully inserted in the paper; at the same time its columns will be vigilantly guarded against personal invective and abuse. A portion of its columns will be occupied with the news of the day, both foreign and domestic; Agricultural and Commercial information; Essays on literary, scientific, and moral subjects; biographical and historical sketches; the latest improvements in the mechanic lished, calculated to amuse, interest or instruct.

printing establishment

J. F. GRANT.

CONDETEONS.

GEN. WELLBORN'S OFFICIAL RE PORT.

CAMP AT DR. BATTELL'S, Jan. SO, 1837.

Capt. John Page, U. S. Army. Sir .- According to your instructions thro' Maj. D. G. Skinner, a volunteer company raised some time before for the defence of ertion & 50 cents for each continuance. Over the citizens in the Creek nation and which was in service at the time of the receipt of mber of insertions, will be published until forbid your instructions), of which I was elected Captain, was posted at this place. The harged accordingly.

Captain, was posted at this place. In the harged accordingly be made on advertisements swamps in the neighborhood were diligently searched for several days, but no indians could be found. Last Friday, the 27th, information was received at the camp by several neighbors that fresh signs of Indians in the limits of their encampment until they harrassments. Their prospects are looking of life, I respectfully bid you farewell. had, within a day or two, been seen in the can be moved. If these Indians are permit-up, while those of the real estate speculators neighboring swamps. I, therefore, on the evening of that day, left the camp with eighicen men and the surgeon of the company. Closes every Thursday at 9 P. M. Dr. L. T. Wellborn, for the purpose of searching for those Indians. After leaving the camp two or three miles we were met hy an express, young Fagan, who informed us that on the evening before a band of hostile Departs every Saturday at 6 A. M Indians (which he estimated at about twenty the mails except the Bellefonte mail close or thirty in number) had attacked the family an hour before the contract time of depar-of old Mr. Pugh, killed the old gentleman.

JNO. D. HOKE, P. M. his overseen and several negroes: also have his overseer, and several negroes: also bur-The POST OFFICE is removed to the ned his houses, &c., that he with 18 other men had gone to the scene of massacre and lestruction on that morning, and made an attack on those devastating Indians who vere still resting over the ashes of the houses and the slain: the Indians returned their of Administration upon the estate of John Ingraham, deceased, were duly granted to undersigned on the 14th day of February, ReDaniel and Bryant, and the undersigned on the 14th day of February, Redaniel and Bryant, and the undersigned on the 14th day of February, rest were compelled to retreat. I had left a mested to come fewered and make the come fewered and make the come fewered and make the compensation of the compensat tection, and some were gone to remove their families from the noighborhood. Notwiththenticated for payment, within the time lim-ited by law, or the same will be barred. solved immediately to go in pursuit of those savage butchery. The sun was now about one hour high: we put off (Mr. Fagan our guide.) After travelling up the middle prong of the Cowaggee Creek about 10 or 12 miles. we discovered a house in flames a little ahead of us; we approached within a half a mile of the fire when we lit and tied our horses then formed a line, and on foot went near enough to see, to our very great disappoint ment, that no Indians were there. We then concluded that it was most likely they had when he died. gone on to Mr. Fagan's, about five milefurther up the creek, where we then expected to find them burning Mr. Fagun's house &c.; but when we arrived at Fagan's we were again disappointed; all the houses were standing and not a human being there but a very sand time after the Theatre was There we tarried until day break, when we closed persons were in and about it, at the concluded to go back to Martin's, where the one-me deceased passed by it, and the unhouse was burning, which we passed as he mushen oursing adjoining, at the corner fore stated. When we got back to Martin's or which he was wayfaid—the place was we found the meat house unburst and a quan- more public at this time of night, perh ptity of excellent meat hanging in it. We than any part of 31 onle - d yet with san then refreshed ourselves a little, saw no In- bestatch has too wark of morder and redians, but found their trail leading into Magistrate at the only election in which his age enti-dense cane brake on the creek: we pursue seen, thacard suknown, a perso as tled him to a vote. At the last Presidential election, it along a path Mr. Martin had from his ken up on suspicion, on Saturday, but the voted for Martin Van Buren, under an honest condwelling to a field in the swamp. We lost charged. Two more individuals were arrest riction, that he would not disappoint the expectations the trail in the swamp, and after making ted yesterday, and placed in prison where the had given his friends reason to entertain; and that diligent search for them down the creek and they are awaiting their examination, which he would administer the government upon those re-did not find them, we mounted our horses and is to take place this morning. publican principles, under which our country has ardetermined to search for them above, which the nurdered man will be buried this day rived at the present unprecedented state of prosperi- in a few minutes resulted in meeting thm in ty. Should these expectations prove to be well found the path before spoken of leading from the residence on St. Joakim street, between St. ed, he will at all times take pleasure in manifesting his field to the house. They announced our Louis and St. Michael .- Mobile Adv. meeting by firing a volley of rifles at us and velling most tremendeously. The cane on the other side of the path was unusually of education and internal improvement, and such other side of the path was unusually York sun, shed a flood of light on the troater topics as may from time to time be proposed call back to the field which was developed and only in that quarter, but through er topics as may from time to time be proposed, cal-back to the field, which was done in good or-out the Union. Monopoly and speculation culated to advance the happiness and prosperity of the der, and when I had reached as favorable a situation as I could find I ordered my men to halt, dismount and fight, which order was promptly and cagerly obeyed. The Indians were in close pursuit and fight and fight, while, were in close pursuit and firing all the while. were in close pursuit and firing all the while. to the purpose of preying upon the laboring but without effect. When we commenced firing they hastened behind trees and lay classes:—Globe. very close in the weeds. A brisk fire was kept up from both sides for about half an hour, when discovering they very greatly outnumbered us, and was flanking us on eiarts; and in short, whatever can be procured and pub- ther side, I reluctantly ordered a refreat, perity. But the ominous aspect which eve- through scenes of unusual excitement. The lands to actual settlers, and in limited quanwhich was performed coolly and in good or-The publisher is sensible of the difficulties to be enountered in an undertaking in which he must endea- ber) nor those who had lost their horses. but or to please such a variety of tastes as is to be found all was brought off safe except Lieut. Patter any community, and also his having to rely more on son and seven horses who were killed dead s long practical experience in the printing business, upon the ground. We killed several Indian any uncommon advantages either of talent or education. He hopes, however, that this experience, together with an untiring zeal to promote all the great ged in this conflict. The gallant and good vania is said to have the richest cargo of dry sinterests of society, according to his best judgment and conduct of both my officers and men deserve goods that has arrived at our port for years lion. I cannot hope that in emergencies like cided in the negative—year, 18. nays 27, as ability, will insure him that liberal patronage, which it the highest commendation. The Indians is certainly the individual interest of every good citi
pursued us about one mile. We returned to zen to afford, to a respectable and well conducted camp about sun set. By day break. Sinday It has been anticipated that the wholesale myself to think, that the extent to which my Clayton. Crittenden. Kent, King of George

them again to-morrow. excited on account of the position of the ling the markets; and the millions of money accomplish such important results. supposed friendly Indians. It is generally thus paid away by our speculators; have gone believed, and I concur in that opinion. that into the pockets of the farmers throughout cess may await you, in performing the exalthese Indians are from the friendly camp the country. If this view of the case he ted and honorable duties of your public trust, ted to roam at pleasure, I feel confident, from are looking down. the present state of feelings, that they will be highly desirable.

Your obedient servant. WM. WELLBORN, Captain of the Barbour Ranger

Wm. Camen, 2 Licut,: left arm badly

Hiram Carter, wounded in the abdomen

M. Watley, arm broke. J. K. Wenslett, wonded in the leg. * Camp Battle is \$2 miles from Irwinton.

KILLING FOR MONEY .- On Friday night ast, at little past eleven o'clock, W. W. in a silk handkerchief, m s shockingly bruiwhich he wore. He was shortly after discovered lying on the ground in a perfectly relpless state, and carried to his house. cious of suffering-he could not speak-un il yesterday morning at about nine o'clock

It was for money solely that he was killed mild, inoffensive man, neither drinking nor profane, and who provoked no personal enemies The deed must have been committed bery done. We have prepetrators got off

THE SIGNS IN NEW YORK.

The following paragraphs from the Ne in every thing, from the public lands down

The mad and uncontrolled spirit of speculation produced a state of pressure and em- for every I could scarcely expect to avoid. barrassment in the money market, that for : time threatened ruin to our commercial prosry thing were only a few days since is rapid-

published every Saturday, on a large imperial sheet, good paper, at Two Dollars and fifty cents in advance, to received for less than one year unless paid in advance.

We left the camp about 9 o'clock the country merchant can collect readily of early resolution or been regardless of what may henceforth be separated by findians had, after the battle, burned Martin's what way the farmers in the country, could from the Senate, I can never cease to revert what way the farmers in the country, could from the Senate, I can never cease to revert what way the farmers in the country, could from the Senate, I can never cease to revert what way the farmers in the country, could from the Senate, I can never cease to revert what way the farmers in the country, could from the Senate, I can never cease to revert what way the farmers in the country, could from the Senate, I can never cease to revert what way the farmers in the country was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the country was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the feelings of the Linn, Lyon. Morris, Nicholas. Niles, Nor-was due to the rights or the

saw several other houses burned, and re-not reasonable to suppose that the pressure with it.

As for the poor laborer, who is obliged to be treated as hostile, which to prevent would pay fourteen dollars for a barrel of flour, or choice a ton of coal, and sixpence for a roll of bread as big as a bird's egg, to feed a large family of children, we pity him; his prospects are gloomy. We can only advise him to screw Walter Patterson, 1st Lieut.; left dead on up his courage, till this unnatural state of things shall work itself straight. In due Capt. Wellborn slightly wounded in the time these troubles must pass away.

> In the lower House of the Legislature of New York last week, the following resolution was adopted:

money about him, supposed to be not far vills of all the banks in the six New Eng-

there he continued to suffer, if he was con- f r the redemption of their bills at par in the barrier against every attack on that sacred for we understand that he was uniformly : of the banks, and most conduce to the public pied in advancing the general welfare, and

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

President of the Senate -On the 28th ult. by Vice-President rose, and addressed the Senate as follows:

SENATORS:-The period is at hand which s to terminate the official relation that has existed between us. and I leave, probably never to return to it, a body with which have been long connected, where some remain whom I found here fifteen years ago. and where, in the progress of public duty hesitatingly perform. personal associations have arisen never to your co-operation wentler in in be forgotten. From such scenes I cannot retire without emotion .- Nor can I give to the Senate the usual opnortanity of choosing cother to preside for a time over their deliberations, without referring to the manner tion and a was uncountered by a c in and bit have endeavored to discharge a most gratifying and honorable trust connec-

fuence to its peculiar duties. I was very ted to him, in testingmy of the imparriality, pressed, so to discharge the authority with sided over their deliberations, and of their the rights, to respect the feelings, and to charge of the arthons and important duties guard the reputations of all who could be assigned him as President of the Schale. affected by its exercise." I was sure that. if successful in this I should be pardoned

In the interval that has since classed, it has been our lot, in this assembly, to pass intense interest on absorbing topics, which tities, was taken up as the next special order. ly changing to the encouraging and enliven-has prevaded our whole community, could the question being on mr. Buchanan's amend g hues of hope and triumph. The packets not be unfelt within these walls. The which are now arriving from Europe are warmthrof political parties, natural in such to enter lands in the names of their minor reighted with uncommonly large and rich times, the unguarded ardor of sudden de-children. cargoes, and our merchants with their spa-bate, and collissions, seldom to be separated ious stores swept and garnished are waiting from the invaluable privilege of free discussto receive them. The packet ship Pennsyl-ion, have not been unfrequently mingled with this absence of the gentleman whose amendthe more tranquil tenor of ordinary legisla- ment was pending. This question was demorning. we were reinforced from Irwing-merchants here, would find great difficulty decisions have been approved by the Senate, gia, Knight, Moore, Prentiss, Robbins, ton with thirty-seven of her brave and pat-in-collecting heir demands of their country is some evidence that my efforts justly to ad-Southard. Swift, Tomlinson, Wall, Webriotic citizens who came to our rescue, * having spring in consequence minister their rules have not been in vain; ster. and White—18.

In the pressure of the pressure. We are inclined, however, and I conscientiously cherish the conviction. Nays—Messrs. Benton, Black. Brown, and that the Indians had pursued us to the to believe that such will not be the case. If that on no occasion have I departed from my Cuthhert, Ewing of Illinois, Fulton, Grun-The Jacksonville Republican, will be camp. We left the camp about 9 o'clock the country merchant can collect readily of early resolution or been regardless of what dy, Hendricks, Hubbard, King of Alabama,

turned for the night to Mr. Fagan's. We has been aggravated, by the fact of large I shall remember, with a just pride, the evi renewed the pursuit this morning, but owing amounts of money lying idle in their pock-dences of approbation and confidence, which to the heavy rain no traces could be found of ets? It is known by sad experience in the I have here received; and as an American them, and as many of my companions from city. That all the products of the country, citizen, devotedly attached to the institutions Irwington were compelled to return, I have have commanded an enormous price. Pro- of my country, I must always regard, with again returned to camp; I intend to pursue visions of all kinds have been cagerly sought becoming and sincere respects a branch of hem again to-morrow.

I find the citizens of this country highly amount for them, for the purpose of control-powers, and designed by our torefathers to

Indulging an ardent wish that every suc-I therefore suggest to you the propriety of correct, and we see no. reason to doubt it, and offering my warmest prayers that prostaking some measures to control these re-our merchants will find a new source of re-perity and happiness may be constant attenputed friendly Indians, and keep them with lief, where they have expected further em- dants upon each of you along the future paths

The Senate then proceeded to bullet for President pro tem. There were 37 bailots given, 25 of which were necessary to a

Mr. King of Alabama, received Mr. Southard, Scattering,

Mr. King of Alabama, on taking the Chair, addressed the Senate as follows: GENTLEMEN OF THE SENATE:

To be again called to preside over the deliberations of this august assembly. fills my heart with the liveliast emotions of gratitude. When at the last session, it pleased the Senete to place me in this exalted situa-"WHEREAS, It is of paramount importion, I solemnly pledged myself to discharge ance to have a sound and wholesome curren the duties it devolved on me, without favor cy, equal in every respect to gold and silver; and without partiality. I felt conscious that And whereas, all bills redeemable at partin I had done so; but could any thing add to the the city of New York, come up to this just grateful sense, I entertained of the honor and clevated standard: And whereas, it is you have again conferred on me, it will be believed from the prosperous condition of found in the unequivocal testimony you have Charles, known here as Dr. Charles, was our banks, that they can well afford to give this day born, that I had faithfully redeem-waylaid near the theatre in this city, as he their bills a par value in the city of New ed that pledge. The Senate of the U. States, was pressing from his place of business at York, and thus relieve the business and in-the New Exchange." (where he with oth-dustry of the country from a severe tax, and the great conservative body in this Republic. ers. kept a faro bank and roulette table.) the community at large from the evil conse- Here is the strong citadel of liberty. To destroyers, and if possible put a stop to their knocked down by means of weights secured quences of a redundant and depreciated cur, this body, the intelligent and the virtuous rency: And whereas, this experiment has throughout our wide-spread country look sed in the head, and then rifled of all the been successfully tested at Boston, where the with confidence for an unwavering and unflinching resistance to the encroachments of from \$5000, his watch, fur cap, and a wig land States are redeemed at par. Therefore, power on the one hand, and the effervescence "Resolved, That the bank committee be of popular excitement on the other. Unawinstructed to inquire into the expediency of ed and seduced, it should firmly maintain the equiring the banks of this State to provide Constitution in its purity, an impregnable city of New York, and that said committee instrument, come it from what quarter it report to this House such measures for the may. The demon of faction should find no

attainment of this object as will, in their abiding place in this chamber; but every judgment. least conflict with the convenience heart and every head should be wholly occupreserving unimpaired the national honor. To insure success, gentlemen, in the discharge of our high duties, we must command the confidence and receive the support of the people. Calm deliberation, court we to wards each other, order and decorme to the bate, will go far, very far, to insticonfidence and command that support becomes my duty, gentlemen, to banish, a practicable, from this hall, all personal altercation-to the k at once every remark of a character personally offensive, to preserve order, acd promote harmony. These duties, as far as my powers will consult I shall un-

> durts are. is a nor. For your kinaness, gentler a ore you my grateful as know leaving Mir the total description of the ang

Resolved limit to demonstrate rocate the semiments of percent harmes. of with the office to which my country called expresse. by Martin Fan Buren. Vice in exident of the Control at describe rowards the moun-Entering upon it with unaffected diffidence, bers of this busy type coking leave of them ceit know whow little my studies had been and that the toanks of the Senate be propertdroughboard by the determination, then av. Id guity and ability, with which he has prewhich I was invested, as best sto protect entire approbation of his conduct in the dis-

> IN SENATE. Monday, January 30, 1837. PUBLIC LANDS.

The bill to limit the sales of the public

Mr. King of Georgia moved to postpone the bill until to-morrow, in consequence of

Yeas-Messrs. Bayard, Calhoun, Clay,

hanan's amendment, which was adopted yeas 28, nays 15, as follows:

Yeas-Messrs. Bayard, Brown, Calhoun, Clay, Clayton, Cuthbert, Ewing of Illinois, Hendricks, Hubbard, Kent, Knight, Lyon, Nicholas, Norvell, Prentiss, Rives, Robbins, Cobinson, Sevier, Southard, Strange, Swift, Talmadge, Tomlinson, Walker, Wall, Web-

ster, and White 28.

Nays Messra Benton, Black, Fulton, Grundy, King of Alabama, King of Georgia, Linn, Moore, Morris, Niles, Page, Preston, Ruggles, Tipton, and Wright-15.

Mr. Clay moved further to amond, by striking out the fourth section, which contains the pre-emption principle; and, after a debate, in which the motion was supported by Messrs. Clay, Morris, and Calhoun, and opposed by Messrs. Walker and Sevier.

On motion of Mr. Morris, The Senate adjourned year 23, nays 22

FABRICATION.

We find the following quoted by the Baltimore Republican:

"GENERAL JACKSON AND LOUIS PHILL IPPE .- It is stated that at the audience which Gen. Cass, the American Minister, had of the King, he delivered to his Majesty a private letter from Gen. Jackson, disavowing, in a manner most honorble to himself. all the injurious interpretations given to certain phrases used by him in the celebrated same, which were bought by the witness a Message to the American Congress, and to few days previous, for Randal Irving, one some of his acts. He likewise announced of the prisoners. The witness knew nothhis intended retirement from the Presidency, and from public life altogether, and his determination of paying a visit to France."

The whole of this paragraph is but a sample of the daily manufacture of federal for- stance as follows: "That on Saturday night, gery, which is the business of the press of that party. No such letter was written by the President to Louis Philippe. No private that party is Island, burst open his door, and took away that party. No such letter was written by the President to Louis Philippe. No private the President to Louis Philippe. No private letter of any kind whatever was sent by letter of any kind whatever was sent by sick, as also all his family, and unable to hope and cruelties which for some time. Governor Cass, nor even a message, which sick, as also all his family, and unable to horrors and cruelties which for some time could be tortured into any thing to counte-defend himself. could be tortured into any thing to countenance the statement of the paragraph.

The negroes staid there some time, and
where the editor of the Baltimore Republistated they wanted to procure some articles
the Mississippi, bordering on the Rocky
my, and show a great demonstration among day evening last, very deliberately secred by
the desolated portions of Alabama
sales of trifles are made at almost any price.
The negroes staid there some time, and
and Florida. Many of the tribes west of
The advices from the inferior are very gloorecord. A hungry mare, in the market on Saturthe Mississippi, bordering on the Rocky
my, and show a great demonstration among day evening last, very deliberately secred by

lative body is now depending before the Le-lative body is now depending before the Le-gislative Council of the Territory of Flor-have been caught. He stated that Andrew ida, sitting at Tallahassee. It is entitled a Gue had told him that in the early part of bill, to be entitled an act, to indemnify the the summer two Indians had swam their body is now depending before the Le-have been caught. He stated that Andrew Florida, that he had neglected to put the coun-try in a state of defence long after uncrring and no party is accused.

mulattoes, and others, held in slavery or borhereafter be captured, by the army. Whe hereafter be captured, by the army. Whe others are, held in slavery, does not appear; they may be white prisoners, provided to be sold in the after provisions of this sinto be sold in the after provisions of this singular bill. The first section assumes that this is a Florida war, in which the United in his statements and marke occurrence exposen.

Without some measures of this sort great From the same period cotton dates its Cultivation in our country, and independent of the millions of belos exported it is said that of the millions guiar one. Lie first section assumes that also examined. He was very contradictory this is a Flerida war, in which the United States have no jurisdiction or claim whatever; and that captures in war are to be disposed of by the Governor, in violation of every principle of the law of nations, which do not tolored the name of the law of nations, which do not tolored the name of the law of nations, which do not tolored the name of the law of nations, which do not tolored the name of the law of nations, which do not tolored the name of the law of nations, which do not tolored the name of the law of nations of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the millions of bales expected, it is said that at least \$40,-100,000 is consistent of the proposed of the millions of the proposed of the millions of the proposed of the millions of the proposed of the proposed

The second section provides that the Governor shall authorize said agent to require from the Quartermaster General subsistence for negroes, horses, and cattle. We should like to know whence any authority is derived for agents of a Governor to require subsistence from the public stores?

The third section provides that when the insurrection is suppressed, and the property ment, from brigadier-general Felix Houston of said Indians shall be captured, it shall be and also the two McNeallys and Brown. the duty of the agent to make written report prisoners, lately escaped from Metamoras, it of the property. &c.

report has been received, it shall be the duty again to attack us, and it is confidently hoof the Executive to order a special term, &c. ped that every good citizen of this republic has to order a special term of the United pair to the standard of his country. Immor-ger to the 27th of Dec. and of the Have-

vides that when the claims of individuals confiscation) shall pursue the coward who are adjusted, the Governor shall cause the proves recreant to the call. It is expected property of individual Indians to be sold at that every able bodied man will provide OPENING OF THE SESSION-HIS public auction, and divide the proceeds among himself with a good gun and horse-a suffi-

the people of Florida!!

an immediate annulment, and curb these sov- By order of the President. ereign notions of provincial councillors. Globe.

FROM FLORIDA.

The Tallahassee Floridian of the 28th ult. says-"On yesterday about 1 o'clock in the day, time, three large wagons, loaded with dry goods, flour and salt, were way-laid by six Indians, about eight milesfrom this place taken abouts a mile from the road, the towards the peninsula. There were fifteen

but a witness being produced and sworn. bacco as being precisely similar, if not the ing of any powder bought for the prisoner or that he had any in his possession. After denying for some time the truth of the witness's testimony, he made a statement in sub-

TEXAS.

GENERAL ORDERS.

WAR DEPARTMENT. Columbia, Dec. S1, 1836.

From information received at this depart is beyond a doubt that our blood-thirsty en-The fourth proceeds, that as soon asothe emics are making formidable preparations of the ship Vespasian, that arrived at this What power the Governor of a Territory will be ready at a moment's warning to re-flavored with a file of Galignani's Messen-States District Court, we are at a loss to as- tal glory awaits each man who is prepried Journal up to the 29th of the same month to do his duty, and eternal infamy and dis- We hasten to lay before our readers, the The 5th section caps the climax. It pro- grace (and the consequences of the law of most important items. ciedt stock of ammunition, and ten days The Government have now spent about provisions always on hand, so as to be enafive millions to put down this gurrilla war bled to march at a moment's warning. Cit-preparations. Large bodies of the military fare; and now we have this ridiculous, unaudizens may rest assured that they shall not be were in attendance to guard his Majesty's thorized bill reported, to irritate and to dif-harrassed by false alarms, or called into the progress to the Palais Bourbon. Owing to fuse among this savage and ignorant enemy field until the emergency actually requires the severity of the weather, the crowd was an idea that their negroes are to be taken by it,, and when the call is made, it is required less than that which usually assembles on thisuch an arrogant pretension of power as that and confidently believed that every man will occasion. A few seconds after the royal here assumed—a power beyond what sove-be fully prepared to meet it promptly. Eve-Cortege left the Tuilleries by the gate, look-reigns claim under the law of nations. We ry man who expects to remain a citizen of ing towards the Pont Royal, and whilst the suppose that there cannot be morethan one Texas, when called on, or the enemy ad-crowd on the quay were cheering his base, built of burned brick, and su man in any legislative body that ever was vance, must shew himself a patriot and sol-Majesty, a young man genteely dressed, made tresses at the regular distances.

tions, we hope Congress will stigmatise it by cntitled "An Act Organizing the Militia.

WILLIAM S. FISHER. Secretary of War

From the Cincinnati Evening Post. The following letter from a young gentle publication.

ST. BACA, Dec. 24th, 1836. "Dear N .- I have just time to write you mules taken out, and the contents packed a line by the Express, which leaves for Coupon them in sacks found in the wagon, and lumbia in a few minutes. An express has with three negroes, the drivers, carried off just arrived from col. Segin of the cavalry, now in the West, bringing intelligence that mules taken. This information is derived the Mexicans are in our country with a large from one of the negro drivers, who escaped force under Bustamente. The number is account of the coolness of the day, every and in support of his position, adverts to the face of the negro drivers was at the head not known, but presumed to be fifteen or holy was enveloped in trippets these over that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the Tigertail it is supposed was at the head not known, but presumed to be fifteen or body was enveloded in trippets, boas, over-twenty thousand. It is said that Bravo has coats &c. Nothing could exceed the splenton and body was enveloded in trippets, boas, over-twenty thousand. It is said that Bravo has coats &c. Nothing could exceed the splenton to arms. The Indians were painted, and intention to execute Santa Anna on his re-dor of the scene. The Deputies had taken thinks them superior in durability tostone, if proposed was at the head mot known, but presumed to be fifteen or body was enveloded in trippets, boas, over-twenty that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that Bravo has coats &c. Nothing could exceed the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that Bravo has coats &c. Nothing could exceed the splenting the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that Bravo has been supported to the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that Bravo has been supported to the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty thousand. It is said that Bravo has been supported to the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty the splenting that the bricks of Nineveh and Babylon, in the twenty the to arms. The Indians were painted, and had several rifles.—Charleston Mercury.

St. Augustine. Jan. 28.

Two free colored persons charged with having furnished ammunition, &c., to the hostile Indians and negroes, were brought hostile Indians and negroes, were brought up before the Mayor on Monday last, for examination. They both denied the charge, we are to take up the line of march in a day by affected.

What's coming next?—The Academy and the attempt on his own life, he was great sheets of copper, and to have a steam apparatused by affected.

What's coming next?—The Academy Sciences at Paris proposes to make balloons sheets of copper, and to have a steam apparatused by affected. identified the cloth, needles, thread and to- or two, in the direction of the Colorado. Our force consists of about one thousand men. An immediate call will be made on the citizens of the country, which, will swell it to four or five thousand, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 24. The accounts from Arkansas afford pretty conclusive grounds for believing that a savage warfare is shortly to be commenced on

It has been alleged against the former Secpeople of Florida for losses sustained during the insurrection of the Seminole Indians.

The bill provides that the Governor be authorized to appoint an agent to repair to the head quarters of the army, and to demand from the Commander-in-Chief all negroes, mulattoes, and others, held in slavery or honby the Honorable Secretary, to save our

FOREIGN.

Office of the True American.) New Orleans, Feb 15, 1847 VERY LATE FROM EUROPE. OPENING OF THE LEGISLATIVE CHAM

BERS-ATTEEPT ON THE KING'S LIFE. Through the politeness of Capt Winsor. port yesterday morning from Havre, whence she sailed on the 1st January, we have been

Paris, Tuesday, half past 2 P. M. 7 December, 27.

MAJESTY'S SPEECH. The day fixed for opening the Legislativ Chambers was accompanied with the usual

and the Dukes of Orleans and Nemours. His Majesty was enabled to see his full per and Manchester Railway is one mile and one-thin son, and pointed him out to the National of \$850,000. The height of the arch is present the property of the arch is present the property of the arch is present the pr Guard. He was immediately arrested, and the span 25 feet, A train occupies six minute conveyed to the guard house chateau. The passing through, dukes were slightly wounded in the face by Rockers - The N. York Era states that a name the pieces of glass into which, the ball di-officer, well known in the political and scientification. man who is now in Texas, to his brother in rected at his Majesty, shivered the window world, has invented a new compound rocket, which this city, has been politely handed to us for of the carriage. The King exhibited great and feet. The inventor says that coolness and courage. The procession conthese terrific missiles, the smallest vessel may different to the chambers with no other troy the largest ship of war. er event to interupt its progress. Her Durability in Bricks.—An impression Majesty's carriage, in which were the Queen, ists in reference to the want of durability in bricks. Madame Adelaide and the princesses, was as a building material, of the correctness of relief before the King's

From the Havre Journal.

THURSDAY, 29th, Der. Corrox.-Sales: 50 bales of Louisiane 47f. 24 do 141; 12 do 123f. 50c; 15 do 122f. 50c: 22 do 120.; 81 do 120f.; 31 do 110f., 28 do new 145.; 85 do Georgia, S. C. 127f. 83 do Mobile 125f.; 4 do Cayenne 140f.

> Office New-Orleans Bullettin, \ February 15th 1837.

EXTRACT of a letter received by Mr. Kit dated. Havre 29th Dec. 1836. may be given, but they merely nominal, as where the editor of the Baltimore Republican picked it up, does not appear; but it them, and shortly after they left.—On being that we doubt not he will point to its origin in some Federal paper.—Globe.

THE SEMINOLE WAR.

Stated they wanted to procure some articles the Mississippi, bordering on the Rocky Mountains, are represented by travellers as among the most warlike of the aboriginal tribes. They are brave, cunning and cruel and are possessed of greater skill in fighting and in the use of weapons than most of the nations formerly inhabiting the country on this side of the Mississippi.

THE SEMINOLE WAR.

The paragraph stated they wanted to procure some articles the Mississippi, bordering on the Rocky Mountains, are represented by travellers as among the most warlike of the aboriginal tribes. They are brave, cunning and cruel and are possessed of greater skill in fighting and in the use of weapons than most of the nations formerly inhabiting the country and this side of the Mississippi. cle is in as bad a situation as possible, and importers lose enormously.

The recent attempt to assassinate the King has had no effect on commercial affairs-by measurement.

Owing to the easterly winds which have no arrivals since the 23d.

Summary.

corned in this matter, to hear without emo ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvement ternal improvements which during the same peri-cases in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvement ternal improvements which during the same peri-case in pathology is mentioned in a late German ternal improvement ternal improvem tion of any hostile designs among the Indi- od have been effected throughout the Union, ex- journal.

most precaution and vigilance be exercised quired how the crop of potatoes raised by Mr. P. Shelburn, noticed last week, were managed, to our countrymen from the dreadful calamities med they were planted in the usual mode, but which have befallen other regions. covering them in. They were then covered with a quantity of tops, corn stalks, &c., and so they remained until ready for digging.

Western Weekly Review.

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EXPERIMENTS.—There is no way of making subject. The deficiency will be considered making but by experiments. If hie., probably frm 6 to 10,000 barrels. the farmer is informed of, or has conceived a different and better method of culture or manage-ment in any branch of his farming, he is to test nimself on having perfermed an act which is self .- Farmer's Assist.

CONSUMPTION OF SHIVER. The consumption of silver in this country, manufactured into silver and plated ware, &c. is estiat least half a ton every week.

PRIDE. - People would never effect a haughty arriage, if they were sensible that it is a certain ndication of a little soul and a low education, Mean people in power, are are always insolent and expect to be treated with unusual respect and lefence; this is the most unlucky course they could take, as it generally produces inquiry into their presension to respect, which are found to be as false as their behavior is odious.

ANCIENT CITY.-The Chicago American announces the discovery of an ancient city, on the Crawfish, a branch of the Rock river, in Wisconsin Territory, the wall of which is, in its present state, five feet high and twelve feet thick at the base, built of burned brick, and supported by butman in any legislative body that ever was value, must shew himself a patriot and sor plajesty, a young man generity dressed, made the tresses at the regular distances. The wall above assembled, even in a Territory, who could dier. The chief justices of the different AN ATTEMPT ON THE KING'S LIFE. think of such a pretension. We image counties are required to take immediate by firing a pistol, the ball of which fortundaments about fifty of a similar size. It is in turn enclosed should, however, contrary to these expectative jurisdictions, according to an activation which were the king ful.—U, S. Tel.

TUNNEL. The new tunnel of the Liverpor of \$850,000. The height of the arch is 21

At an early hour, preparations had been doubt, provided they be properly made. Black wood, in an article on British architecture, advances the opinion, that so tar from being the

WHAT'S COMING NEXT?-The Academy of sheets of copper, and to have a steam apparatus attached below, to direct their motion.

SINGULAR DEATH .-- An inquest was held on the of his death not being even conjectured. complained of being very unwell, and died before medical assistance could be procured. On the fost mortem examination, a stocking needle, three inches and a half in length, was discovered sticking in the heart. The medical gentlemen who hadexamined the body state their belief, that the needle had been in the heart some days, and that it had been introduced through the ribs, but whether accideutally, or designedly, they could not say. The jury consequently returned a verdict, "That the deceased died from the effects of a needle stuck in to the heart, but by what means, there was no evidence to show."—Globe.

TAKING THE VEIL .- We have recorded several instances of beautiful young creatures, tired of day evening last, very deliberately seized hold of the veil of a lady standing hard by, and without even saying, - 'by your leave, madam,' up in a jiffy, this we call taking the veil without "benefit of clergy."—Balt. Times.

tern paper gives some instances of the fertility of A settler in the autumn of 1834, spent ten days in clearing the underbrush from 20 acres of oak opening, and twenty days in ploughing and harrowing in 20 bushels of wheat.—The next summer he harvested 600 bushels from the field

SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.—On the 3d inst. Owing to the easterly winds which have Samuel Springstead, a lad of 14, whilst passing prevailed without interruption, we have had through the woods in Sheffield, Lorane co. Ohio, was killed immediately by the falling of a dead limb upon him. On the 7th. Mr. John Strong, in the same neighborhood, was killed by the same cause. He had been to the funeral of young Spring-

> for 50,000 copies of the Hymn Book published in the language, which seventeen years ago had not an alphabet!

for the law of nations, which do not tolerate the appropriation of individuals an property captured flagrante bello. If such an ergone have the operation of the law of not tolerate the appropriation of individuals are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Major Foster, informing that 11 Indians and so not return to the Governor to send down to return to the Governor to send down to return to the Governor to send down to return to the Governor to send down the negroes before they dispose of them. We, however, take it for granted that the Governor would never saction such a ridicultural saw.

In the detention in custody, for the years, had been affected throughout the Union, explicit and so for any hostile designs among the Indianal and possible designs among the Indianal and so for the western frontiers of both states are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Major Foster, informing that 11 Indians and sengred settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparcely settled by families exclusively. Independent of turnpikes and M'Adamized are sparce was a total want of blood throughout the whole body. This was attributed to an affection of the

> Rice .- We intimated some time back (says the Georgetown Intelligencer, of the Sist ult.) a belief that the crop of Rice in this part of the State would fall short, we feel authorized now to speak positively on the subject. The deficiency will be considera-

How different the times are now .- A young English ladady, visiting the family of Genthe goodness of that method by experiments and eral Putnam, in 1775 thus wrote: My f these prove successful, he may congratulate amusements are few. The good Mrs. Putnaments are few. serviceable to his country and honorable to him- nam employs me and her daughters constantly to spin Bax for the American soldiersindolence in America being totally discouraged."

The entire amount received at the Methnated, by the editor of the New York Star, to be odist Book Room in New York, to make up the loss sustained by the great fire, up to November 13, is £49,450 09.

> The Military Court at Frederick, Md. on the 22d inst. exonerated Gen. Scott from all censure, and decided that "the failure of he campaign is attributable to causes over which he had not control."

A late English paper says .- "We think the time nearly come when the people of Canada, will declare themselves a separate and independent state."

Seamen .- It is said that there are 207,640 seamen and boys in the commercial marine of Great Britain. This results from the government requiring each ship to take a certain number of apprentices.

New States. Two more New States are talked of for admission into the Union, viz:

They are comprised Lisconsin and Iowa. thin the territory of Wisconsin, and contogether 50,000 miles. The lowa counlies west of the Mississippi, is 850 miles length, including the head of the Missisnber of States twenty-eight.

Immense height of the Rocky Mountains. ofessor Renwick, of Columbia College, is city, in a letter published in Mr. Ir-Asia, the highest range in the world.

A woman not far from Bangor, being cursuggering home; when, after abusing his before they reached the mouth of it Powell with wife for some time, he retired to bed. When five warriors, (all he had with him at the time, heawoke in the morning, his wife was among made their escape, leaving their guns, amnunition, and what little provisions they had behind hors thought, drowned herself. About five them. The next day, report says that Powell years after this sad affair had taken place, came and gave himself up, and that active prepared the gentleman (who had in the mean time re- rations were making to remove the Seminoles imstate of Illinois. One afternoon, having been containing the substance of this report, but should taken by a storm, he sought shelter in there be no mistake about it, we expect to see it door, judge of his surprise to find the whole before our readers. mons answered by his own wife .- Ban-Morn. Post.

Noble Rebuke.—A nobleman, prepar for a masquerade, asked his servant at Character be should appear in. Apar, said the servant as a sober man, for at will be quite new to you.

et the truth is, I should have been a French fail to take measures to be represented in the praand that was the memory of the time when to mention, but which will be obvious to any reather which art in heaven?"

From the Mississififi Christian Herald. ANECDOTES OF THE TEXIAN SERVICE.

NROM THE JOURNAL OF AN OFFICERS To-day we had a curious specimen of Texn artillery. One of the gunners made his ppearance with a small four pounder mound upon a mule. It was lashed to a ponderixious to show his skill. loaded his piece. d gave us a fire, without dismounting the ece from the mule. The concussion of the ece sent the mule forward about twenty

cod eveidence of its truth. Never propastate of unprecedented prosperity. ate it even if you know it to be true. Nevlisten to an infamous story from a man thought is a known enemy to the person defamous part the enemies of Gen. Jackson, who are for the most part the enemies of his successor, have already commenced the same kind of warfare mout his neighbors. Never utter an evil upon him, and begin to shed their crockewhich you know of another, while you are dile tears over what they pretend to believe are under the operation of envy and malevolence; evils threatening the country; and some of them ting his fault in too strong language.

~9355050r rogress of improvement. - The silk hand-Establishment. Island of Nantucket [!] are whatever they really be as they have heretoford hearts of his countrymen the greatful remember of great beauty recombling the resembling the re of great beauty resembling the pongee. They are elegantly printed in fast colors, by James Halliday, of Lynn, and cheaper and etter than the foreign articles. Scarfs, a- Cincinnati Rail Road met Knoxville on the he Boston Mercantile.

THE REPUBLICAN

JACKSONVILLE, ALA: MARCH 4, 1837.

It was stated in this place a day or two since by the following: That Jim Boy, who headed a parng's Astoria, gives it as his belief, founded ty of friendly Creeks, suddenly came upon and debaromtric, and trigonometric experiments feated a large party of Seminoles under the comof Mr. Thompson, a surveyor of the N. W. mand of Micanopy and Jumper, two Seminole Company, that one of the peaks of the chiefs; that Micanopy and Jumper either surrenky Mountains has an altitude of 25,000 dered or were taken prisoners, and pledged their which is nearly equal to the Hymalaya families as prisoners, until they would bring in which is nearly equal to the Hymalaya families as prisoners, until they would bring in Powell, which they said they could do in a day or two. In the mean time, however, a negro woman and tormented by a drunken husband, who had been taken prisoner, proposed to Generd him, at last, that if he ever again came al Jessup to discover to him a cave which was Powmed drunk, she would throw herself into the ell's hiding place. A party under Gen: Jessup The next Saturday evening he came accordingly set out, for the cave, but a few minutes ed) was appointed to a land agency in the mediately. We have as yet received no paper house by the way side. On knocking at confirmed in a short time, when we will lay the

We have observed in a late number of the Montgomery Advertiser, a suggestion for each of the counties in this State to send one or more delegates to some central point in the State, in or der to hold an internal improvement convention sometime during the present Spring. The object is to lay the views of the convention on the subject JOHN RANDOLPH'S MOTHER.—The late of Rail Roads and Banks before the people previin Randolph, some years since addressed ous to the next August election. The precise mself to an intimate friend in terms, some time and place of holding the Convention Las not ing like the following:—"I used to be call-yet been decided upon, but so soon as it is, our read-a Frenchman because I took the French ers shall be made acquainted with the fact; and de in politics; and though this was unjust we do hope the people of Benton County will not heist, if it had not been for one recollection. posed Convention. For reasons not necessary here y departed mother used to take my little flecting mind, it is evident that there is no county ands into her's and cause me to say, Our in the State more interested in internal improvements than Benton, according to her wealth and population.

It will be recollected by those conversant with the subject, that the first decisive impulse given to the great Charleston & Cincinnati Rail Road, was by the Convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on the 4th of July, 1836; and the convention now proposed of delegates from the several counties of the same State, would doubtless possess more uis pack saddle, and the mule appeared to nanimity of interest, and consequently more haralk under his load with ease. The gunner. mony than one composed of delegates from different States.

This day, March 4th, 1837, closes the second term of General Jackson's administration as Pres- Pub. Adv. et, and at last-brought him to the ground lident of the United States, and brings him in point He however got up without much difficulty, of official station, upon a level with the humblest nd the gunner was in extacy at the success citizen in the government. It must be a source of if his experiment: he said that his mule gratification and pleasing reflection to his friends, would stand twenty such fires, which was both public officers and private individuals, who have stood by him and been his uniform friends, that can ever cross the Rio Grande.

MAGNANIMITY.—Cæsar has had the testion of ages to his bravery, and yet he was a challenge from Anthony. He veraged all has administration has been brought to so happy, peaceful, and glorious a close. It will be remembered, that upon his election, his energiated intelligence that we receive from Washington, brings us information of some mew attempt on the part of Mr. Adams, the great representative of the abolitionists, to drive concress by his repeated importunities into the adoption of ages to his bravery, and yet he washington, brings us information of some mew attempt on the part of Mr. Adams, the great representative of the abolitionists, to drive concress by his repeated importunities into the adoption of some measure or the expression of some point of some measure or the expression of some point of some measure or the expression of some point of some measure or the expression of some point of some measure or the expression of some point of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the part of the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some present the proposition of some measure or the expression of some rycalmly answered the bearer of the message, "If Anthony is weary of his life, tell him there are other ways to death, besides could enter the imagination of man, would fall uptached by even be-How well would it be, if there were more instances of the like independence of mind.

BAR YOUR DOORS.—A very shabby dression of the country, decided by the country, decided by the peace of families, and causing the peace of families, and causing the peace of families. In some families he has the country of the country o the wife and children of their bread. and these prayers unanswered. And upon the contrary all the real calamities which threatened contrary all the real calamities which threatened Good Advice—let all take it.—Never be
reve an ill report of your neighbor without ism of his administration, and the Union left in a the country at the time of his election have been

at if you feel that your duty requires you even go so far as to manifest a disposition to sink mention it, wait till your spirits are cooled the vessel in order to drown the pilot. Did we wn, that you may not do him injustice, by think that they themselves believed half their career after having occupied the highest stations own sayings they would claim a large portion of of honer it was in the power of his fellow-citizens our sympathies; but as it is, all the harm we wish to bestow upon him, think and act as a veterian them is, that they may be as much disappointed in their fears, their hopes, their expectations, or whatever they really be as they have heretofres of the country he had so long and ably served and to preserve unchanged in the kerchiefs manufactured at the Atlantic Silk in their fears, their hopes, their expectations, or

The Stockholders of the Charleston and rons. with printed borders, &c. of peculiar 9th inst.—4000,000 of Stock were represende gives an exquisite satin lustre to the goods. takes place at Flat Rock, Buncombe county, and it is unimpaired by washing. So says N. C., on the third Monday in October.

Welumpka Sentinel.

18th inst. Simcon C. Parks, formerly assis must feel that he is doing injustice to himself and ength, including the head of the missis.

It was stated in this place a day or two since by tant postmaster at Sherman, Chatauque of all his former acts cannot hide, by lending his former acts cannot hide, by lending his former acts cannot hide by lending his postmaster. report, as far as we could learn was something like a letter, and stealing therefrom a certificate of deposite to the value of \$85.

Within the last twenty months nine other persons, charged with robbing the mail, have een convicted and sentenced, viz:

W. Dutcher, formerly postmaster, Milord. Pa.

R. Hawkins, Richmond, Va.

R. Wickerham, Licking Spring, Ohio. S. Smith, Columbus, Ohio.

Noah Murray & George Pratt, Augusta, Vincent Hoffman and Richard Burdick

Richmond, Va. William Walters, Eric, Pa .-- Globe.

The Daily Express, received this morning nforms us that Black Hawk has not yet cone (to visit the shades of his fathers,' tho his ineral dirge has been sung from one end of the nation to the other.

The population of Paris is \$99,000 .- Inrease in five years 113,000.

A statement of the number of vessels of war employed in the Mediterranean Sea, by

			powers, in	
Line	Ships.	Frigate	s. Smaller Ve	ssels. Tot
England,	6	ő	.12	2.
France.	5	.6	. 10	Ω .
Russia,	6	8	7	2
Austria,	O	ໍ 2	4	
Egypt,	6	5	12	Ω.
Turkey,	3	5.	2.8	\$
Sardinia,	0.2	3	. 6	
U. States,	O :	2	é	4
Two ne	w frig	ates, f	o carry 96	long 32

re building at the Chatham dock yard. English paper.

Coffee. - The annual table of exports rom the ports of Havanna and Matanzas xhibit the curious fact, that in the last three cars the quantity of coffee shipped to the United States exceeded the whole quantity shipped to Europe by 4,666,000 pounds. The export to the United States during these hree years was 40,900,000 lbs.

35,824,000 lbs.

To all Europe,

We legislate too much concerning the cur ency; talk too much about banks, and rely oo much on them. They are, to a certain extent, necessary to commerce and manu actures, and useful only to that extent. There exists, however, an overweening desire to make money without laboring for it. give birth to the mania for speculation, and kept up the cry for "more banks."-Lon.

MR. ADAMS & ABOLITIONISM. Each new slip of intelligence that we receive preceive, than an uncontrollable passion for dangerous excitements, or a reckless disregard of hose harmonious principles of action so necessary to the stability of our government.

We are grieved to see a man of Mr. Adams' talnts, one whom nature has fitted to shine in any sphere, stooping so far beneath that lofty and digified course of conduct which is consistent with his character and eminent position before the community. Experienced as he is in the affairs of the nation, and associated as his name has been with the prosperity and glory of our country almost from its earliest existance, It was to be expected ance of his past life.-Yet what has been his course since he came into Congress after retiring from the Presidential chair? Forsaking the conpanionship of that splendid galaxy of statesmer who had labored to give renown to his admintraneness, finish and elegance, are also manuctured at the same establishment. The inphious Mr. Gay, whose machinery is well
as the route, leaving the remainder to be dedown, has also supplied a desideratum for termined by future survey.—Chief Engineer.

Williams

The phase product of the French Broad river goaded on by a supplied on the champion of a vile fanatical faction and to risk
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the champion of a vile fanatical faction and to risk
the champion of a vile fanatical faction and to risk
the champion of a vile fanatical faction and the champion of a vile ion, and cutting himself loose from all the ties as the route, leaving the remainder to be determined by future survey.—Chief Engineer.
The silks, which it was thought, would be a serious objection to the introduction of this manufacture into our country.

How, Robert Y. Hayle unanimously chosen the discreption of the Board the gives an exquisite eatin lustre to the goods.

The next meeting of the Board the discreption of the goods. They lay the flatter-line gives an exquisite eatin lustre to the goods. They have the great the gives an exquisite eatin lustre to the goods. ing unction to his soul no doubt that he is the mightiest of the mighty, and that the lovers of philandrophy throughout the world will view with adults throughout the world will view with adults and the soul of the mighty and that the lovers of philandrophy throughout the world will view with adults. miration his untiring efforts in the cause of aboli-

MAIL DEPREDATOR CONVICTED tion, and this may be to him inducement enough to AND PUNISHED.

At a stated session of the United States
District Court, held at Albany, N. Y. on the wise and the good throughout the world look with abhorrence and detestation.

Administrator's Salc.

TILL be sold to the highest bidder on Wednesday the fifth day of April next, at the house of John V. Ingraham, deceased, the proprty of the deceased, consisting of

A Remnant of Goods, Household Durniture, Bacon, Corn, Cattle, Hogs, &c.

TERMS OF SALE: All sums under five dolis, cash in hand; all sums over, on a credit of six months, the purchaser to give bond with approved security.

JOSEPH BROWN, Administrator

March 4th, 1337-5t.

Norlob. THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE Jacksonville Male Academy

Has commenced, and is now open for the recepupcrintendence of Joseph Wilson, March 4th, 1837.

STATE OF ALABUMA, ? CHEROKEE COUNTY. TANKEN UP by Micajah Webb and hip with the letters H D appraised to twen-ty-seven dollars, 15th August, 1836. March 4, 1837.—St.¶

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ? CHEROKEE COUNTY. STAKEN UP by Abijah Davis, a 1 -a Chesnut sorrel Horse, sup-

o seventy dollars 31st January, 1837.

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK. Marnh 4, 1837 .- 3t. T

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CHEROKEE COUNTY,

lump on his back, supposed to be nine years old, appraised to ninety dollars.

ALSO-A dark Bay Horse, a star in his forchead, left eye out, supposed to be eight years old, appraised to fifty dollars, January 28th, 1837.

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

March 4, 1837 .- St. 9

BATTALION ORDERS.

THE officers and privates of the battalion of Cavalry (Benton Rangers) will attend at Al-This is the great error of the age, which has exandria on the first Saturday id May next by 10 o'clock, armed and equiped as the law directs. Also, on the third Saturday in the town of Jacksonville. The public arms can be procured by each private by the first of April, by applying to their respective Captains, to whom they will be delivered. Cefaulters at our last muster will be notified by the proper authority to attend on the first Saturday in May at Alexandria, to show cause if any, why they did not attend said muster. By order of

WM. ARNOLD, LIEUT. Col. ostan Houston, Adjutant Comd't Benton Rang.

BOTANIC DOCTOR.



services to the people of Jacksonrille and Ben icine on the

EOTABLE SETEM.

pride seeks a stronger rebuff, and appealing to the advantages, as well as that of practising more of house from the decision of the chair, is only silented by a refusal to hear his appeal. Time after in addition to his general success in the treatment time is this process adopted, without any hope of of various diseases, he feels confident he can give success, and with no other motive that we can general satisfaction to all who may be disposed o make a trial of vegetable medicines; minerals will be used;) being well satisfied that all forms of disease that can be cured by any system of medicine may be cured by this, and many have been cured by this that have been pronounced incurable by the mineral practice, and without any of the evils that often follow the use of Caloinel. He would therefore recommend to all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, Asthma, Consumption, Rheumatism, Erysipelas and all cronic diseases or breast complaints, as well as all other forms of disease, to make an early application, as they will find it greatly to their advantage. Relief is generally given and perfect cures have been performed, when little expectaion of a recovery remained.

He has now on hand a good assortment of Medcines, and has sent on to the North for a general supply of genuine medicines, he will be able to attend promptly to any call, without laboring under the difficulty that many do, (the want of

rofier medicines..)
His residence is in the south-western part of the own of Jacksonville, where he may always be ound unless necessarily absent. Many certificates night be produced from the most respectable part of the community to show the efficacy of he medicine, and his general success in using the same, but they are deemed unnecessary.

Feb. 11, 1857.—n4 tf.

MOTICE.

hereby forwarn all persons from trading for a certain Note of hand, drawn in favor of Mark L certain Note of hand, drawn in favor of Mark are requested to present them properly au-Pitts, against James B. Russel, for fifty dollars, thenticated for payment, within the time lim-As the consideration for which said Note was giv-ited by law, or the same will be barred. enthas never been complied with, I am determin-

Feb. 11, 1837.--3t¶

To Cotton Growers

AND OUR FRIENDS IN THE COUTRY. THE undersigned having purchased an interest in Messrs Clark and Peters extensive Ware House in this place, offer our services as Receiving & forcourding Agents for our country friends, and solicit a share ountry friends, and solicit a share of pat-They will also ship Cotton for the up ery, that the report was current there, and gener County, N. Y. was sentenced to ten years former acts cannot hide, by lending his name and ronage. They will also ship Cotton for the up ally believed, that the Seminole war had been imprisonment, at hard labor, in the Auburn his influence to a cause from which no good, but a country Cotton planters, at the shortest motice, any peneveu, that the Security Cotton planters, at the sportest notice, brought to a close. The substance of the verbal penitentiary, for embezzling and destroying great deal of evil may result, and appen which the to any of the Northern States and with the least expense, and hope by a strict, adjectise to their orders and insterest, to gain a share of public con-

NICHOLS, POOR & HALL. Jan. 28, 1837. Jan. 28, 1837. n6 4t. grve the above four inscrtions, and forward their accounts.

To Printers & Publishers.

HE Subscribers have just connected their new Specimen Book of light faced Book and Job Printing Types, Flowers and Ornaments, the contents of which are herewith partially given.
Diamend; Pearl, No. 1 and 2; Agate, Nos. 1 2 & 3: Agate on Nonpariel body; Nonpariel, Nos. 1 2 3 & 4; Minion on Byevier body; Brevier on Minion body, Nos. 1 2 3 &c t; Brevier on Bourgeois body; Brevier on Long Primer body; Bourgeois on Brevier body; Bourcois Nos. 1 2 3 & 4; Bourgeois on Long Primer body; Long Pimer Nos. 123 & 4; Long Primer on Small Pica body; Small Pica, No. 1 & 2; Pica on Small Pica Body; Pica Nos. 12 & 3; Pica on English body; English No. 1 & 2; Great Primer; Paragon; Double English; Double Paragon; Cannon; Five lines Pica to twenty, 5, 7, 9 & 10 lines Pica ornamental; 6, 7, 9, 12 & 15 lines Pica shaded; 8, 10, 12 & 16 lines Antique shaded.

Also a large and heaptiful collection of Bourger.

Also a large and beautiful collection of flowers from Pearl to seven line Pica, many of which are iot to be found in any other specimen; a new assortment of ornamental dashes; a variety of card borders; near two hundred thousand metal ornaa Brown Mare, supposed to be ments; brass rule; leads of various thickness; Assix years old, four feet nine inches six years old, four feet nine inches tronomical, Mathematical, and physical signs; high, branded on the right shoulder metal braces and dashes three to thirty ems long Diamond and Nonpariel music of various kinds: Great Primer and double Pica scripts on inclined oody; Antiques; light and heavy two line letters. full face roman and italics; Nonpariel, Minion, Brevier, Long Primer, Small Pica; Minion, Brevier, Long Primer, Pica and other blacks, Nonpariel, Minion, and Brevier Greek, Hebrew and Saxon.

A large variety of ornaments, calculated particularly for the Spanish and South American marposed to be Ten years old, fifteen kets; Spanish, French and Portuguese accents hands and a half high, appraised furnished to order; together with every other article made use of in the Printing business, all of which can be furnished at short notice, of as good quality and on as reasonable terms as at any other

CONNER & COOKE, Corner of Nassau and Ann Sts., N. Y. Troprietors of newspapers printed in any CHEROKEE COUNTY.

TAKEN UP by James Owen, a part of the United States, or the Canadas, who will copy the above advertisement—times, and forward a copy containing the same, will be entitled to their pay in any Type cast at our Foundry, provided they take twice their amount of bill in

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having on the 25th day of October, 1836, before the Judge of the Couny Court, for the county of Benton, Ala. qualified as Executor of James Ray decased—hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said decedent to present theirs properly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, otherwise they will be bared. Those indebted to said estate will please make payment to me.

JOHN M. CROOK.

December 3d, 1836.—n80—6t.

Notice. 2

ALL persons indebted to us, by Note or open Account, are hereby requested to come forvard and make payment, by the first of February next.—We have indulged our customers for a long time and we can do it no longer—money we want, and money we must have; and unless the notes and accounts that are due us are paid, or satisfactorily arranged, before the 1st February, JOHN CRUTCHFIELD, offers his they will, without exception, be placed in a train for collection.

PARKMAN & STRINGFELLO December 12, 1836. t. 1 j.

Of every description neatly executed, & kept constantly on hand for sale at this Office.

Officers in the adjoining counties can be furnished with such blanks as they use, upon the shortest notice, & on reasonable terms.

Post-Office, Jacksonville, Ala.

ARRIVALS AND DEFARTURES OF THE MAILS.

Tulladega Mail, due every Sunday at 5 P. M. Pattalega Patt, due every Sunday at 8 P. M.
Departs every Monday at 8 A. M.
Van's Valley Mail, due every Saturday at 3 P.M.
Departs every Thursday at 8 A.M.
Bellefonte Mail, due every Monday at 6 P. M.
Departs every Friday at 4 A. M.
Closes every Thursday at 9 P. M.
Bewestenille, Meil dwell from the control of the contr

Bennettsville Mail, duc-Departs-Randolph C. H. Mail, due-

Departs—Calhoun Mail, due every Wednesday at 6 P. M.
Departs every Saturday at 6 A. M All the mails except the Bellefonte mail close half an hour before the contract time of departure.

JNO. D. HOKE, P. M.

The POST OFFICE is removed to the Store House formerly Messrs, Green Lawson's now HOKE & ABERNATHY. Jan. 30, 1837.

Administrator's Notice.

A LL persons are hereby notified, that Letters of Administration upon the estate of John V. Ingraham, deceased, were duly granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of February, 1837. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward, and make payment. Those having claims against the estate

JOSEPH BROWN. Administrator of the estate of John V. Ingraham, dec'd.

Feb. 15th, 1837-6t.

POBTBT.

The following is a translation from an ancient Spahish Poem, which, say the Edingburgh Review. is surpassed by nothing which we are acquainted with in the Spanish language, except the ode of Luis de Lean.

O! let the soul its slumbers break, Arouse its senses and awake, To see how soon Life, with its giories, glides away, And the stern footsteps of decay Come stealing on.

How pleasure like the passing wind, Blows by and leaves us naught behind, But grief at last; How still our present happiness Seems, to the way ward fancy, less Than what is past.

And while we eye the rolling tide, Down which our flying minutes glide Always so fast: Let us the present hour employ, And deem each future dream of joy, Already past.

Let no vain hope deceive the mind-No happier let us hope to find To-morrow than to-day. Our golden dreams of yore were bright, Like them the present shall delight— Like them decay.

Our lives like hasting streams must be, That into one engulphing sea Are doomed to fall-The sea of death, whose waves roll on, O'er king and kingdom, crown and throne, And swollow all.

Alike the river's lordly tide, Alike the humble riv'lets glide To that sad wave: Death levels poverty and pride. And rich and poor sleep side by side Within the grave.

Our birth is but a startling place; Life is like running of the race, And death the goal: There all those glittring toys are brought The path alone, of all unsought, Is found of all.

Say, then, how poor and little woth Are all those glittring toys of earth, That lure us here! Dreams of a sleep that death must break, Alas! before it bids us wake, Ye disappear!

Long ere the damps of earth can blight, The cheek's pure glow of red and white Hath pased away; Youth smiled, and all was heavenly fair: Age came, and laid his finger there, And where are they?

Where is the strength that mocked decay, The step that rolled so light and gay, The heart's blithe tone? The strength is gone, the step is slow, And joy grows weariness and wo, When age comes on.

Miscellaneous.

From the Richmond Compiler.

LETTER OF JOHN RANDOLPH. ters more amusing than this have probably ever been written:

ROANOKE, Saturday, Dec. 17, 1831, }
Half past 12.

On taking out my chariot this morning, for the first time since I got home from your house, to clean it and the harness—(for this dreadful spell of weather has frozen us all up until to-day,)—the knife was found in the bottom of the carriage, where it must have dropped from a shallow waistcoat pock-DEAR Msearched strictly into my portmanteau and bag, ta-king out every article therein, that I became per-fectly convinced, of what I was before fully per-suaded, that I had left my knife in my chamber at your house, on Tuesday the 6th: and when I heard it had not been seen, I took it for granted that your little yellow boy, having "found it," had, according to the negro code of morality, appropriated it to himself. In this, it seems, I was mistaken, and I ask his pardon, as the best amends that I can make him: and at the same time, to revenge the death of their companion, way robberies were of frequent occurrence, that he would never allow himself to be robbed by a single would never allow himself to be robbed by a single highwayman alone. One night his carriage was stop-ped by a robber, who thrust his postol through the window and demanded his lordship's money, saying that his Lordship would now have it taken by a single highwayman." Lord Berkley affecting to put his hand into his pocket for money, calmly replied, "You should not have my money now but for that fellow behind." The robber turned his head and was make him: and at the same time, to relieve you & bout six miles up a small river that empticditself instantly shot by Lord Berkley.

leaving the established church of Falsehood and They had not gone much further when frightful And thy soft hand, anid the maze of ill, Grimace. I am well aware that ladies are as delicate as they are charming creatures, and that, in river, and several hundred Indians appeared on eil Thy warm and generous faith, thy patience our intercourse with them, we must strain the truth ther bank. Signs were made to the unfortunate. That plants a smile where pain despoils the cheek, as far aspossible. Brought up from their earliest intrapper to come on shore. They were obliged to These shall remain, when sorrow's self is dead, as far aspossible. Brought up from their earliest infancy to disguise their real sentiments, (for a woman would be a monster who did not practise this disguise,) it is their privilege to be insincere—and we should despise them, and justly, too, if they had that manly frankness and unreserve which constitute the ornament of our character, as the very reverse does of theirs. We must, therefore, keep this in view in all our intercourse with them, and recollect that as our point of honor is courage and submit, as his only chance for life; but the othand frankness, theirs is chastity and dissimulation; ler knew there was no prospect of mercy, and deand frankness, theirs is chastity and dissimulation; er knew there was no prospect of mercy, and defor, as I said before, a woman who does not distermined to die game. Levelling his rifle, he semble her real feelings, is a monster of impushor. Now, therefore, it does not happen, as Mr. Canning would say, that truth is very offensive to the ears of a lady, when to those of a gentleman, (her husband, for instance,) it would not be at Colter. He was stripped naked, and, having some knowledge of the Blackfoot language, overheard in the real feelings of the savages now turned upon the consultation as to the reals of description as to the reals of description as to the reals of the savages now turned upon the savages now t

ordered the waiter to take it away, it being spoilim.

Inspired with new hope, Colter redoubled his
me; and although the lamb absolutely stunk, she
ate a part of it, to prove her words true, and was
affronted with me almost past for giveness. I dare
say that if I had not noticed, the lamb, she might
have given a hint to the servant to take it away;

Terms made known on the day

Inspired with new hope, Colter redoubled his
exettions, but strained himself to such a degree
that the blood gushed from his mouth and nostrils,
affronted with me almost past for giveness. I dare
have given a hint to the servant to take it away;

In Township 14, Range 7 East,
rible a character as any which ever disgraIACOR

Administrate

Administrate at the honest, naked truth was not to be borne. We had no company but Dudley and her younger son, then schoolboys, and an Englishman named

ned with us, until he took to drink. spoiled, because it had been boiled only the day before, and had been in the ice-house ever since. I to the earth, and continued his flight. The Indiadmitted her facts, but denied her logic which was made at their slaughtered companion. I maintained that the highest stopped to how over him. Colter, made the most fore, and had been in the ice-house ever since. I admitted her facts, but denied her logic which was truly a woman's. I maintained that the highest stopped to how lover him. Colter, made the most supped to how lover him. Colter, made the most supped to how lover him. Colter, made the most supped to how lover him. Colter, made the skirt of cotton was that of the senses, that we must reason from facts where we could get them; and it was fair to argue from probabilities; that the lamb stunk, and the precious delay, gained the skirt of cotton wood borderidg the river, dashed through it, and plunged into the stream. He swam to a neighborthalf a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have a shift to swallow half a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have a shift to swallow half a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have a shift to swallow half a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have a shift to swallow half a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have a shift to swallow half a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have a shift to swallow half a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have a shift to swallow half a mouthful, which, under other circumstantics, she would not have the succeeded in getting a breathing lace between the floating trunks of trees, whose practically where we could bachelors, I never could thoroughly drawn breath aftered by the Arcies of the careful his needed to most of the same the most of

and yet I should have been very sorry that the boy sible from this dangerous neighborhood. that bears this letter should find my knife, or either of two little urchins that you see here about the

"I didn't take it master," (for a negro never steals.) "I didn't take it, sir, I find [found] it." What virtue in terms! Corporal Nym, a high professor and practitioner in the art of taking, says, "the wise call it convey."—See Shakespearc. I never knew but three mulattoes whom I believed of the king.

I never knew but three mulattoes whom I believed of the king.

"Five-and-thirty years, ch! Why, you must have not a be honest; and out of near 300 I have not a like the property and out of near 300 I have not a like the property and out of near 300 I have not a like the property and out of near 300 I have not a like the property and out of near 300 I have not a like the property and the king. to be honest; and out of near 300 I have not a lozen slave that will not take or "coveny.

LETTER OF JOHN RANDOLPH. —Queen is very nonest, she is too lazy to stead at work summer were good times, sir, then."

We have procured and present to our readers Juba is so so—but not strictly honest; he is a finder were good times, sir, then."

"You do not know the present king, then, eh? asked (omitting a few sentences of no interest,) one of sometimes, and can be trusted with any thing but the letters of the late John Randolph. Few let money, with which he will boy whiskey.

My best regard to Mrs. M. Truly yours,
J. R., of Roanoake.

-0097-6929**-**

was found in the bottom of the carriage, where it clarke in the very heart of the wilderness, and must have dropped from a shallow waistcoat pocket, as Isgot in at your door, for I missed the knife ters of the missouri. Here he fell in with another soon afterwards. When I got home, I had the lonely trapper, like himself, named Potts; and pockets of the chariot searched, and every thing there taken out—and it was not until John had searched strictly into my portmanteau and bag, talkirsting to revenge the death of their companion,

make him; and at the same time, to relieve you & bout six miles up a small river that emptied itself Mrs. M. from the unpleasant feeling that such a into the fork. Early in the morning they ascended suspicion would occasion, I despatch this note by a the river in a canoe, to examine the traps. The suspicion would occasion, I despatch this note by a the river in a canoe, to examine the traps. The special messenger, although I have a certain conveyance to-morrow.

I make no apology to yourself or Mrs. M., for the frank expression of my suspicion, because Truth is the goddess at 'whose shrine I worship; and no Huguenot in France, or Morisco in Spain, or Judaizing Christian in Portugal, ever paid more dearly for the heretical schism, than I have done in checked his uneasiness, and paddled forward.

I make no apology to yourself or Mrs. M., for the frank expression of my suspicion, because Truth is the goddess at 'whose shrine I worship; and no Huguenot in France, or Morisco in Spain, retreat. Potts scoffed at him for being frightened by the trampling of a heard of buffaloes. Colter that fill sweets and heavenly light of love. Still, lovely woman! still hy winning smile checked his uneasiness, and paddled forward. That caused our cares, can every care beguile; Leaving the established church of Falsehood and of the maze of ill.

To illustrate—Mrs. R. of B., my brother's widow, was beyond all comparison the nicest and best
housewife that I ever saw. Not one drop of water

Some were for setting him up as a mark, and have was suffered to stand upon her sideboard, except ing a trial of skill at his expense. The chief, what was in the pitcher: the house from the cellar however, was for noble sport. He seized Colter by the shoulder, and demanded if he could run fast, and every part, as clean as hands could make it, and every thing as it should be, to suit even my fastidious taste.

The old crone proceeded to divest her understanding of the apology for a hose with which it was evered, and displayed to the with the Indian customs not to comprehend the astounded doctor a foot—and such a foot!

The old crone proceeded to divest her understanding of the apology for a hose with which it was evered, and displayed to the astounded doctor a foot—and such a foot!

The old crone proceeded to divest her understanding of the apology for a hose with which it was evered, and displayed to the astounded doctor a foot—and such a foot!

The old crone proceeded to divest her understanding of the apology for a hose with which it was evered, and displayed to the astounded doctor a foot—and such a foot!

The old crone proceeded to divest her understanding of the apology for a hose with which it was evered, and displayed to the astounded doctor a foot—and such a foot!

any thing to offend my senses, or imagination, but once. Except in autumn, I would defy you to find a leaf on a feather in the yard. No poultry were permitted to come into it; and we had no dirty children, white or negro, to make litter and filth. A strong enclosure of sawn plank, eight feethigh, from the main body of savages, and then turned fenced in the kitchen; smoke-house, ice-house, wood-house, veal-house, (in which the wood for the wood for the house was stacked away under lock and key.) The turkey and hen houses were in the same enclosure, which had two d.ors; one next to he had six miles of prairie to traverse before he fortliber pleasure at the doctor's astonishsame enclosure, which had two dors, one next to he had six miles of prairie to traverse before he fortliber pleasure at the doctor's astonish the dwelling house, for the use of the mistress and should reach the Jefferson fork of the Missouri; how ment, the house servants, and one large enough to admit the could hope to hold out such a distance with the 'Woman! if you can find a dirtier foot the house servants, and one large enough to admit he could hope to hold out such a distance with the awagon on the back or north side, beyond which tearful edds of several hundred to one against him? The plain, too, abounded with the prickly pear, which wounded his naked feet. Still he fied on, without, for servants. There was also, what I dreading each moment to hear the twang of a bow or one with the prickly pear, which wounded his naked feet. Still he fied on, without, for servants. There was also, what I would be a supplied to the part of the plain, too, abounded with the prickly pear, which wounded his naked feet. Still he fied on, without, for servants. There was also, what I would be a supplied to the part of had forgot, a spinning and weaving house.

At night the doors of this enclosure were locked not even dare to look round, lest he should lose an up—not a servant being allowed to sleep within it, although every one of them was in sound of the He had run nearly half way across the plain when the sound of pursuit grew somewhat fainter, and all description, grinned in the face of the as-On one unhappy day, in a very, hot and damp he ventured to turn his head. The main body of tonished doctor, exclaiming, 'gie' me the spell of weather of long continuance, a piece of his pursuers were a considerable distance behind: guinea! 'gie' me the guinea! I know'd it! I several of the faster runners were scattered in the washed 'tother 'fore I come here.' ed—the first and last instance, in nearly fifteen years advance; while a swift-footed warrior armed with washed 'tother 'fore I come here.' of the slightest neglect in household economy. I a spear, was not more than a hundred yards behind ordered the waiter to take it away, it being spoil.

sucr within twenty yards, and preparing to launch ced the calendar of crime. On the 3rd inst. liss spear. Stopping short, he turned round and Phærabe Howell, an aged woman of this spread out his arms. The savage, confounded by county, was most brutally murdered by her this sudden action, attempted to extra round and Knowles, who acted as overseer or steward, and di-this sudden astion, attempted to stop and hurl his son Needham Howell. Mrs. R. stoutly denied that the lamb could be the ground, and the shaft broke in his hand. Colspear, but fell in the very act. Hie spear stuck in lars. So much for the ladies, charming creatures, the salt of the earth, whom, like uncle Toby and all other old bachelors, I never could thoroughly understand, for want of the key of matrimony, which alone can unlock their secrets and make plain (as many a husband can tell) all the apparent contradictions in their character. Yes, so much for the fairer and better part of creation, (as from my soul, I believe them to be,) but who, as the Waverly says of Kings, are kittle cattle to shoe behind. And so it ought to be; for it is their poor and almost only privilege to kick, while we roam where we will, and they must sit still until they are asked. I, therefore, an uploding them in all their own proper privileges, so long as they don't encroach upon those of men. A woman who there we will, and they must sit still until be treated, as a man.

As to the honesty of servants, I have always thought mine "indifferent honest," as Hanlet says, and yet I should have been very sorry that the boy late heave the salt of the water. He had scarcely understand, for want of the water. He had scarcely indicated that the salt of the water. He had scarcely in the river-bank, whooping and yelling that here all his tolls, when he heard his promained until nightfall Fortunately the idea did not the plain of the first the promained until nightfall Fortunately the idea did not the late of the manufel in company with one or where the river, when he heart of Colter almost did within him as he saw them, through the late of the manufel in company with one or whether the privation of the manufel in company with one or when the view for the rate of Colter almost of the plain of the flowed his boot.

They always the flowed with the heel of his boot.

It has been calculated that the annual loss of life at 1000. Of these, at length gave up the search, and he began to reiccing the private pr

(69) ANECROTE OF HIS MAJESTY.-The king some time

years employed about the palace. "How long have you worked here old man, eh?"
"Why, sir, a matter of five and thirty years," replid, the old man, pretending ignorance of the persor

known the king then?"
"Yes, sir," returned the man, "and his blessed fath-

John is as honest as you & I are. So is old Hetty, I know—and several of her children, I believe.

Queen is very honest, she is too lazy to steal.

at work still—there's a crown for you, Brown. Those

his Majesty. "No, your honor," replied the wily old workman," ver saw him; but they do say he is as like his blessdold parent as peas--open and generous like, sir, you

"Should you like to see the king?

len a march upon the soldier.

Lon. and Paris Ladies' Mag.

Presence of Man.—Lord Berkley, an ancestor of the present Lord Segrave, a man of great firmness and presence of mind, used to boast, at a time when high-way robberies were of frequent occurrence, that he would never allow himself to be robbed by a single highwayman alone. One night his carriage was stop-light march 1837.

INTELUATE

WALDIE'S LIBRARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain.

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can notified that her petition will be heard on the beprocured, equal every week to a London due-decime volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., and only chargeable wish newspaper and Relict of Leven McGee. instantly shot by Lord Berkley.

WOMAN

Thy warm and generous faith, thy patience meek, When sex decays, and passion's self is fled.

Dr. II.*** J.*** was one of the mos able, talented, and eccentric surgeons of the last century. His practice embraced a large circuit, and his fame extended to every part of the State. The doctor was one morning sitting in his office, pouring over some medligence.

Doctor! I've got a desperate sore foot-

·I will try-let me see it.

derstanding of the apology for a hose with lished in the Jacksonville Regis for six weeks which it was evered, and displayed to the successively.

Woman! if you can find a dirtier foot than that in my house, I will give you a

"Pon honor," cried the doctor. The old woman stripped off the other Histerms are cash for Harness and all repairing E CUNNINGHAM.

Feb. 11, 1837—n4—tf. stocking and displayed a foot that beggared

N. H. Gaz.

The facts, so far as they have come to our knowledge, are somewhat as follows.

ago accosted an old workman, who had been many grance in the evening of their days.

NOTICE.

Committed to the Jail of Jacksonville,

dealt with according to law.

FIELDING SNOW, Jailor. January 28, 1836 .- n2-tf.

NOTICE.

Widow and Relict of Leven McGee. February 11th, 1837.—n4—4t.—\$2 50.

TAKEN up and now in Jail in the gro man about twenty-three years of age who calls his name SANCHO, and says he belongs to Allsey Pollard of Autauga, County, Alabana—about five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, a scar over his left eye.—The owner is requested to come forward pay charges and take him away.

January 5th, 1857.—tf.

Les of books and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded to one address. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars, single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibiting paying a discount. Subscribers

DAVID HUBBARD, et als. } In Equity. Wm. B.McCLELLAN, et als. Circuit Court, Fall Term, 1836.

on motion of the Complainants by their counsel and it fully appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Richard M. Peters, James Peters, weaver and Mary his wife, formerly Mary Peters, Charles Lewis and Mahala his wife, formerly Mary Peters, Charles Lewis and Mahala his wife, formerly Mary Peters, Larle George, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volums of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above. Address, post paid, Address, post paid, Address, post paid, George, and R. Walker, aro not residents of the State of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the Court that each and all of the foregoing persons, conservations, and accepting the work for State of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the will confer a favor by giving the above one or more construction, when a loud wrap at the door aroused him.—Come in,' said the doctor, and an old lady hobbled into the apartment, who seemed the very embodiment of dirt and negsaid Court there sitting, and theu and there to Pitts, against James B. Russel, for fifty dollars answer and plead to the said Bill of Complt. filed As the consideration for which said. Note was given the above entitled suit, or on failure thereof, it is ordered that said Bill be taken for confessed against them.

It is further ordered, that this order be published. It is further ordered, that this order be pub-

A true copy from the minutes. Attest. JAMES CROW, Clk. Jan. 21, 1837—6t—\$10 50.

REMOVAL.

The undersigned respectively informs the citizen of Jacksonville and the joining country, that he have removed his Saddler shops the South part of the Towl on the East side of broad on the South part of the Towl Street, one door North the Printing Office.

He will still continue make and keep on hand; general assortment of

Bridles, Martingales, Såddles, Marness, Whips, &c.
Of superior finish and workmanship. Orden, any work in his line will be promptly attended to

Administrator's Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of sale, issued to me from the Orphan's Court of Benton County State of Middama; I shall sell to the highest bidder, ON THE THIRD MONDAY IN FEB.

RUARY NEXT, on the premises, the

South half of Section Twenty.

Terms made known on the day of Sale.

JACOB R. GREEN,

Administrator of the estate of FIXCO HARJO, deceased January 20, 1837.—n3—3t.

SCHOOL LAND FOR SALE.

OLD AGE.—The souls of the just. like can go still further in the matter of education, and flowers, more abundantly give out their fra-we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favorite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the the 21st day of January 1837, a negro, 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest man, who calls his name Tom, about newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest and or 45 years of angles and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest and or 45 years of angles and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on war and the size of the largest newspapers newspape man, who calls his name Tom, about newspapers of America, but on very super parents 40 or 45 years of age, and says he be longs to a man by the name of Samuel Puckett he has two fore teeth out below, a dishis upper fore teeth very wide apart, about five feet high and stout built; dark complection, though not very black. He says his master bought him of a Mr. Thompson of Bedford County Virginia, and he left him while on his way to Mississippi.

The owner of the above described negro, is requested to come forward, prove property, and larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to larm the larm the pockets of the prudent and the larm the larm the pockets of the prudent and the larm the larm the pockets of the prudent and the larm the larm the pockets of the prudent and the larm th requested to come forward, prove property, and larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to pay charges, and take him away, or he will be do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall ac knowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." No book which appears in Waldies Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus, which will be an entirely distinct periodical. TERMS.

paper postage. 2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches; noti-

remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibiting paying a discount. Subscribers to the Library or Port Folio, two dollars and a half. Mail remittancee to be Post Paid.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

zen t

put good or Ti

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this N motion of the Complainants by their counsel proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a gen-

Feb. 11, 1837.—3t¶

JOB PREMEENG. EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS, ACCURACY AND BESPATCH, AT THIS OFFICE.

AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

BY J. F. GRANT, t \$2 50 in advance, or \$3 00 at the end of the No subscription received for less than one year in advance; and no subscription discontinuntil all arrearages are pail, unless at the option

Terms of Advertising.

ERTISENENTS of 12 lines or less, \$1 00 for the

charged accordingly.

liberal discount will be made on advertisements ted for six or twelve months.

ost-Office, Jacksonville, Ala. AURIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS.

Talladega Mail, due every Sunday at 5 P. M. Departs every Monday at 8 A. M. Van's Valley Mail, due every Saturday at 3 P.M.
Departs every Thursday at 8 A.M.
Mellefonte Mail, due every Monday at 6 P. M. Departs every Friday at 4 A. M Closes every Thursday at 9 P. M.

ettsville Mail, duendolph C. H. Mail, duc-

thoun Mail, due every Wednesday at 6 P. M. Departs every Saturday at 6 A. M I the mails except the Bellefonte mail close an hour before the contract time of depar-INO. D. HOKE, P. M.

The POST OFFICE is removed to the Store House formerly Messrs. Green awson's now HOKE & ABERNATHY.

PROSPECTUS

OFTHE Jacksonville Republican.

-669wing interests of the people of this section of coun-

present is the closing scene of one administration, the commencement of a new one is near at hand, rief sketch of his past political principles, will peris be a sufficient index to the future. To the leadmeasures of the present administration he has been him to a vote. At the last Presidential election, roted for Martin Van Buren, under an honest con-

ith respect to State policy, this paper will, upon

d, calculated to amuse, interest or instruct.

mainting establishment.

J. F. GRANT.

COMBERROM BELL

JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN, will be siness of the department?" slied every Saturday, on a large imperial sheet, or Three Dollars at the end of the year. No subscrip-

Administrator's Sale.

VILL be sold to the highest bidder on Wed-

A Remnant of Goods, Household Furniture, Bacon, Corn, Cattle, Hogs, &c.

TERMS OF SALE: All sums under five dol-

JOSEPH BROWN,

From the Enquirer, Feb. 7. THE COMMITTEES-The President's reply, &c.

We shall lay before our readers in our to the queries which have emanated from but I cannot be guilty of perjury to save ators who voted for it "Knights of the Black that sort of mainted as two squares, over 24 as three, &c.

The President states, that they call on him directions as to directions as to directions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the departments'—not to number of the gentlemen thus sub
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number of insertions, will be published until forbid and the heads of the department of the gentlement the number of the gentlement to number of the gentlement t any alleged abuse; not to give information is to any particular transaction; but, assuges alleged, they call upon them to furnish evidence against themselves!"-that if the Heads of Departments have time to spare from the public business, they may answer as they please; but "as for myself (says he) I repel all such attempts as an invasion of the principles of justice, as well as of the Constitution; and I shall esteem it my sacred luty to the people of the United States to esist them as I would the establishment of a Spanish inquisition." If indeed (he adds) fafter all the severe accusations contained in the various speeches of yourself and your associates, you are unwilling of your own accord to bring specific charges, then I rejuest your committee to call, yourself and your associates, and every other member of Congress who has made the general charge of corruption, to testify before and our country, whether you or they know of any specific corruption or abuse of trust in the Executive Departments; and if so, what it is. If you are able to point to any case where ircumstances having rendered it impracticable to there is the slightest reason to suspect cortinue the publication of the "Jacksonville Regis" ruption of abuse of trusts to obstacle which the undersigned has determined to continue the I can remove shall be interposed to prevent ness in this place, by publishing a Political and the fullest scrutiny by all illegal means. scellaneous Newspaper of the above title; design. The offices of all the departments will be to meet the wants, and advocate and sustain the opened to you, and every proper facility furnished for this purpose.

"I hope, sir, we shall at least have your candid avowal of the future political course of charges, and that you will proceed to invespaper now proposed, will of course be expected tigate them, not like an inquisitor, but in those disposed to patronize it; and from this avow- he accustomed mode. If you either will the publisher feels no disposition to shrink; but as not make specific accusations, or if, when made, you attempt to establish them by making freemen their own accusers, you will not expect me to countenance your proceed-

The whole letter is characteristic of the ormly friendly, and voted for the present Chief President. The great point on which he ristrate at the only election in which his age enti- insists, is, that the committee must specify their charges, and then he will give all the on, that he would not disappoint the expectations not lend himself to an inquisitorial investiion, that he would not disappoint the expectations had given his friends reason to entertain; and that solican principles, under which our country has arblican principles, under which he desired arblican principles arblican principles, under which he defined in the property of the Philadelphia Enquirer, love of independence—should remain in a language—anter in anguage—anter in anguage—anter in anguage—anter in anguage—anter i Should these expectations prove to be well found night after night, and it is fair to conclude itable to themselves, but it will awaken a civilization. To remove this blot from the he will at all times take pleasure in manifesting his that the course indicated in the resolution has sympathy in his behalf, on other subjects, historical tablet of both, and to inspire them ducation and internal improvement, and such othogonics as may from time to time be proposed, calded to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the last year to Printers or Editors to the military undress of an officer. The ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the ted to advance the happiness and prosperity of the last year to Printers or Editors to the military undress of an officer. The otherwise than look back upon their authorities of vulgar and unreasonable passion, whether the draft was good? The merchant sentiments of every intelligent man in Englical time time a draft the time by political doctrine, will be cheerfully inserted first resolution, then, in connection with the in the paper; at the same time its columns will be vig others, which required a list of all the offi- (another Whig?) ilanty guarded against personal invective and abuse. cers or agents, or deputies the sums paid to by the sparing which took place before the and manly independence, or did more to connews of the day, both foreign and domestic; Agricul-in the last 4 years for contingencies—and Whitney. Such occurrences bringing even the continuous answers of the day, both foreign and domestic; Agricul-in the last 4 years for contingencies—and Whitney. Such occurrences bringing even the continuous answers are the sums paid to by the sparing which took place before the committee between Mr. Peyton and Mr. tiral and Commercial information; Essays on literary, then an investigation of all the salaries paid. htific, and moral subjects; biographical and historketches; the latest improvements in the mechanic by name, time, place or circumstance.) which and in short, whatever can be procured and public mind. Brawls in legislation are disdiscounted to short the salaries paid.

Brawls in legislation are diswhen they encured and public mind. Brawls in legislation are diswhen they encured and public mind. Wall Street, Wednesday, Jan. 18. ments stated in the resolution, viz: without graceful enough but, when they encroach uphe publisher is sensible of the difficulties to be enservice having been rendered—without the far worse. I hope we shall never again hear year began. The prices of stocks rose on an to please such a variety of the bind? to please such a variety of tastes as is to be found missions ante-dated—or whilst engaged in of any thing of the kind." y community, and also his having to rely more on private employments—it will be seen that long practical experience in the printing business, the scope of the demand made on the heads in any uncommon advantages either of talent or ed-of the departments rendered it indispensable that they should wade through every thing that has been transacted in their departments ether with an untiring zeal to promote all the great that has been transacted in their departments crests of society, according to his best judgment and throughout the term of years named in the lity, will insure him that liberal patronage, which it resolutions; and should, besides, look thro certainly the individual interest of every good citi-one hundred thosand contingent accounts zen to afford, to a respectable and well conducted transmitted to the departments from all the Government agents at home and abroad! Did Mr. Wise, and his caucus compeers. suppose such a retrospect possible to men engaged from day to day in the current bu-

The fact is, it would seem, that these Comgood paper, at Two Dollars and fifty cents in advance, mittees are overdoing the business. That some abuses may have crept into some of tion received for less than one year unless paid in ad- the Offices, is not improbable. No administration can avoid them-and if these could be specified and investigated, it would do the State some service to ferret them out. They rant" sort of enquiry, as the Globe calls it. journal of the Senate. is too vague and undefined to be reconciled with the spirit of our people, or to produce Bedford Brown, the benefits which its projectors have promis, cash in hand; all sums over, on a credit of ised. If we are to believe the scribblers Judah Dana, 5 months, the purchaser to give bond with apfrom Washington, the call for information W. L. D. Ewing, Ill.5 Robert Fulton, 5 has been made upon certain distinguished Robert Fulton, Members of Congress. The Correspond-Henry Hubbard,

subparaced, and he will appear on Monday. Thomas Morris, R. C. Nicholas, The Van Buren party fancy they can there make the venerable Judge rain himself fornext paper, the letter which the President ever. But Judge White, as I understand. has addressed to Mr. Wise, Chairman of which I hoped to carry with me to the grave, display of sulgar wit. They term the Senand the neads of the departments —not to prenated. Mr. Pickens of S. C. is another, a Baltimore paper publishes the names of Wise of Virginia has already given his evil solution of impeachment, in 1833, and terms of the Opposition is that we are about to fall to pieces—and are ming that they have been guilty of the char- dence, and I understand it is such as will them "Knights of the order of the Black make the committee cautious how they ad- Legs"-The list being headed and decorated member of Congress, and this turning of a idea is as good as that of Mr. Clay, by

> all he has written upon that subject. We understand, that Messrs. Wise and Peyton are pushing their enquiries too far improper connection between the Treasury mestic affairs of the country: and Mr. Whitney .- As to that matter, says

a friend the enquiry is blown skyhigh. Wise and Peyton are conducting the investi-gation is an outrage upon the Committee it-North Eastern boundary should be one of the ing alone.—Some of the Whig presses which this "vexed question" would have been value the dignity of Congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of Emperors of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of Emperors of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of Emperors of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of the congress more than the brought to a satisfactory close by him, and crooked their knees at the throne of the congress more than the congress more tha political character of the two members, have been one of the crowning triumphs of his ror Biddle, and whose opinions incline as

"There is a good deal of feeling excited Whitney. Such occurrences bringing even itude, that General Andrew Jackson,

And what says the N. Y. American?

that none shall outstrip them in doing honor completely over-and that both cotton and Republican of yesterdays has the following announcement:

Honor to whom Honor is due!

A salute of 140 guns will be fired at 12 o'clock to-day, from Federal Hill, in honor of the Senators of the United States who voted for the passage of the Expunging Res-

Thomas H. Benton, 25 | John Page, Bedford Brown, 5 | John M. Niles, James Buchanan, W. C. Rives. John M. Robinson, John Ruggles, A. H. Sevier, Robert Strange, N. P. Pallmadge, ent of the New York Express, writes on W. R. King, Ala. John Tipton,

the 29th Jan .. Judge White is one thus L. F. Linn,

R. J. Walker, G. D. Wall, Silas Wright,

KNIGHTS & ORDERS.

Mr. Peyton of Tennessee is another. Mr. the Senators who voted for Mr. Clay's re-gratify the hopes, and realize the predictions, vance much more Mr. Bell of Tennessee with several dingy looking boot pictures, was upon the stand on Saturday. After ut-designed to represent the pedestals of that tering a protest against this privilege of a order of nobility. The Baltimore Editor's Committee appointed to examine the Execu-whom it is said the democratic Senators were tive Department into a Committee to exam-dubbed "Knights of the Black Lines." Of ine the opposition members of Congress, he tho other list of Knights, Mr. Clay is certification of what part he would act. We youch sion of what part he would act. The contains the most ancient now living, and many consequences in our distraction and defeat—son of what part he would act. The contains the most honorable. He certain—our enemies, we know, hope that we are these for none of these statements. It is certain ty proved himself a most worthy member of that Wm. Duane, the Ex-Sceretary of the the order when he "turned up Jack" [Q Treasury, has been before the Committee-Adams] in Congress, and the manner in to testify as to the removal of the Deposites, which he recently won his re-election to the We presume he has nothing new to say, after Senate shows that he is still bright and wide awake.

The following liberal and just compliment also, as relates to private transactions We to the Foreign Policy of General Jackson, have seen what reply Mr. Woodbury gave is extracted from the 'Albion,' a paper of them - and we are informed, upon the whole, acknowledged talent and independence, that that this letter removes all doubt about any takes no part, except as observer, in the do-

"As this is the last annual message that General Jackson will deliver to Congress, we The impassioned spirit in which Messrs dwell on it with more than usual interest. and a better. Every body seemed pleased self. In this respect we are happy to see very few subjects that remain unsettled with the friends of the administration not stand-foreign nations. We had fondly hoped that styles the President's house, the palace. spoken of them in the proper spirit. For foreign policy—a policy that has added so much to favor royalty as those of Gales and example, what says the Philadelphia Gazette: much dignity to the country, and given so "The conduct of Mr. Wise and Mr. Pey-much lustre to his administration. In all ton, on the examination of Mr. Whitney his intercourse with foreign powers, peace fore a private Committee in Congress. can has been his object, and that he has preservbe excused on no grounds whatever. Party ed. In reference to England, no President spirit itself, at its topmost bent, must strong-was ever more friendly or more dignified; y disapprove of such disgraceful language none ever did more to reconcile the two na-We would be the last to advocate Mr. Whit-tions and to smoothe away the asperites that hope never to hear it repeated again in ney. He has led himself widely astray here-still existed between the two people. That information in his power—but that he will tofore, or clse he has been deplorably unfor people of kindred origin—speaking the same been settled under the advice of the coalifon to which he is not entitled. The profanity with mutual sentiments of peace and good that the 1st resolution, which calls for all of both these members, was not less crimi-will—the highest tribute of Christianity, the the sums of money which have been paid nal than undignified; and we cannot believe, President laboured, and his efforts have been there prevails, States, from the days of Washington, ever acted towards England with more honor Santa Anna in favor of Texas-for five

Commercial.-Yesterday was the most reaverage of two to five per cent., and the acivity of the market was quite considerable. "But apart from the immediate actors in In the early part of the morning we had inthis scene, what humiliating reflections is it telligence from England nearly twenty-four not calculated to excite, when members of days later by the way of Philadelphia. The Congress feel it to be necessary or justifiable great inquiry was to know the state of the to proceed to the discharge of their official money and cotton markets in England. It duties with concealed arms about them. was found that both were rather easy-the Justly indeed does the Evening Post repro- last accounts represent them firm & looking bate the practice, so much at variance with up. This news created a most cheorful ascivilization, religion and law." It was generally believed that the cricis had na The democrats of Baltimore are determin-passed in England—that the danger was to faithful public servants. The Baltimore specie caused no longer any disturbance in citizens of their respective section with prothat country. Particular information of this tections, within a month of their arrival, condition of things was not received. The renewable every January, vague and general accounts were all the facts that could be depended on,-Herald.

Fom the N. O. Bee. ought clearly to be exposed and visited with olutions, by which the foul stain intended to as the Globe observes, in the attempts now engaged in surveying the route.—He has lopublic punishment. The mischief might be be fixed upon the name of our venerable making by the leading men among the op- cated the first four miles, and will proceed to nesday the fifth day of April next, at the public punishment. The mischief might be be fixed upon the name of our venerable making by the leading men among the option to establish banks throughout the reformed, and the next administration might president, and the violation of justice and position to establish banks throughout the reformed, and the next administration might president, and the violation of justice and position to establish banks throughout the reformed, and the next administration might president, and the violation of justice and position to establish banks throughout the country with large capitals.

Biddle is over ance.

Proposals have been received from responsals have been received from r profit by it.—But this "general search war- the Constitution, has been stricken from the country with large capitals. Biddle is over ance.

Proposals have been received from responsibilities and competitors for Pennsylvania's Proposals have been received from responsibilities and competitors for Pennsylvania's Proposals have been received from responsibilities. share of the surplus, (4,000,000,) which, sible contractors, and men of force, who can with the stock belonging to the U. States, will increase his capital ato 46,000,000. Massachusetts is about establishing a bank for the up country, for the purpose of makwith a capital of 10,000,000. The great ing arrangements to open the books for sub-Rail Road between Charleston and the rivescription. The zeal and energy with which

of the mammoth institutions. The southern bank on which the Railroad is to be built, will have a capitol of 24,000,000; and in this manner Calhoun in the South will be the The passage of the expunging resolution rival of Biddle in the North operating to-

SCENES AT WASHINGTON

We are sorry to learn, that some warm words passed in debate, between Messrs. Benton and Walker on Saturday last, upon the Currency Bill. Are we so mad as to of the Opposition? Is it true, as they say, we to encourage them by our division so. Are we about to verify the saying of the old General, that we can gain a victory, but we know not how to improve it? We tell our friends,, beware-Never had any Administration a more reckless and infuriated opposition to encounter-and if we neglect prinsplit upon this rock. We have made these reflections before; but they are wrung from us at this time by some of the scenes which are passing at Washington.

We are pleased to understand, that there was much courtesy shown in the continuation of the same Debate on Monday last between Messrs. Rives and Benton.—We have seen a letter, which says, that Mr. Rives made a very neat, courteous and strong speech-during which he said, "The Senator from Missouri, is an older and a better Soldier, than I am?—"An older, but not a better," said Mr, B .- "Yes a better, ton."

The National Intelligencer familiarly Seaton, than they would from any other source. Doubtless they would have our republican establishments dignified with appellations which imply the munificence and splendor of royality, but would introduce all the realities of that dazzling thing. Palace grates upon the ear of a republican, and we tope never to hear it repeated again in con-

Monitor.

A gentleman recently from New Orleans, stated yesterday to a merchant of this city, that he was in a well known great commercial house in New Orleans at the time a draft that no President of the U. Itleman had gone out, the acceptor told our informant, that it was a druft from Gen. hundred thousand dollars.

> Office of the Mobile Register, February 6, 1837.

The N. O. Bee of Friday, acknowledge the receipt of a file of newspapers to the 11th ult. inclusive, from the city of Mexico. They appear to contain little but tirades against this government, and panegyrics upon Gen. Bustamente, who made his public entry into that city on the 19th or 20th of Dec.—The correspondence of Gorostiza with Mr. Forsyth is termed "decorous, dignified and manly," and the conduct of our government "traitorous, infamous, and sur-

The condition of the country in respect to parties is excited, and ominous of an immeliate civil war, on the arrival of Santa An-

By a decree of the Mexican Congres, it is made the duty of all Consuls, to furnish the

In conversation last evening with one of the Directions of the Rail Road, we were highly gratified in learning that the Engin-There are something ominous certainly, eer has been for the last two weeks actively

er Ohio, is to be constructed by means of pathle Directors are now moving in this busi-per money, and Calhoun is to be President ness, gives us an assurance that they will

March 4th, 1337-5t.

commence speedily, and be prosecuted with

Welumpka Sentinel.
To the Publishers of the Globe:

May I ask of you the favor to insert in the Globe the following letter, sent on the 7th inst. to the committee to which it is addressed.

The memorial referred to in it, I refrain from publishing at this time, under the hope that, on the next day for presenting memorials, it may be laid before the House of Representatives.

To the honorable Select Committee of the House of Representatives of which Mr. H. A. Wise Chairman:

On Monday afternoon, the 6th inst, I was wait ed on by the Scrgeant at Arms of the honorable House of Representatives, with a summons, signed, H. A. Wise, chairman, commanding me to appear for thwith before you. To which I replied, I would either appear or make a communication to the committee

In adopting the course which I have resolved to pursue on the occasion, which is, not to obey the summons which has been served upon me, it becomes my imperative duty, no less to the committee, and the honorable House under whose authority it is acting, than to myself and my country, as an individual and a citizen, to state most emphatically my reasons for having come to that

It has become a matter of too great and extended notoriety to render it necessary for me to advert to the particulars of a scene which took place before another committee appointed by the honorable House, a short time since; when from respect to that committee and the House, I submitted to personal violence and outrage from more than one member of it. One of the individuals who thus assailed me, and who is a member of that committee, is the chairman of the committee to which this communication is addressed.

My statement of the whole affair has already been placed before the public, over my signature. Those of my assailants, Mr. Peyton and Mr. Wise, were made before the House of Representatives on Saturday last. It is for the public to judge from the respective statements, how far the one is sustained by the others in the material facts which go to establish the outrage and violence which I ex perienced on the occasion from the two menibers of the committee.

On Monday last, the 6th inst. I addressed to the honorable Speaker of the House of Representatives a communication, accompanied with a memorial, a copy of which is annexed, which I requested him to lay before the House of Representatives. This he could not do, because the action of the House did not enable any State usually called after that of Massachusetts to present a memo

rial on that day. It will be seen in that memorial, I complain of the outrage and violence which I have experienced and wrongs done me by the two members of that committee, Mr. Peyton and Mr. Wise. Also, that I ask of the honorable House of Representatives to institute such an inquiry into the facts of the case, as in their wisdom they may deem proper to elicit the truth, and, thereafter take such action as may seem to be called for at their hands.

resolved to take, were there none others existing to strengthen and fortify me in that resolution. Every member of society is familiar with the liability he is under for due administration of the laws, and the attainment of justice, not only be-tween the Government and individuals, but be-

party.
This I hold to be the obligation of the individual on the one part. But, while there is necessarily this obedience due from the individual to the judicial authority and power, on the other part is there to be no reciprocity? Is power of any sort to be so exercised as to call before it an humble citizen in the private walks of life, and not extend the same power to give him protection, while be-fore those to whom has been delegated the exercise of that power? If so, then all obligation due and owing as between individuals and judicial power must cease to exist. The individual summoned to appear before any tribunal having the authority to require his appearance before it, must if he consents to appear, go armed to defend and protect himself from any assaults which may be made upon or against him; even from those of the judge by whose authority and before whom he is called to appear!

Such are the circumstances attending my case, in the present instance, that I have no choice left me but to yield to the summons which has been served upon me, and appear before the committee fully and openly armed to defend myself from aggressions upon my rights of a like character to those I experienced while before another commitfrom your chairman; or to decline obedience

to the summons altogether. The affair between Mr. Payton and myself. which occurred in the presence of another committee, has nothing whatever to do with the com mittee to which this is addressed, and before whon I am summoned to appear. But the remarks of Mr. Wise, the chairman of this committee, in relation to what occurred, and the part he acted before, and as a member of, that committee, has every thing to do with my appearance before this

In the reported proceedings of the House on Saturday last, I find it stated that Mr. Wise de-Saturday last, I find it stated that Mr. Wise declared the proceedings of the committee had been misrepresented, and most wofully belied, by that (referring to myself) most infamous wretch." It is true, beginning with "or did he," &c. there-decre," and "a damned dog," when I rose and "a damned dog," when I rose and "So far as regards this allegation, I do not choose to give it any further notice, than to state, that I when he made the allegation should be called to Peyton, addressing himself to me said, (Von sion a paper mon which he wished to have a decrease of the individual propounding it has asserted positively and and Mr. Peyton commenced the most violent "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Chairman, I claim the proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Chairman, I claim the proceedings of the committee while I am before it." When Mr. So far as regards this allegation, I do not choose the party accused I am not a proper said, "Mr. Chairman, I claim the protection of Frederick Surginia, (nine ladies in which he wished to have a decrease the said of the proceedings of the committee while I am before it." When Mr. Wise proceedings of the committee while I am before it." When Mr. Wise proceedings of the committee while I am before it." When Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further pre-decrease "Mr. Adams the individual propounting the proceeded to the individual propounting to the committee while I am before it." When Mr. Wise and M have invited in my memorial the investigation of the House as to the accuracy of my statements.

Mr. Wise continued to say, he "thought he dis-

covered that Whitney was disposed to experiment upon him and his honorable friend from Tennessee He had felt his way in the Globe newspaper. He had tried their patience there, and had endeavor-His manner, too, when he came before the

I had not my hand in my pocket, as stated by Mr. Wises version is as follows:

Having in vain urged upon that Government the for if the House had received the petillon, and my indispensible oblighed were put in requisition to meet and defend myself friend; and saw he was flushed with excitement: gation to insist that there should be "no further he made a false statement. He would first."

ting apart, telling anecdotes in the most pleasant and agreeable manner to each other." Then

should die on the shot?

Under these circumstances I peremptorily decline appearing before the committee of which Mr. || left side. I expected him to draw a deadly weap- they may be assured of my co-operation in any Wise is chairman, or a member, until the honora the wrongs which I have experienced by obeying ing, and was not fit to stain any man—he was not his mandate, and until future protection is extend-worthy of his notice. My friend sat down, saying, ed to me from further insult and violence.

of the community has as deep a stake as myself; my friend replied, "You have seen him, sir: he for what is my case to-day may be that of any mem-ber of the committee or any individual member of shall not look at me again! I submit it to you

R. M. WHITNEY.

tween the Government and individuals, but between man and man, to be subjected to all proper
tween man and man, to be subjected to all proper
mandates of any judicial tribudal, either high or
low before which he is called, for such purposes.
But no man can rightfully be called to appear, to
give testinony in a case in which he is the accuracy
party.

We gave yestering the mandate with account (as taken in the account, the account (as taken in the ments as called forth by some misrepresentation of the Globe. Not one solitary circumstance has been stated on the authority of the Globe, although to readers who look only to the reported remarks of Messrs. Peyton and Wise, it would seem that their effects was to discredit some testimony or opinion expressed by us editorially, in regard to the transaction. Now, although the Globe was very volubly spoken of by the gentleman who explained the matter to the House, the explanation was not called forth by any thing we had said, for we knew nothing of the details certainly, and had said nothing about them. The provocaand had said nothing about them. The provoca-ment of Mr. Wise be compared with that of Mr. when he knew it was not, has trifled with the tion which induced the appeal to the Hoose, was the view taken of the matter in the committee by not aggravated the case in his favor. This is the 3. Resolved, That the Hon. John Quincy Adams the Evening Post and New York American, and opinion of many with whom we have conversed. Those prints predicated their observations upon information from their correspondents, and Mr. The conductive from the conductive from their correspondents, and Mr. The conductive from the conduct Whitney's statements; and yet the gentlemen to Mr. Peyton's interrogatory, he said: talked of the affair as if the issue was between them and the Globe!

National Intelligencer:

Extract from the Journal of the Committee of investigation, J. GARLAND, Chairman.

Wednesday Jan. 25, 1837. B. Taney or did he in any manner countenance or some concealed weapon. Expecting an assault, perfectly satisfactory to all parties, concourage you in applying for the agencycontem-liput myself in a posture of defence. Before he had drawn to the venerable member from Massrchusetts (Mr. lind got forward to me, and before he had drawn to the venerable member from Massrchusetts (Mr. plated of did he positively refuse to recommend, had got forward to me, and before he had drawn to the venerable member from Massrenuscus (Mr. receive, or countenance you in that capacity, while his hand from his bosom, Mr. Wise sprang before he was at the head of the Treasury Department? him, and pushed him back, saying, "Don't Peyton: the Globe of this morning, and he would respect-the Mr. Willyney.—Answer—I decline answering the damned scoundrel is not worth minding." I fully ask that gentleman if that report was corthis interrogatery; more particularly as the indimendiately took my seat, when both Mr. Wise received and Mr. Peyton commenced the most violent "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further presidual pronounding it has asserted positively and and Mr. Peyton commenced the most violent "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further presidual pronounding it has asserted positively and and Mr. Peyton commenced the most violent "Mr. Adams then proceeded, and further presidual pronounding it has asserted positively and and Mr. Peyton commenced the most violent "Mr. Adams then proceeded."

notice of all honorable men by his infamy, as a latter with his hand in his pocket, and stood before hadtried their patience there, and had endeavored to enlist a hireling paper to sustain him in his
false and insulting allegations. They had both
companied that answer with a scowl, a frown, an
failed to notice him, they had both refused to recognise him as a gentleman in any respect whatevpersonally, which perhaps no one else then saw,
or His manner, too, when he came before the er. His manner, too, when he came beloft that of if the witness should be permitted to insult me committee, was clearly to Mr. W's mind, that of I walked up to him, and said I would teach him supercilious, contumacious, contemptuous without the better than to insult me; that I would let him know

Again, says Mr. Wisc, after giving his own de-that I required no constitutional privilege to chasscription of what passed between Mr. Peyon and tise him if he dared to insult me; that, if he did, We should have noticed the doings of the myself, "During this time Whitney stood in the I would put him to death on the spot. Sir, I Board of Directors, from time to time, had in his hand, for he kept his right hand in the corwe been made acquainted with their proceedings: but as we were not aware how matters
were progressing; we had of course, no authority upon which to act.—We are happy
however in being able to give the information contained above.

To the Publishers of the Gobe:

To the Publishers of the Gobe:

To the Stand in the corings: but as we were not aware how matters
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in fit to be saved. The Chair called to order,
A message was received from the President of
the U. States by Annew Jackson, Jr. Esq. his
gan again, and he, at that moment, seemed as if
the but as weapon: he had his hand in
the besaved. The Chair called to order,
A message was received from the President of
the U. States by Annew Jackson, Jr. Esq. his
private Secretary, as follows:

To the Senate of the U. States

A the beginning of this possession, Congress was
him; it is false. After I sat down he rose and began again, and he, at that moment, seemed as if
the u. States by Annew Jackson, Jr. Esq. his
private Secretary, as follows:

To the Senate of the U. States by Annew Jackson, Jr. Esq. his
private Secretary, as follows:

A the beginning of this statement when he
possession, Congress was
him; it is false. After I sat down he rose and besupplied at an angle where, IF THAT ARM
HAD MOVED AN INCH, HE SHOULD
HAVE DIED UPON THE SPOT. I confess
him fit to be saved.

To the Senate of the U. States by Annew Jackson, Jr. Esq. his
private Secretary, as follows:

To

against Mr. Peyton, who advancing upon me with his face beamed with indignation; no one could delay in the acknowledgment, if not in the red-more, say that if it had been a petition of slavery indication of drawing forth from his bosom mistake his feelings. He first addressed the chair-ress of the injuries complained of," my duty rethe about me, nor man, by saying, "Mr. Chairman, I wish you disquires that the whole subject should be presented, have paused before he brought the subject beas have I carried about me for many years any weap—tinctly to inform the witness that he is not to insult as it now is, for the action of Congress, whose ex—the House in any form. However sacred he might me here." He was proceeding, when I arose, and clusive right is to decide on the further measures hold the right of petition, he would still exercise the chairman of the committee which I remarked, "Mr. Chairman, the d—d insolence of redress to be employed. The length of time a discretionary power in bringing horizontal and insolence of redress to be employed. am now addressing, and before which I am sum-moned to appear as a witness, deliberately declar-long enough." I had, in fact, Mr. Speaker, de-the repeated and unavailing applications for re-ling to the representatives of the nation, and to the clined to answer one question because it was "in-dress, the wanton character of some of the outranation itself, that if I had moved my "arm an quisitorial;" and, because another was "inquisi- ges upon property and persons of our citizens, up- would have died on the spot." And, torial," he declined to answer it, and had rung all on the officers and flag of the United States, inde- what led to this self-acknowledged assassin like the changes upon that word till, if reiteration pendent of recent insults to this Government and conduct on the part of Mr. Wise? Had I done a could convince and supply the place of truth, one people by the late Extraordinary Mexican Minny thing to irritate and provoke him? Had he might have believed, from mere repetition, that ister, would justify, in the eyes of all nations, im-and myself on that occasion any previous alterca-the committee was, what it has been denounced to mediate war. That remedy, however, should tion? None whatever. He says, "several of his be, worse than a Spanish Inquisition! Sir, he not be used by just and generous nations, confiding

we not the public declaration of Mr. Wise, that I mittee. My friend took his scat, when the witness should die on the spot?

To go before a committee of the House openly and I claim its protection.—He did not finish I should consider as offering an indignity both to the committee and to the House. I cannot believe the committee and to the House. I cannot believe that we are so rapidly descending from a state of the spock here but in writing, and you shall not civilization to that of ancient harbarism. that the course heretofore pursued, and to decide upon the course heretofore pursued here acts of individual legislators will be so far sanctioned as to render it necessary for private individual sto arm themselves to meet the assaults which may be made upon them by their Judges.

If that is the case, it is high time for the world to know its for although the constitution greates in his hondrous right horizet. I was standing and insection with those referred to, any well-grounded reasons. to know it; for, although the constitution grants in his pantaloons right pocket. I was standing with those referred to, any well-grounded reasons certain privileges, the immutable law of nature, then immediately behind my friend, and seeing to hope that an adjustment of the controversy beself-defence, is superior to any enactment of man. Whitney assume this attitude, I walked quickly tween them can be effected without a resort to the around the end of the table, near to Whitney's measures I have felt it my duty to recommend, on on my friend

ble House of Representatives shall have redressed I told him Whitney's blood was not worth spill-'Yes he is worth my notice when he comes to my I consider this as no common or individual case. face and insults me. I would notice any d—d tion of Mr. Buchanan, ordered to be printed, to view it as one in which every individual member dog!" Hhe chairman expostu'ated with him, and gether with the accompanying documents, and re the facts and circumstances already stated and referred to in the memorial appended, to take the stand I now take I rest upsended, to take the stand already indicated to the committee I have not treated him as if he were a gentleman." The Chair remonstrated against found to in the memorial appended, to take the stand already indicated to the committee I have not treated him as if he were a gentleman." The Chair remonstrated against found to in the memorial appended, to take the stand already indicated to the committee I have not treated him as if he were a gentleman." The Chair remonstrated against found to in the memorial appended, to take the stand I now take I rest upsended in the committee I have not treated him as if he were a gentleman." The Chair remonstrated against found to introduce the matter of the nation, by which I am willing further disorder. Whitney had not uttered a stand or word after he was ordered by my friend to be significant. turned to the committee-room. Mr. Hamer had been speaking; the witness was requested to remain that Mr. Thompson of South Carolina fire. Mr. Hamer offered the resolution you have moved a modification of his own resolution, "at the Suggestion of Mr. Lewis of Alabama," whereas, We gave yesterday the full account (as taken in; the chairman returned him his offensive and Mr. A. contended, that the journal should set forth

immediate cause. We must premise, however, "Sir, if you had been present and witnessed the cer, the journal was am that both Mr. Peyton and Wise gave their state-scene that night, you would have been struck with gestion of Mr. Adams, ments as called forth by some misrepresentation of the immense difference between the two men. 1 The House then result "Sir, if you had been present and witnessed the cer, the journal was amended according to the sug-

"This was handed to the chairman, who read it dered himself justly liable to the severest censure to the committee; upon which Mr. Peyton, in a lor this frouse, and is consulted accordingly, for most violent and passionate manner, sprang from having attempted to present to this House, the perfectional Intelligencer:

to the committee; upon which Mr. Peyton, in a lor this frouse, and is consulted accordingly, for most violent and passionate manner, sprang from having attempted to present to this House, the perfectional Intelligencer:

Mr. Jenifer, who was entitled to the floor, rose stitution or no Constitution, he (as I understood him to say,) would have the life of the damned villian;" at the same time advancing and thrust times and taken place between one of his honoral.

2. Resolved, That the aforesaid John Q. Advisory. villian;" at the same time advancing and thrus-tions had taken place between one of his honoral ams receive a censure from the Speaker in the pres-By Mr. Perron.—Question—15—Did you reting his hand into his bosom under his waistcoat,
ble colleagues, (Mr. Pearce,) and the gentleman
ence of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Thompson accepted the above a witness, I think, in justice, that the individual the committee while I am before it." When Mr. with Mr. Peyton shade the allegation should be called to produce his proof.

Mr. Peyton thus explains the subsequent occurrence, as given in the Intelligencer:

"I did not wish to enter into person al altercanic, you shan't look at me;" and after this he rose, we would consider this paper as coming under the later of the Honer." tion with one who is completely shielded from the und, with Mr. Wise advanced towards me; the rule of the House,

> umble habitation." sometimes takes the liberty of walking into the present amber of Kings. Anger is an approach to

sanity

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. SECOND SESSION.

IN SENATE,

interposing in a friendly manner! a heaceful inwithdrawn, and the committee unanimously passed the necessity of again bringing the subject of them
this paper was for the abolition of slaver.

That hope has been disappointed was impossible for him to have said any over. colleagues and himself on the committee were set-had received his cue.

in their strength, for injuries committed, if it can be hororably avoided; and it has occurred to me in their strength, for injuries committed, if it can and agreeable manner to each other." Then words respecting the witness, put me back with that, considering the present embarassmed condi-wherefore this ruffin and assassin conduct which his arm, and said, "This is my business, Wise, tion of that country, we should act with both wis-not yours." And he walked straight up to the dom and mederation, by giving to Mexico one If, under such circumstances, Mr. Wise who witness where he sat, and said to him nearly in more opportunity to atone for the past, before we form the resolution to shoot me down on the spot, what might he not do, as I was to appear before a committee, of which he was chairman, by whom all interrogatories to me as a witness must be propounded, and to whom all the answers given must be returned, if he "thought he discovered" any thing like contumacy? Or in case any thing should be fore the committee, which Mr. Wise might take offence at; or I should accidentally fuit my hand the should not he contrary. It is a contrary words, take redress into our own hands. To avoid all misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as to protect our own national character from reproach, this opportunity should be given, with the protect our own national character from reproach, this opportunity should be given, with the protect our own national character from reproach, this opportunity should be given, with the proach, this opportunity should be given, with the right of petition and supplication, were proach, this opportunity should be given, with the avowed design and full preparation to take immediate the right of petition and supplication, were proach, this opportunity should be given, with the avowed design and full preparation to take immediate the right of petition and supplication, were proach, this opportunity should be given, with the area of the right of the creator of the Universediate misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as the creator of the Universediate misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as the creator of the Universediate misconception on the part of Mexico, as well as to protect our own national character from reproach to the content of the right of the ri vas an ordinary member of a committee, could these words—I will endeavor to give his very words, take redress into our own hands. To avoid all tion to a superior being; that which offence at; or 1 should accidentally fut my hand but due, Mr. Speaker, to the chairman to say that them, in the event of a refusal by the Mexican vesterday. If, however, on the contrary, he in my pocket, and attempt to withdraw it, have he has done his duty, in all respects, on that comwe not the public declaration of Mr. Wise, that I mittee. My friend took his seat, when the witness the matters in controversy between us, upon anothing only himself, but all other well desired above the matters in controversy between us, upon anothing of the matters in controversy between us, upon anothing of the matters in controversy between us, upon anothing of the matters in controversy between us, upon anothing of the matters in controversy between us, upon anothing of the matters in controversy between us, upon anothing of the matter is controversy between us, upon anothing of the matter

other course that shall be deemed honorable and proper.

ANDREW JACKSON. WASHINGTON Feb. 6, 1837.

The message having been read, it was, on mo ion of Mr. Buchanan, ordered to be printed, toferred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. TUESDAY, February 7, 1837. As soon as the reading of the journals was con

cluded,
Mr. Adams rose and said the minutes on the journal of the procedings of yesterday were not, in one particular, sufficiently explicit. The jourbeen speaking; the witness was requested to re- nal stated that Mr. Thompson of South Carolina ire. Mr. Hamer offered the resolution you have moved a modification of his own resolution "at the

TheHouse then resumed the consideration of the

receive the censure of the House for his conduct

Resolved, That John Quincy Adams, a representative from the State of Massacuhsetts, has ren-

had stated to the Speaker that he had in his possession. He been inferred that he coupled with it any demands attended to the Speaker that he had in his possession a paper, purporting to be from twenty-two of the resolution, both last session and the presidence, and he had asked the Speaker whether a petition of this kind would come under the rule of the 8th of January last, and the Speaker said sire to cast disrespect upon any gentleman who

it was a novel question, he would take the sen of the House upon it. He had also stated, before of the House upon its his petitions, that he commenced presenting his petitions, that he had some in his possession, which it had occur to him were impositions; as by the order of the to him were impositions, who had an attaching some of them were not genuine, and he would appeal to members to say, whether he had not give he made a false statement. He would further. have paused before he brought the subject before a discretionary power in bringing before the House petitions which it was his opinion ough not to be presented; that descretionary power, the censure of the House for so doing, he was read y to receive it. A gentleman had said on yester day that he would as soon receive a petition from horse or a dog as from slaves. Sir, said Mr. A. a horse or a dog had the power of speech and of writing, and he should send him a petition, he would present it to the Honse; ay, if it were from a famished horse or dog, he would present What was a petition? It was a prayer, a suplicawould take care of them, and praying that they might be lett in this situation, he would, if the House would permit him, present it.

As he had before said, however, he had not preented this petition to the House, and he was ye waiting the Speaker's decision before he could de termine whether he would present it. If the House should decide that it was not a paper which came under the order of the 8th of January, and vas not admissible, he should not present it at all He would take this opportunity of saying to the House, that however much he might have been misunderstood by gentlemen, there was nothing farther from his intention than to trifle with the House on this occasion: and never in the coursed his life had he intended to pay a greater respectiv the rules of the House, and the rights and privi-leges of members. Had he consulted his own feel ngs, he would have presented the paper to the House, he had asked the decision of the Chair be

fore he presented the paper.

Mr. Jenifer said, if the gentleman paid such reneration to the right of petition, why not pre sent his petition to the House without asking the decision of the Speaker? That gentleman had never paid so much regard to the decision of the Speaker heretofore, as it must be within the recollection of every gentleman that, on almost even petition day, the gentleman had come in collision with the Speaker in his efforts to transgress the rules of the House; and Mr. J. could not concein dit, and present this petition; and then the House would know what course to take. Mr. J. felta leep interest in this matter, being from one of the frontier slave holding States, and he wished to resist at the very threshold every effort to throw fire brands among the slave population. He had here tofore refrained from taking part in these discussions, because he did not wish to add to the excitment which already existed; but if from the tleman which raised this discussion, he should not only not vote for either of the resolutions which had been brought before the House, but he would vote for the expulsion of the member presenting it.

Mr. Dromgoole said he preferred action in a

uestion of this character rather than debate, and he had risen only for the purpose of requesting the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. Thompson) faccept a modification, he would send to the clerk's

The modification was read as follows:

Resolved, That the Hon. John Quincy Adams, a member of the House, by stating, in his place, that he had in his possession a paper purporting to be a fictition from slaves, and inquiring if it came within the meaning of a resolution here tofore adopted, (as preliminary to its presentation) has given color to the idea that slaves have the right of petition and of his readiness to be their

Mr. Thompson accepted the above as a substi tute for his own resolution.

Mr. HAYNES said he had intended to have a vailed himself of the opportunity of making a defence against the charges thrown cut upon those who had voted for the resolution of the 18th of anuary. But preferring, with his friend from Virginia, action rather than discussion, he would refrain from doing so, and confine himself to with drawing his amendment.

E

The question then recurred upon the original cosolution, as medified at the suggestion of Mi

Promgoole. Mr. Elmere trusted there, was no intention arguing this subject, but that the South would present united action, and an unavoiding front, and

suffer all minor differences of opinion to subside.

Mr. Pickens made a brief explanation in relation to his remarks on the adoption of the resolution on the state of the resolution of the res Mr. Adams said it must be perfectly within the tion on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. viz: that ordering all abolition on the 18th ult. reccollection of the Speaker, that what was there stated in the Globe was correct. He did not present the petition, but kept it in his possession. He bed stated to the Speaker, that he had in his

disposed to, and who hath supported it on That opinion he still entertainut seeing the feeling and unanimity that, it him pleasure to say, had been manifested on him picasure to say, had been maintested on present occasion, and he hoped and trusted so far as he was concerned, and so far as he dentified, with the South, they would present ne embodied, single, unbroken phalanx, desired a word of explanation from the gen-

e desired a word of explanation and from New York, 'Mr. Chambreleng, in ion to some remarks that were said to have in from him yesterday, though Mr. P. himself in from him yesterday, though Mr. P. himself in from him yesterday, though Mr. P. himself in the said this not heard them. He had been informed this ning, that the gentleman had said to this effect it he trusted there was virtue and spirit enough this was in reply to Mr. P.) in the North and in the South, to put down fanatism in the one, and rebellion in the other.

on in the other.

Cambreleng explained. What he had as, that there was virtue and spirit enough the vast population of this Union, East, North and South, which would keep the tremes from breaking down the barriers of onstitution; but he had not used the word allion," but "insurrection," and had made olication to the gentleman from South Caroli-

Tr. Pickens was perfectly satisfied, and had he chimself understood the gentleman as saying with the hath referred to, but others had.

Mr. Lawler then took the floor, and insisted, at length, that the explanation of the member from Massachusetts was any thing but satisfactory and be made an earnest appeal to him to retract whathe had done.

MeRobertson gave his reasons why he should vote gainst the resolution, because it violated the tion of that gentleman as an aggravation of ginal offence.

e debate was further continued by Messrs and Hosley in support of the adoption of the ution, and by Mr. Lincoln in opposition to

. Bynum then addressed the House at some

rike out all after the word "Resolved," and That an attempt to present any petition or orial from any slave or slaves, or free negro any part of the Union, is a contempt of the e, and calculated to embroil it in a strife and fusion incompatible with the dignity of the y; and that any member guilty of the same ly subjects himself to the censure of the

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to uire into the fact whether any such attent has a made by any member of this House, and rethe same to the House as soon as practica-

Mr. Graves addressed the House at length in osition to the resolutions before the House. Ar. Philips then inquired whether the resolution

the gentleman from N. Carolina, which was posed as an amendment, was in order. He le his inquiry because he considered that if this dution was in order, the subject lost its characof a question of privilege.

hair decided that it was in order. Mr. Philips said, to save the time of the House

would withdraw the appeals.

Mr. Patton obtaind the floor, and made some remarks-invoked gentlemen of the South ot longer to discuss this subject, but to take the as soon as northern men were disposed to do Mr. P. concluded by moving the following lutions as an amendment to the amendment: Resolved, That the right of petition does not clong to slaves of this Union; that no petition from em can be presented to this House without dero ng from the rights of the slaveholding State integrity of the Union.

Resolved, That every member who shall here er present any such petition to this House, ght to be considered as regardless of the feelings this House, the rights of the South, and an ene-

Resolved. That the Hon. John O. Adams having emuly disclaimed a design of doing any thing espectful to the House in the inquiry he made the Speaker as to the right of petition purportto be from slaves, and having avowed his intens of opinion that it ought not to be presentederefore all further proceedings as to his conduct

Mr. Calhoon addressed the House at length, in suprt of the resolution.

Mr. Cushing followed in opposition to the resolution,

So the Hsuse adjourned at 6 o'clock, P. M.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8, 1887. IN SENATE.

epresentatives, through Mr. Franklin, their the patent, is void. Herk, informing the Senate that the House

Hall of the House.

committee to wait on Martin Van Buren, ries. Grundy was appointed by the Chair to act adjoining land, subject to private entry, not

The resolution was agreed to and the Senof which was as follows:

FOR R. M. JOHNSON, FOR F. GRAINGER. Mr. Benton, of Mo. Mr. Bayard, of Del. Black, of Mis. Clay, of Kentucky. Brown, of N. Car. Clayton, of Del. Buchanan, of Penn. Crittenden, of Ky. Cuthbert, of Geo. Davis, of Mass.

Ewing, of Ohio. Dana, of Maine. Ewing, of Illinois. Kent, of Maryland. Fulton, of Arkansas Knight, of R. Island. Prentiss, of Vermont. 1840.] Grundy, of Ten. Hendricks, of Ind. Robbins, of R. I. Hubbard, of N. H. Southard, of N. J. King, of Ala. Spence, of Maryland. King, of Georgia. Swift, of Vermont. Linn, of Missouri. Tomlinson, of Conn. Lyon, of Michigan. Wall, of N. Jersey. McKean, of Penn. Webster, of Mass. Moore, of Alabama.

Morris, of Ohio. Mouton, of Lou. Nicholas, of Lou. Niles, of Con. Norvell, of Mich. Page, of N. II. Parker, of Va. Rives, of Va. Robinson, of Illi. Ruggles, of Maine. Sevier, of Ask.

Strange, of N. C. Tallmadge, of N. Y. Tipton, of Indiana. Walker, of Mis. Wright, of N. Y.

The President of the Senate (Mr. King. of Alabama) then rose, and proclamed the esult of the election, as follows:

The whole number of Senators of the U

Majority necessary to a choice -Quorum required by the Constitution 35 Whole number of Senators present 49 For R. M. Johnson, of Kentucky, For Francis Granger, of N. York, 16 From which it appears that Richard M: folmson, having the votes of a majority of the whole number of Senators, as required by the Constitution of the United States, is July elected; and I therefore declare that Richard M. Johnson, of Kentucky, has been chosen by the Senate, in pursuance of the provisions contained in the Constitution. Vice President of the Contained States for four years, commencing with the 4th day of March, 1857.

On motion of Mr. Grundy, a resolution was adopted for the appointment of a joint committee to inform R. M. Johnson of his election; and the Chair was authorised to appoint the member thereof on the part of he Senate.

On motion of Mr. WEBSTER, The Senate then adjourned.

IN SENATE. THURSDAY, FEB. 9, 1837.

requestion being on its passage, Mr. Davis spoke at length in opposition to it

Mr. Tipton, in explanation of the grounds o Mr. Ewing and Mr. Clay, in decided opposition oit on constitutional among other considerations; When, the question being at length obtained,

the bill was passed by yeas 27. Nays—23.

The title was amended by adding the words and for other purposes."

The Senate then (at a little past five) adjourned. The bill provides in substance-

1. That no person shall be entitled to enentry or to purchase, must make and file pectable opposition papers in the Union. with the Register and Receiver of the land Thompson of South Carolina, regretted to see and that he sell, lease, mortgage, or other to the proper cause, and not to any neglect in us. endorsed on it.

scussing at some length the right of petition, and pelling the indignity cast upon the early history of the must prove; to the satisfaction of nor in sending it to our patrons by the earliest possible we England by the gentlemen from S. Carolina. Two competent and disinterested witnesses, two competent and disinterested witnesses, that he has erected a dwelling-house on the floure would adjourned, and he therefore moved an land, and cleared and cultivated at least one Mr. Vanderpoel asked for the yeas and mays, but the tenth of it; or that he has resided on it one

six years from the date of the receipt, the patent is still to issue. Any sale, lease, or A message was received from the House of mortgage, or contract for sale, &c. before

3. Pre-emption is allowed, on proof as ere ready to proceed to count the votes for above that the opplicants has actually occuresident and Vice President of the United pied and resided on any tract of the public land before the 1st of December, 1836, and The Senate accordingly adjourned to the has cultivated any part of it within the year 1836. There are several guards to this sec-The Senate having returned to their cham-tion of the bill to cover reserved tracts, lead the Indian country, having on the 24th ult. ber, and the President resumed the chair, lead mines, &c. lands to which the Indian effected the surprise of the Chief Cooper or; and all may be assured that the war has On motion of Mr. Grundy, a resolution title has not been distinguished, and lands was adopted for the appointment of a joint beyond the bounds of the States and Territo-

> 4. The owner of a farm may enter any and children were captured. whole must not exceed two sections.

but not over two sections in all; and no pat- wounded; the enemy lost two killed. They was received by George Younge, Esq. of

quarter sections not contiguous .- All land from 30 to 40 Indians and Negroes, men to Jesup's camp with 800 warriors .- The accounts.

the day of purchase. 7. The law to continue to the 30th June,

IN SENATE.

FRIDAY, FEB. 17, 1837. from the Treasury Department, in obedience per, stating, that if desirous of peace, upon to a resolution of the Senate, with certain the terms of the late Treaty, he and the documents from John Pope, the late Govern-chiefs in the neighborhood must come in and

Columbia, were presented.

By Mr. Wall: from 215 citizens of New ark. N. J.

By Mr. Webster: Some half dozen, from of the country.

able, on motion of Mr. Grundy.

Mr. Prentiss presented the petition of citzens of Waitsfield, in Vermont, praying for Jesup. the abolition of slavery and the slave trade in the District of Columbia, and moved that t be received and referred to the committee for the District of Columbia.

On motion of Mr. Grundy, the motion to eccive was laid on the table.

Mr. Ewirg, of Ohio, presented a memorial from citizens of Pennsylvania protesting cipal Chief, to whom he promised faithfully therefore not be looked for in any great quantities un against the recognition of Texas till slavery

which was referred.

Mr. Tomlinson, from the committee on Pen-

sions, who were instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for extending the provisions of the act of the last parties with orders to suspend hostilities.

Session giving pensions to willows in certain. The result of the conference was that the session giving pensions to widows in certain cases, reported a bill granting half pay and Chiefs were to meet again, in Council, on pensions to certain widows. Read, and or the 18th inst. at Fort Dade, and little doubt learn, amounts to 10,733 bales, but it is said that the lered to a second Reading.

THE REPUBLICAN.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. MARCH 11, 1837.

It will be seen by the Florida news published in this day's paper, that the verbal report mentioned in our last has been confirmed in all the substantial particulars. The Creek disturbances have also been brought to a close, and the remaining Creeks are to be removed forthwith. Our readers may therefore expect that our LAND BILL. reports of Indian wars, should there be any to The land bill was then read a third time, and will be confined to the "West of the Mississippi." eports of Indian wars, should there be any to give,

A considerable portion of our present number is ocunied with the reports of the Committees of investigation, the letter of R. M. Whitney, &c. This is lone in order to give our readers as full an under standing of the subject as circumstances will permit It is evident from what has already transpired, that this investigation was instituted more from party feeling and for party purposes than for the public good. Messrs. Peyton and Wise, by their bullying and oversearing conduct have completely disgraced themselves, ter by entry; or at auction, more than two and met the disapprobation, not only of the friends of sections of the public land: and previous to the administration, but also of some of the most res-

The Southern mail which has formerly left here on not to effor to present the petition, if the House district an affidavit that the lands are sought Monday morning at 8 o'clock, did not depart this week ell. to terms, who was on an island in the to be purchased for his own use, and not in until Thursday; we hope therefore, that our subscri- Withlacoochee, destitute of provisions and trust for another, nor for sale or speculation: bers in that direction, who did not receive their papers ammunition, with a few devoted followers. Mr Thompson of South Carolina, regretted to see and that he has made no contract, written as early as usual by a few days will attribute the failure

2. Within five years from the date of his no pains, neither to make our paper interesting

IMPOTANT FROM FLORIDA. Prospects of Peace!—The steamboat

Charleston, Capt. King, from Garey's Fer-House refused to order them, and the question being year of the five. He may then get his patboard Col. H. Stanton, late Adjutant Generol, mays 34.

Seminole borders.

Previously to the departure of Col. Stanton, General Jesup had returned to Fort Armstrong, with the main body of the Army, ments. We can vouch for their general in his strong hold, and killed Cooper, he terminaled. We omitted to state before Jum-

On the 29th, a detachment of our army or alive. exceeding one section. An affidavit is re-fell in with a party of Indians and Negroes. e proceeded to vote accordingly, the result farm, and not for speculation, &c., and the where they were pursued by the Marines unquired that the land is sought to enlarge his who fled into the Big Cypress Swamp, of the 2d inst. took 10 negro prisoners, 250 country der Col. Henderson, and a number of Creek 5. A parent, being a citizen of the Uni- Indians. A skermish ensued which resulted OSCEOLA SURRENDERS.—Since orders a ted States, may enter land for his children, in our losing two Marines killed and three writing the above, we learn, that a letter fidence. ent to come till the child becomes of age. were pursued until dark, when our men re- this city, from the army containing the grat-

land to be taxable by State authority from women, and children; about 100 ponies, 50 Chief formed himself into line—leaned himand 28th.

From the declarations, of prisoners, it with all the grace of a fallen hero was believed that the Indians were desirous of peace. A runner was despatched with a The Chair presented a communication message from the General to the Chief Junor of Arkansas, in relation to public buil-have a talk upon the subject. The runder these qualities 1d per lb. since Friday; all other dedings at Little Rock. Laid on the table, returned the day following, and stated that scriptions of Cotton, although firm in price remain and ordered to be printed. Potitions praying for the abolition of Jumper could be found in the course of the lange 7 a 91d; and of which 1000 were on specular following day—that he would see him and de-tion, and including 2000 low and middle. American liver Gen. J's. message.

gain sent out, and returned accompanied by Abraham, who stated that Jumper, owing to By Mr. Webster: Some half dozen, from Abraham, who stated that Jumper, owing to hia, 10 a.11d; 20 Laguira, 10d; 200 Carthagena, 7½; several thousand ladies of Boston, from oth-ill health, had been unable to come in with 200 Egyptan, 10.3-4 a 11d; and 200 Surat 4½ a 6½d. or persons in Massachusetts and other parts him, but would come in on the 29th. Out the trade being attending to their interests in Manof the country. that day as Officer of the General Staff was pear to be active. Sales, 3,000. All which petitions were not received, the sent out to meet the Chiefs. Jumper, Allinotions to receive them being laid on the gator, Abraham, and two subordinates, were conducted to within half a mile of the Army, where they encamped and were met by Gen.

In the talk which ensued, Gen. J. stated that if they were desirous of peace, on the great extent condition of fulfilling the late Treaty, it there to be but 5 feet water, and falling. The Ohio would be granted them. Jumper stated in still closed by ice above, and much running low down his reply, that he had no authority to enter the river.

It is said there are from 70 to 80 boats aground in into terms, as the power of deciding on peace the river, on account of the low stage of or war was vested in Micanopy, the prin-others detained by the ice. to report the proceedings. He expressed thould be abolished within her limits. Laid limself favorable to peace, as did also the limits that may not be caused by the great speculations in the table.

Mr. Hendricks also presented a petition: were visited by several friendly Creeks, who were visited by several friendly Creeks, who past or not, we leave to indee, but we should were decidedly of opinion that they were for the subject than ourselves to judge, but we should think, that a large proportion of the Banking capital

Jumper and alligator promised to send the greater part of which is unproductive; it must ef-The result of the conference was, that the is entertained that the removal of these tur-board of brokers report 13,000, that is no doubt the bulent Chiefs will speedily be effected.

From the Augusta Sentinel, Feb. 16. HGHLY IMPÖRTANT FROM FLOR-IDA! OSEGLA SURRENDERED!!!

received the Savannah Georgian, and a slip cient to show the state of the market, which is said to from the Savannah Republican of yesterday on the inferior qualities,—say under tair—fair and upmorning, containing the gratifying intelligence that the Florida War has finally ter-minated by the surrender of Osceola and his fered, and full prices asked. The sales we hear of

GLORIOUS NEWS.

IMPORTANT FROM FLORIDA. rom Black Creek, we have received the folowing particulars.

On the 2d inst. Gen. Jesup encountered umper and Alligator, who commanded a body of Indians amounting to about 100 The General routed them and took 50 persons. On the 4th Jumper and Alligator gave themselves up with the remnant of their and. These warriors stated to the Gene-

Jumper and Alligator also state that the day, in urging him to introduce his resolution, and wise encumber the land, or any part of it. We feel encouraged by the resolution with draw it, if it did not previously purchased or entered under this act, any public land, which together the remarks of the gentleman from Kentingery of the remarks of the gentleman from Kentingery of the remarks of the gentleman from Kentingery of the must then pay the money. The resolution was before that he is, at least 21 years of age, and has not previously purchased or entered under this act, any public land, which together with what he now huys, would exceed two with what he now huys, would exceed two our publication day from Saturday to Thursday. Our publication day from Saturday to Thursday to Thursday. Our publication day from Saturday to Thursday. Our publication day from Saturday to Thursday to Thursday. Our publication day from Saturday to Thursday. Our publication day from Saturday to Thursday. Our publication day from Saturday to Thursday to Thursday. Our previously purchased or entered. Under the Indians were humbled that the the indians were humbled that the spectation day from the from the previously purchased or entered. Under the Indians were humbled that the thursday and tho Receiver, with the consent of the Register issued on Thursday the 16th. We feel encouraged by that they would, with his permission, bring the liberal patronage thus far extended to us, to spare in Powel. by fair means if possible, if not they would use stratagem or force. They tendered their families as hostages, and their offer was accepted.

Gen. Jesup has thus covered himself with glory for their can be no doubt that he will containing fifty or sixty acres, twelve of which eventually have the have the haughty and malignant, but truly heave Occade within his power. We are glad that Jesup has suc-miles from Mallory's Mill. purchase money.—If he dies within the five years, and his death shall be proved within six years from the date of the receipt, the lington with despatches.

Stanton, late Adjutant Gener-succeeded. One of our Generals, at least, At the same time and place he will sell all his stock, consisting of CATTLE, SHEEP, and not doing his duty. What Clinch, Gaines.

Terms of sale.—A credit fintil the first of and Scott and a fair consist of the receipt, the lington with despatches. By the politeness of this gentleman, we complished, Gen. Jesup has been enabled giving bond with approved security.

GEORGE W. BAGBY. have received the following gratifying intel-to perform. The stain which has blotted the ligence of the operation of our forces in national escueheon, that of permitting a hand Florida, which at length reflect a dawning of savages to burn our habitations, and dehope of a cessation of hostilities with the stroy our citizens with impunity, is at least wiped off.

Our correspondents need be under no apprehension, respecting the truth of our state from his late excursion into the very heart of correctness. The Cemulgee brings official wife, and an inferior Chief called Euchec per and Alligator selected on the 18th of the current month as the day on which they were to meet Gen. Jesup, with Osccola, dead or alive.

AND OUR FRIENDS IN THE COURT.

THE Undersigned having purchased an interest in Messrs Clark and Peters extensive Ware House in this place, offer our services as or alive.

Receiving & forwarding Agents Charlie, with some fifteen or twenty women the current month as the day on which they

poneys, and 1000 head of cattle.

STILL BETTER. OSCEOLA SURRENDERS .- Since

of which were laden with packs, and about self against a tree-and when the U. S. offi-1400 head of cattle were taken on the 27th cer, who was deputed to receive him came up, he approached him, and gave up his rifle, Darien Telegraph.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, Jan. 3. The relative light stock of low and middle Ameriver Gen. J's. message.

On the following day, a messenger was a sales were 5,500 chiefly American, range 7d a 10d of other kinds included in this estimate, there were 200 Pernam 11½ a 12½; 20 Maranham, 11 a 11½; 150 Ba-

> From the New Orleans Bec, February 11. REMARKS.

We do not discover that there has been any improvement in business since our last weekly report, it still continues languid, and sales with few exceptions are confined to city supplies or for a circle of no

Western produce may til a rise in the rivers, and their becoming free from ice. s loaned out, for the purpose of speculating in land

The transactions of the week as far as we could case, for we have always been under the impression has been reported, and do not think this occurrence any thing new. There is however, one thing we would state that there are many sales made which are not reported to the board, we may therefore infer that they exceeded that amount. We are under the impression By the Savannah mail this evening, we that the sales which come to our knowledge are suffi-

were as follows, viz: 48 bales Mississippi a 181; 56 a 18, 86 a 17¹, 967 a 17, 37 a 16 3-4, 10 a 15 3-4, 1300 a The following article from the Darien 18, 86 a 174, 967 a 17, 37 a 16 3-4, 10 a 15 3-4, 1300 a 153, 103 a 15 3-4, 38 a 15 1, 111 a 15, 250 a 14 1, 59 a 14 2, 400 a 13 2, 998 a 13 1, 140 a 13 2, 1469 a 13, 908 a 12 3-4, 418 a 121, 144 a 123, 21 a 11 3-4, 410 a 13 3-4, 1659 prices not transpired, 61 Mississippi and Louisiana 91, 307 Miss and Nashville 12, 335 Louisiana 171, 1100 By the Steamer Ocmulgee, Capt. Black | 95, 307 Miss and Nashville 12, 335 Louisiana 171, 1100 a 161, 60 a 14, 527 Tennessee a 121, 49 W. District a enship, arrived yesterday, (Sunday,) direct | 121, 39 a 12, 206 Alabama price not transpired, 16

Exas a 14.

It will be perceived that the sales range from 12½ to 4 3-4c, but a small quantity under 121, over 15 3-4 aout 2500 bales.

Exports this week 24388 bales.

N. O. Bee of 13th. SALES OF COTTON ON SATURDAY. 707 bales Mississippi price not known. do do 42 do 35 do do Louisiana not known.

From the N. O. Bee of the 14th. SALES OF COTTON YESTERDAY. 553 bales Mississippi do do do do 24 3-4 16 do do and District do Louisiana W. District 1616

LAND FOR SALE. HE undersigned will offer for sale on the 15th of July next at his residence

A Tract of Land

malignant, but truly brave Osceola within from Mallory's Mill to Robinson's bridge, 12

March 11th, 1837-n8-6t. EXAMINATION.

An examination of the pupils of Mr. Samuel Longnecker's Writing School, will take place at the Academy on Thursday evening next at 4 o'-clock. The citizens of Jacksonville, and all others so disposed are repectfully invited to attend. EXAMINERS

DR. M. SMITH, John Cochran, DR. M. BURT, Wm. Estill, Joseph Wilson. M. M. Houston,

To Cotton Growers. AND OUR FRIENDS IN THE COUTRY.

Gen. Jesup, we are informed, in the action for our country friends, and solicit a share of pat-of the 2d inst. took 10 negro prisoners, 250 ronage. They will also ship Cotton for the up Cotton planters, at the shortest notice, o any of the Northern States, and with the least

xpense, and hope by a strict adherense to their orders and insterest, to gain a share of public con-NICHOLS, POOR & HALL.

Jan. 28, 1837. n6 4t.

The Talladega and Jacksonville papers will 6. Purchases may be made in quarter turned to head quarter's, having captured ifying intelligence that Osceola has come in-gree the above four insertions, and forward their

SANTA ANNA.

The N. O. Bulletin of the 7th inst., has distinguished personage:

of Santa Anna has reached Mexico, and is greeted with public expressions of joy and sufferings and privations, have been immense, leave any further doubt as to the reception he will meet with upon his arrival at home:

We hope to see the settlers at rest. Their news.

It is reported also that Gen. Santa Anna he had every opportunity of seeing the property that has been destoyed, is will arrive at Vera Cruz about the middle treatment of various diseases, as well as a thorefore one of the funds of the Gov-immediately to the Presidency.

We hope to see the settlers at rest. Their news.

It is reported also that Gen. Santa Anna he had every opportunity of seeing the property flow from the property that has been destoyed, is will arrive at Vera Cruz about the middle treatment of various diseases, as well as a thorefore one of the funds of the Gov-immediately to the Presidency.

We hope to see the settlers at rest. Their news.

It is reported also that Gen. Santa Anna he had every opportunity of seeing the property flow from the property that has been destoyed, is will arrive at Vera Cruz about the middle treatment of various diseases, as well as a thorefore one of the funds of February, and that he will be appointed out the mediately to the Presidency.

We hope to see the settlers at rest. Their news.

It is reported also that Gen. Santa Anna he had every opportunity of seeing the property flow for the funds of February as well as a thorefore of the funds of February as well as the property flow for the funds of the fund he will meet with upon his arrival at home: be made them, out of the funds of the Gov-immediately to the Presidency. He is to be received as the virtual head of ernment, provided it can be equally and the nation and will no doubt continue to exwhich belonged to him prior to his late reverses in Texas. What, it is asked will be tosh who had occasion to descend in a diving the course he will pursue? Will he be for Centralism, Republicanism or Despotism of a sea wall, found the sun's rays so much the course he course he course he course he course he will pursue? Will he be for the purpose of laying the foundation of a sea wall, found the sun's rays so much the course he cour orcise the same authority on the country Centralism, Republicanism or Despotism of a sea wall, found the sun's rays so much these are questions which time alone can answer, but for the solution of which we shall look with much impatience. Treacherous as laborer's clothes when exposed to the focal he may have been heretofore, the lessons his misfortunes have taught him the obligations under water. he is under to Texas, and the solemn guarantee he has doubtless offered at Washington, will compell him for once in spite of himself, to be faithful. Can be maintain his Brig Southampton, arrived at this port a authority and be the friend of Texas? Jud- few days since, informs us that on the 15th ging by the accounts received, we would rea- January. in lat. 20, 12, Ion. 65, 15, he exdily presume he may. The unlimited sway he formerly possessed must in a great meas-five seconds, causing the vessel to tremble ure be resumed. Bustamente is not in his much, during the time of the shock a noise way and if he were, Santa Anna who has resembling that of stones rolling over each once vanquished him would not fail to effect other, was heard undr the vessel's bottom. it again, weak, silly and cowardly as some The weathe weather was perfectly clear and would have him to be.

Beside Bustamente, Santa Anna has no rival to fear, and once more in favor, and he must be so for the remainder at least of his against an overthrow, and may if he please demand from the Mexican people the recognition of Texas as a separate government. He would perhaps risk something in making the requisition, national pride stung by defeat, might murmur, and the disaffected loudly exclaim; but to brave these will be wiser than to incur the enmity of Texas. He has tried and experienced her moral superiority. and would have just reason to believe that her heroic armies indignant at his faithlessness, would bend their victorious course toward the ancient empire of the Montezumas. and wrest from him amid the ruins of his

SANTA ANNA-TEXAS.

on Wednesday last is generally known. scrutinize into his PRIVATE transactions. We under There can be no doubt that Santa Anna will stand, that among the questions put to Mr. Woodbury cherish with good faith the conditions of his liberation by the Texian Government, and that his interviews with the President of the so novel, if not extraordinary, that he was not certain United States will result in a recognition of the independence of Texas by Mexico and the U. States: and that this was the preferation of the U. States: and that this was the preferation of the Committee, that he would answer ble mode which induced the President to dis-courage any hasty action on the subject in his late message. Agreed! we hear resound-his late message. Agreed! we hear resound-field to State most distinctly, that no sort of connexion, ed by all true friends of Texas; and may she except an official one, as agent for the Deposite Banks, hold herself aloof from ontangling foreign alliances, in future, and maintain her seperate independence, with a single bright star in the galaxy of Republics, distinguished by its own brilliant halo.

[Washingtonian.

SANTA ANNA left Washington on the SANTA ANNA left Washington on the Sthult. accompanied by Almonte, passing through Baltimore on his way to Norfolk. At Baltimore he embarked on the steamer Pocahontas, which had to anchor offolk. At Baltimore he embarked on the steamer Pocahontas, which had to anchor offolk. The Rocks," in the bay, being unable to make her way through the ice. It is supposed the departure of the Mexican Chief has been hastened by the intelligence of the return of Bastamente to Mexico, and the political incidents that followed. The Globe says Santa Anna and Almonte will be conveyed to Vera Cruz in the U. S. brig Pioneer.

Committee ought not to pretend to scrutinuze the private transactions of society.

Still more—the violence which has been exhibited in the Committee by Mr. Peyton particularly, and Mr. Wise, is utterly inexcusable. Abusive epithets are in the Committee which the contract of a ssault are outrageous.—They reflect no credit upon the members who use them—and none upon the Committee which tolerates them. There is a parliamentary dignity which ought apprised to fifty dollars, January 28th, 1837.

JOHN S. WILSON, Clerk.

The Alexandria Gazette (a Whig paper) says truly, that "the violent language and conduct used by Mess." beyton and Wise towards Mr. Reuben M. Whitney, all ready detailed in this Gazette, as having occurred in the Committee room, are generally disapproved of and condemned. Such a course can never effect any good, and only recoils upon those who are betrayed by their tempers and feelings into these departures from propriet and decorum."

The National Gazette, (another Whig paper,) speaks SANTA ANNA left Washington on the vate transactions of society.

can Republic, for the lands of Texas, subject to the ratification of both Governments.—

The communication further states, that in all such breach should be such breach and the worst example.

WM. ARNOLD, LIEUT. Col. account, which we have elsewhere heard, that weapons were drawn by both parties, be true, the proceeding is still more reprehensible. The production of pistols and the use of coarse threats is of the worst example.

The Cotton Growers. The communication further states, that in an another use of coarse through the conferences which have taken place on the conferences which have taken place on the subject, between the parties, the Texian the subject, between the parties, the Texian They are too conspicuous and audible when they happened in Messrs Clark and Peters extensive Ware Minister was present. The amount of pur-pen in the chase money agreed on, is said to be eight Mr. Po millions—five millions to Mexico, and three The millions to Texas, to defray the expences of actor her war. It is also stated that Santa Anna will leave the United States for Tampico on board of one of the vessels of the U States, called the Pioneer, and thus receive the protection of the America Flag, until

Norrolk, Feb. 1. Departure of Santa Anna .- The U. S. since then I have received intellig Barque Pioneer, Lieuf. Condt. Tatnall, the Consul of the U. States, at the Uhaving on board Gen. Sanfa Anna and Col. (City af Mexico,) confirming the insur-Almonte, got under weigh from the naval tion in that province.
anchorage yesterday morning at half past ?

It is also declared, that Peru had declared. o'clock, in tow of the steam-boat Patrick war against Chili. Mexico. Gen Santa Anna embarked on ernment was immediately made to the au-Monday evening.—Beacon. thorities at this place, to receive his Excel-

The disturbances in the Creek nation lency, in the event of his landing at Vera have been brought to a close. Capt. Page, Cruz, with all the honors due to him as Presthe following information in relation to this as we learn, is busily engaged in collecting ident of the Republic. the Indians together preparatory to the entire The National Flag which has been kept emigration of the tribe, across the Mistal mast since his capture at St. Jacinto,

We hope to see the settlers at rest. Their news. equitably arranged .- Montgomery Allv.

converged by the convex glass which served ment for the prosecution of the operations many have been cured by this that have been as a window to the machine; as to burn the against Texas, which so far as the navy is and without any of the civils that often follow point, and whilst the machine was 25 feet fact the wheels of government are completely mend to all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia,

NORFOLK, FEB. 7 .- Remarkable Phenomenon at Sea .. - Capt. Richardson, of perienced a severe shock which lasted about ight winds.

Some Æronauts ascend in a balloon recently, and landed on the following day at Weltime, he will take care to fortify himself burg, Germany-traversing a distance of four hundred miles in seven hours.

> Natthias, the "Prophet."-We learn that this notorious personage is now in Baltimore. some followers among the mass of our population!—Balt. Patriot.

More than thirty colleges have been brought into operation within the last twenty years, besides numberless common schools. and academies, and schools of Medicine, of Law, and of Theology.

≪(10)≥ SCENES AT WASHINGTON.

The Northern newspapers are teeming with accounts of the goings on of the Committees of Investigation at own power, the acknowledgement of their of the goings on of the Committees of Investigation at freedom. Such a thing is not impossible. Washington. They give sketches, more or less vague, of the replies of the President, and Mr. Woodbury, and the questions proposed to Mr. Whitney.—The last has published in the Globe, a copy of his Protest, The arrival of the President of Mexico handed in to the Committee, disclaiming their right to

and we are also clear, that Congress out to regulate, as far as they possibly can, the relations between the Treasury and the Deposite Banks, &c. &c.—but the

* show his weapons, it is truevrevent it. and must re-act upon th

Sir. - My last accou. 3d inst., informed you tha had secoded from the genera.

Henry, and proceeded down to Hampton Intelligence having been conveyed to the Roads, where she anchored, and soon after Capital that Gen. Santa Anna was liberated. fired a salute in honor of the reception on and was on has way to the city of Washingboard of the President of the Republic of ton, U. S., an order from the Supreme Gov-

By a letter published below, from the sissippi. Those who have committed murBulletin Board of the Merchants Exchange, ders, and other high crimes, will be retained days of festivity and general rejoicing have come fully acquainted with the Thompsonian Syslibraries here had on the occasion of the late

of the executive.

The authorities appeared to wish to with hold from the public all knowledge of its advantage. Relief is generally given and perfect Minion; and Brevier Greek, Hebrew and Saze. that it will be entirely remodelled by Gen. Santa Anna on his arrival.

There are various conjectures in regard to the political course that will be pursued to attend promptly to any call, without laboring by Santa Anna on resuming the reigns of government. It is believed by same that he grows to address the residence is in the south-western part of the establishment. may endeavor to strengthen his party by uniting the liberal and centralists, under a mon-found unless necessarily absent. Many certificates that the central system will be maintained in part of the community to show the efficacy of part of the United States, or the Canadas, what the central system will be maintained in part of the community to show the efficacy of part of the United States, or the Canadas, what the central system will copy the above advertisement—times, and follower and victors at third party is willing the medicine, and his general success in using the following the community to show the efficacy of part of the United States, or the Canadas, what the central system will be maintained in part of the community to show the efficacy of part of the United States, or the Canadas, what the central system will copy the above advertisement—times, and the community to show the efficacy of part of the United States, or the Canadas, what the central system will copy the above advertisement—times, and the community to show the efficacy of part of the United States, or the Canadas, what the community is shown to be community to show the efficacy of the community to show the community to show the community to show the efficacy of the community to show the efficacy of the community to show the community to show the efficacy of the united States, or the Canadas, which is the community to show the community to show the efficacy of the community to show the c full force and vigor; a third party is willing to believe that the federal government re- established, of which Texas is to be admitted as an integral part—a 4th party is appreensive, that he may enter into a compact with Texas under the guarantee of the Uniand-will it be credited?-that he has found ted States government to acknowledge Its independence and re-establish the Constitution of 1835, now desired by a majority of the people.

notice. THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE Jacksonville Male Academy

Has commenced, and is now open for the recepperintendence of Joseph Wilson. March 4th, 1837.

STATE OF ALABUMA, ? CHEROKEE COUNTY, STAKEN UP by Micajah Webb a Brown Mare, supposed to be ix years old, four feet nine inches righ, branded on the right shoulder and hip with the letters H D appraised to twen -seven dollars, 15th August, 1836.

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ? TAKEN UP by Abijah Davis, a Chesnut country. o seventy dellars 31st January, 1837. JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

Marnh 4, 1837 .- 3t.¶

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,) CHEROKEE COUNTY.

TAKEN UP by James Owen, a Light Bay Horse, left hind foot tail, about fifteen hands high, a thite, long tail, dark mane and

House in this place, offer our services as Receiving & forwarding Agents for our country friends, and solicit a share of pat-ronage. They will also ship Cotton for the up Cotton planters, at the shortest notice,

to any of the Northern States, and with the least expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their orders and insterest, to gain a share of public con-NICHOLS, POOR & HALL.

⁴an. 28, 1837. The Talladega and Jacksonville papers will hove four insertions, and forward their

> OTICE. persons from trading for a

drawn in favor of Mark B. Russel, for fifty dollars, for which said Note was givnplied with, I am determin-ompelled by law. AMES B. RUSSEL.

TENG. AND BESPATCH,

ville and Benton county, to prastice med-

tem of medicine—having spent considerable time of medicine—having spent considerable time riner body; Bourgeois on Brevier on pwith the agency at Louisville, Kentucky, where registrospecies from the property of the propert Two other candidates are spoken of viz. Parris and Bravo neither of whom, it is in addition to his general success in the treatment He had tendered his sword to the govern-system of medicine may be cured by this, and and without any of the evils that often follow concerned, are for the present suspended; in the use of Calomel. He would therefore recomat a stand, awaiting the arrival and dictation Asthma, Consumption, Rheumatism, Erysipolas and all cronic diseases or breast complaints, as well as all other forms of disease, to make an early application, as they will find it greatly to their tion of a recovery remained.

hroper medicines.)
His residence is in the south-western part of the town of Jacksonville, where he may always be archial government, while others contend might be produced from the most respectable same, but they are deemed unnecessary.

Feb. 11, 1837 .- n4 tf.

REMOVAL.

The undersigned respect fully informs the citizens

general assortment of Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Harness, Wieins, &c. Of superior finish and workmanship. Orders for

any work in his line will be promptly attended to. His terms are cash for Harness and all repairing. E CUNNINGHAM.

Feb. 11, 1837—n4—tf.

Committed to the Jail of Jacksonville Benton County Alabama, on Saturday the 21st day of January 1837, a negro man, who calls his name Tom, about 40 or 45 years of age, and says he be-engs to a man by the name of Samuel Puckett, he has two fore teeth out below, and his upper fore teeth very wide apart, about five feet high and stout built; dark complection, though not very a Chesnut sorrel Horse, sup-black. He says his master bought him of a Mr. posed to be Ten years old, fifteen hands and a half high, appraised left him while on his way to Mississippi.

The owner of the above described negro, is lealt with according to law.
FIELDING SNOW, Jailor.

January 28, 1836 .- n2-tf.

norice. AKEN up and now in Jail in the Quarto Library will be an entirely distinct periodical county of Walker, Georgia, a Negro man about twenty-three years of age who calls his name SANCHO, WALDIE'S LIBRARY OMNIBUS will be issued of Autauga, County, Alabama—about five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, a scar over his the largest size. It will contain. left eye.—The owner is requested to come forward pay charges and take him away.

Z. P. SHIRLEY, Juilor. January 5th, 1837 .- tf.

DAVID HUBBARD, et als.

In Equity. Wm, B. McCLELLAN, et als. Circuit Court, Full Term, 1836

ON motion of the Complainants by their counsel tempers and feelings into these departures from property and decorum."

TEXAS.

A letter has reached this place, which states, that it is confidently believed at Washington City, that the President of the United States, has entered into a contract with Gensal Santa Anna, the President of the Mexican Panullic for the lands of Texas sphing.

Itempers and feelings into these departures from proportions from proportions from proportions. The public arms can be procured by and it fully appearing to the satisfaction of the Knational Gazette, (another Whig paper,) speaks their respective Captains, to whom they will be their respective Captains, to whom they will be delivered. Cefaulters at our last muster will be continued on the proper authority to attend on the manner described below. Mr. Peyton's personal griefs from proportion of the Satisfaction of the Court, that Richard M. Peters, James Peters, Jame J. Golightly, Robert Meigs, Warren Harris, A. Patterson, P. Reagan, R. H. Thatcher, Thos. Morgan, B. Smith, John Carmichael, Alfred George, and R. Walker, are not residents of the State of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the Court that each and all of the foregoing persons, who are Defts, to the above entitled suit, do appear on the first day of the next term of the Circ pear on the first day of the next term of the Cirafter the fourth Monday in March next, at the Court House in the town of Jacksonville, in the said Court there sitting, and theu and there to answer and plead to the said Bill of Complt. filed in the above entitled suit, or on failure thereof, it is ordered that said Bill be taken for confessed It is further ordered, that this order be pub-

lished in the Jacksonville Regis for six weeks Address, post paid, successively.

A true copy from the minutes.

Attest. JAMES CROW, Clk.
Jan. 21, 1837—6t—\$10 50.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons are hereby notified, that Letters of Administration upon the estate of John V. Ingraham, deceased, were duly granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of February, 1837. All persons indebted to said estate are 1837. All persons indepted to said estate are requested to come forward, and make payment. Those having claims against the estate are requested to present them properly authenticated for payment, within the time limited by law, or the same will be barred.

JOSEPH BROWN,

Administrator of the estate of John V. Ingraham, dec'd. Feb. 15th, 1837-6t.

To Printers & Publishers.

HE Subscribers have just connected their Specimen Book of light faced Book and Printing Types, Flowers and Ornaments, the tents of which are herewith partially given Diamend; Pearl, No. 1 and 2; Agate, No. & 3: Agate on Nonpariel body; Nonpariel, No. 1 2 3 & 4; Minion on R vier body; Brevier on Minion body, Nos. 12 4; Brevier on Bourgeois body; Brevier on I. on English body; English No. 1 & 2; Great er; Paragon; Double English; Double Para Cannon; Five lines Pica, to twenty, 5, 7, 9 & lines Pica ornamental; 6, 7, 9, 12 & 15 lines Pic sliaded; 8, 10, 12 & 16 lines Antique shaded,

Also a large and beautiful collection of flower rom Pearl to seven line Pica, many of which an not to be found in any other specimen; a new sortment of ornamental dashes; a variety of cast borders; near two hundred thousand metal orn ments; brass rule; leads of various thickness; A tronomical, Mathematical, and physical sign Diamond and Nonpariel music of various kinds Great Primer and double Pica scripts on inclin ody: Antiques: light full face roman and alics; Nonpariel, Minion, Bre vier, Long Primer, Small Pica; Minion, Brevier, Long Primer, Pica and other blacks, Nonparie

tion of a recovery remained.

He has now on hand a good assortment of Medicines, and has sent on to the North for a general supply of genuine medicines. he will be able furnished to contain and Portuguese and Portuguese.

T-Proprietors of newspapers printed in an part of the United States, or the Canadas, which forward a copy containing the same, will be contled to their pay in any Type cast at our Foundar provided they take twice their amount of bill

Waldie's Literary Omnibus.

fully informs the citizens of flacksonville and the adjoining country, that he has removed his Saddler shop to bring literature to every man's door." That the South part of the Town, on the East side of broad Street, one door North of the Printing Office. He will still continue to all. We now propose still further to reduce make and keep on hand a prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto Library, a volume weekly for two cents a day, we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than four cents a week, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of education, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetit that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great'a favorite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week in January,

1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper also filled with books, the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of novels, tales, voyages, travels, &c. select in their character, joined with reading such as usually should fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enlive requested to come forward, prove property, and and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, appay charges, and take him away, or he will be at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would a larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall account knowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." No book which appears in Waldie's farther go." N

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London dudecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., and only chargeable with newspaper postage.

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches; notices of books and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded to one address. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars, single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibiting paying a discount. Subscribers to the Library or Port Polio, two dollars and a half. Mail remittancee to be Post Paid.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until

the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non-fulment can be felt. The Omnibus will be reularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volums of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above

"46 CARPENTER St. Philadelphia. 17 Editors throughout the Union, and Canada will confer a favor by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for

Of every description neatly exccuted, & kept constantly on hand for sale at this Office.

Officers in the adjoining counties can be furnished with such blanks as they use, upon the shortest netice, & on reasonable terms.

A SHOW WE WAR TO SHEET THE SHEET THE

PRINTER, AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURBAY

s paid in advance; and no subscription discontinintil all arrearages are paid, unless at the option

harged accordingly.

ed for six or twelve months.

ost-Office, Jacksonville, Ala. ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS.

alladega Mail, due every Sunday at 5 P. M.
Departs every Monday at 8 A. M.
in's Valley Mail, due every Saturday at 3 P.M.
Departs every Thursday at 8 A.M.
Lefonte Mail, due every Monday at 6 P.M.
Departs every Friday at 4 A.M.
Departs every Friday at 4 A.M. Departs every Friday at 4 A.M. Closes every Thursday at 9 P. M.

smille Mail, due-Departs tolph C. H. Mail, due-

Departsoun Mail, due every Wednesday at 6 P. M. hour before the contract time of departing JNO. D. HOKE, P. M.

Store House formerly Messrs. Green vson's now HOKE & ABERNATHY.
30, 1837.

> PROSPECTUS OFTHE

Jacksonville Republican.

-659cumstances having rendered it impracticable to me the publication of the "Jacksonville Registhe undersigned has determined to continue the ess in this place, by publishing a Political and ellaneous Newspaper of the above title; designmeet the wants, and advocate and sustain the ving interests of the people of this section of coun-

present is the closing scene of one administration, rief sketch of his past political principles, will permeasures of the present administration he has been istrate at the only election in which his age entihim to a vote. At the last Presidential election voted for Martin Van Buren, under an honest con on, that he would not disappoint the expectations ad given his friends reason to entertuin; and that ould administer the government upon those re lican principles, under which our country has ar d at the present unprecedented state of prosperi-Should these expectations prove to be well foundoval of the administration.

ith respect to State policy, this paper will, upon nitable occasions, advocate the important interests this city. ication and internal improvement, and such oth-

and in short, whatever can be procured and pub- a landing.

community, and also his having to rely more on state of excitement.

J. F. GRANT.

hed every Saturday, on a large imperial sheet, good paper, at Two Dollars and fifty cents in advance, or Three Dollars at the end of the year. No subscription received for less than one year unless paid in ad-

Administrator's Salc.

A Remnant of Goods; Tousehold Furniture,

Bacon, Corn, Cattle, Hogs, &c.

JOSEPH BROWN. ADMINISTRATOR. THE MANIAC OF NEW JERSEY.

lived in his house, with a pair of tongs, and married, and sir. James gove access, witnessed the superiority of our people. In are in the habit of doing, or press the earth beat her brans out upon the hearth. His his handsome farm, adjoining his owners, Sale support of this he mentioned a very amusing down with my foot, until the hole is filled in fact of twelve families from the United States of the surface of the ground. After save the life of the old lady, Taylor next since their marriage. Mrs. It has borne her made towards him, and seizing a butcher Since their marriage, Mrs J has borne her on the Galf of California. knife from off the table, overcome the man, husband two line boys, the youngest being at Those twelve families ha and cut his throat from car io car! He ther present but two months old. But let us give independence, erected a seperate Republic, returned to the body of his murdered moth. the history of Jackson, as how discovered elected a President, and bid defiance to the er; which he threw upon the fire; and soon by his own confession, and by the appearance Mexican. Government. Among them were er; which he threw upon the are; and soon of a person in this community, who has turn a lexical Government. Among them were after fired the building, which before assis. If a person in this community, who has turn a great great great the building, which before assis.

iometime, in fear of their lives.

last made him a complete madman, so that is became imposible for his wife and children to live in the house—the sold and children to live in the house in Midle town. When he was taken into custody about six weeks ago, and confined in the Alms-house in Midle detown. When he was arrested he swore lie was the daughter to her own father, that it was with much difficulty she was persuaded to return to the house of Mr. James. Jack-and rode up and demanded their surrender. the commencement of a new one is near at hand, though he was insane, she persuaded her s be a sufficient index to the future. To the lead- furn and live with her at Red Bank; and a week or two after Mrs. T's arrival here she ormly friendly, and voted for the present -Chief senthome the little boy & girl. These, with the hired man, composed the entire family, be-sides the mother, which Laylor found at his house, on his discharge from the alms-house. after a months confinement le was dischar-Bed because keepers thought that he was perfeetly same and rational,

When he effered the house, his mother told him that Mrs. Taylor had gone to New York, when his malady again seized him e will at all times take pleasure in manifesting his and he swore he would have her life. Without stopping to enquire the street or number in which she lived, he set off post hast for

Meeting one of his friends aboard the particular to loosen the soil around them with past help, restored to fine condition by similar to advance the happiness and prosperity of the recovered. joked him, a little and remarked, had to imitate his example; ones was in the the root and prevents the large roots from Any one can satisfy their curiosity by in-"I suppose you are going to York to kill your wife?" The maniae's eyes glistened by political doctrine, will be cheerfully inserted with desire for revenge but his cunning paper; at the same time its columns will be vig thoughts kept him from violence. He anflantly guarded against personal invective and abuse. swered the query very sharply-remarking a portion of its columns will be occupied with the that he would cut any man's throat who innets of the day, both foreign and domestic; Agricul-Sulted him, and extending the same threat to tific, and moral subjects; biographical and histor-frightened that he left the steambout, a few convinced them that none would be askedketches; the latest improvements in the mechanic moments after, the boat happening to make

ong practical experience in the printing business It is unnecessary to repeat the horrible any uncommon advantages either of talent or ed-details of the tragedy which was enacted bility, will insure him that liberal patronage, which it he fired after murdering them—the two chilan Fnglishman.

Taylor is a fine looking man, about 3: Years of age. He has been airested, and is JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN, will be in prison at Middletown. [N. Y. Sun.

From the Western Pioneer TRUTH IS STRANGER THAN FIG.

TION.

Under this ominous head, the Hamilton

of this village. He represented himself to such a people!" be from Orange County, New York, by This was afterwards mentioned to Santa heap the dirt in order to have it dry. I like horse, the grub will live for days. Solutions name, Alexander Jackson, After living Anna, when he burst out in a torrent of rage to have the earth moist, but not wet; if it is of arsenic, corrosive sublimate, spirits of ERMS OF SALE: All sums under five dol with Mr. Janes until January, 1884, he against his own officers—declaring that too moist it will not pack well around the turpentine &c. spend their powers in vain s, cash in hand; all sums over, on a credit of purchased a farm about nine miles distant while his officers had been mulinying because Before I commence setting, I draw in about upon them. The only way is to decoy them, oved security.

The only way is to decoy them, oved security and shortly afterwards off the could not procure them wine and all the two inches or more, (which depends upon the by administering something to induce them from this place, and shortly afterwards of he could not procure them wine and all the two inches or more, (which depends upon the by administering something to induce them cred his hand in marriage to a young woman luxuries of a city life—the Texian officers depth of the hole.) of loose fine soil, and to relinquish their hold upon the coat of the who resided in Mr. James' family—an adop and soldiers had been contented to live and spread it even on the bottom; I then pull up stomach, and expel them. Many of the ted daughter of Mr. James, in fact, she went endure the fatigues of a campaign on dry the stake, and if the tap root is large, I symptoms are so similar to those of the col-

BY J. GRANT.

SHOCKING AND UNPARALLELED MURBER to its vicinity knew, until requity, but that who have once enjoyed liberty, know its press the tree down so that the brace roots she was a natural daughter of that gentle, and it all arrearages are paid, unless at the option received not less than one year that the brace roots are paid, unless at the option received not less than one year than the bottom; then I have a was a natural daughter of that gentle, and it all arrearages are paid, unless at the option received not less than one year than the bottom; then I have a was a natural daughter of that gentle, and who it is said had been subjected to the unature.

Terms of Advertising.

Terms of Advertising.

Terms of Society for the subject of the united states over the Mexican race. He said had often the subject of the subject of the subject of the subject of the superiority of our people. In handsome farm, adjoining his owners, subject of this handsome farm, adjoining his owners, subject of the superiority of our people. In handsome farm, adjoining his owners, subject of this handsome farm, adjoining his owners, subject of this handsome farm, adjoining his owners, subject of the subject of the subject of the tree down being the faller to waste to wall to wall an intelligation.

While in by the name of Sarah James, and no person corn!! What a lesson for a despot! Men make the hole larger to receive it. I then after fired the building, which before assis. of a person in this community, who may carry the building, which before assis. of a person in this community, who may carry and use carrived was enveloped in flames. His domestic joys into a cup of bitter sive pearly fisheries, and were driving a brisk roots well extended; and whenever it is seed-trade with the consumed with its consumed with Further particulars show; that Taylor is not Jackson (and for the present we shall plying the whole western coast, in defiance year, man of respectable connections, and has suppress his real name.) During his boywed at Red Bank formany years. His father hood he became the father of a female child families so far removed from assistance, can Joun Mail, due every Wednesday at 6 P. M. left him alland some property, worth now portant behavior of respectable parentage:

Departs every Saturday at 6 A. M. left him alland some property, worth now portant behavior of the Mexicans who will have temeritated the mails except the Bellefonte mail-close flaps, eight thousand dollars. He has a wife mails except the Bellefonte mail-close flaps, eight thousand dollars. He has a wife mails except the Bellefonte mail-close flaps, eight thousand dollars. He has a wife mount of the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the mails except the Bellefonte mail-close flaps, eight thousand dollars. He has a wife mount of the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the mail of the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the mail of the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the mail of the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the mail of the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the mail of the Mexicans who will have temeritated to the mail of the mexicans who will have temeritated to the mail of the mexicans who will have temeritated to the mexicans who will have the mexicans when the mexicans and seven children - the oldest less than a doz- peeted townsman whom Jackson has hither to on years old. I'wo of his children, a boy called father in law. He soon left the scene fear from them? The POST OFFICE is removed to the angle girl were living at home when the of his disgrace, which is in Orange county Store House formerly Messrs. Green murders were committed. Their mother and N. Y., and afterwards, for many years lived their city of the state of the county of the wothers and sisters have resided in this city in the vicinity of Albany, where the individ-tremely well, and he had no doubt they would cometime, in fear of their lives. For a year or two past. Taylor has been real name. His name was also well known about the Guli of California. last-made him a complete madman, so that in daughter. Judge then of the agony of all of such an event, Mrs Taylor sold a portion to return to the house of Mr. James. Jack and rode up and demanded their surrender

lavorable reports in circulation both against tent. our esteemed fellow citizen, Mr. James, a well as Jackson. These reports we will not repeat—the narretive above given being sufficient to contradict them.

ANECDOTES OF THE SERVICE. After the battle of San Jacinto, one of the Texian soldiers was in conversation with a cowardice for retreating from such inferior

numbers. The Mexican soldier replied: Had we been situated as youwere, we could have fought too .- your General took the

your troops and ours.

General Santa Anna, at the battle of San. and when the words "Remember the Alamo!!" dropping to their knees and exclaiming, "me no Alamo! me no Alamo!!"

ether with an untiring zeal to promote all the great the bodies of the unfortunate victims were of San Jacinto, our army was reduced to veinterests of society, according to his best judgment and both consumed in Taylor's dwelling, which ryshort allowance: so much so that a few days previous to the battle no rations were is-Gazette (published at Stephensburgh, Ind. al for two days!! This was no jest, but an less the subsoil or pan is clay or gravel, and written in Europe. But to the point. absolute fact—he had been unwell on the day very hard and compact; In which case I The bot, or grub, the unconquerab The bottom of the highest bidder on Wednesday the fifth day of April next, at the seed of John V. Ingraham, deceased, the property of this noble animal, claims our first age, who soon after engaged himself to take to go down.

A Remnant of Goods:

In June, 1833, there arrived at Stevens of the battle, and had eat nothing, and con-loosen the bottom of the whole with a pick troyer of this noble animal, claims our first sequently had reserved his rations. Almonor bar, in order to give the tap root a chance attention. No inclicine has yet been discovered to kill this insect, that will not kill to another officer, we can never conquer to give the beds or holes several to go down.

Those twelve families had declared their troducing great quantities of goods and sup-clover, and plough it as often as every third

assured me that he had visited their city, that they were getting along ex-

Eurasiur Smith, better known as deuf

candid avowal of the future political course of her husband's property, and removed to this city with her children, his mother reports and from this avow in aining at home. As Taylor had never seem those disposed to patronize it; and from this avow in aining at home. As Taylor had never seem the publisher feels no disposition to shrink; but as ed vexed with the old laty, and as she did not country, so deen is their griefles. ed vexed with the old last, and as she did not entertain the slightest fear from him; part of the country, so deep is their grief to bring in his own. One of the officers though he was insure, she persuaded her shaughter-inlaw to let two of the children rethough he is not at present in foll practice.

The peace, and a lawyer of some eminence—though he is not at present in foll practice. The peace, and a lawyer of some eminence—though he is not at present in foll practice. We are induced to give these sorrowful and took him up behind him, on his own facts publicly, in consequence of divers un liorse, and took him to General Houston's

AGRICULTURAL.

From the Vermont Chronicle.

TRANSPLANTING FRUIT TREES Mr. Daniel Chandler, of the Farm School icar Boston, who says he has been personally engaged in transplanting trees, more or Mexican, and reproached him with their different methods that he ever saw or heard of, recommends in the New England Farmer, the following;

In starting trees from the nursery, I am particular to loosen the soil around them with have seen a peach tree, that we considered securely removed from danger. This is off with the dirt, when you lift the tree. Specting a poor looking peach orchard, what caused so gerat a disparity between an what caused so gerat a disparity between Then with a sharp spade I cut off all the horizontal roots I possibly can, at least 18 inches from the body of the tree, if the dis-Jacinto, gave orders to have his bugle sound tance between trees will admit; if the trees

which I tread down so as to leave it a little concave. If a tree has good roots, and the earth is packed well around it at the time of planting, it will not require staking. After the orchard is set, I think it best to keep the

From the New York Farmer. PEACH TREES.

Esteemed Friend,-If the following meth by enough to say that Texas has any thing to of of destroying the worms which infest each trees is worthy of insertion in the Farmer," it is at thy service. The experiment would probably succeed wherever it is tricd:

> In a recent conversation with an individial concerning fruit trees, he remarked that he had seen in the State of Pennsylvania, peach trees of such uncommon size, that he was induced to ask the owner what means he resorted to in raising them. After some hesitation, he informed him, that from the second year of the growth of the trees, he sought for traces of the gum, which is a sure indication of the worm beneath. He removed this so as to expose the aperture into the body of the tree, and then filled it with quick lime. This was repeated every month, the roots being carefully examined as well as the body. He also stated to my informant, that it would be impossible in many cases to find the worms on account of their diminutive size, they being so small at first as to be visible only with a powerful microscope.

The greater number of his peach trees were from ten to twelve years old, and seemingly as vigorous as any he had ever seen, with a large crop of fruit bending their bran-

ches to the ground.

A peach tree, it is said, bears only three years and is about that period in coming to maturity; whereas by the above plan, it will continue to produce fruit for a much longer period. The high prices paid for peaches in our large cities, ought to induce farmers to give a little consideration to the best methods of preserving their trees.

Burlington, Sept. 1st, 1836.

We are much obliged to friend J. C. for his communication We can testify the truth of his remarks from our own experience. We

Any one can satisfy their curiosity by in-

₹£® From the Weekly Messenger. THE FARMER.

DISEASE OF THE HORSE. for no quarters to be given. Our hoys soon are large I cut farther. I then raise the Perhaps no subject of the same importance tree perpendicular, or nearly so, by a steady and as easily acquired, is as little understood pull after which I immediately cover the by the Americans, as the one under considerosts with a wit mat, or some kind of rub- eration. We have but few scientific veteri-Taylor stopped in New York seeking our al, and was reiterated by every soldier in the publisher is sensible of the difficulties to be endeaded in an undertaking in which he must endead they who have studied the science; there are but they would be the ones to ask for quarters. To please such a variety of tastes as is to be found all of excitement.

Taylor stopped in New York seeking our al, and was reiterated by every soldier in the distance of the trees are to be transported any almost to every horse. Even among those distance they should be matted immediately, who have studied the science; there are but or if to head in, or transplant, no time should few who parsue the profession. In England. or if to head in, or transplant, no time should few who pursue the profession. In England, he lost, as the fresher the roots the better the trees will thrive. Before planting I trim both root and ble and lucrative. I trust the time is not ion. He hopes, however, that this experience, last Saturday evening suffice it to say that For several weeks previous to the battle branch, the roots, by cutting off all ragged far distant, when it will receive proper atends and bruised places. If the tree is dfil tention in the United States, and take its cult to make live. I cover all such places appropriate rank with the improvements of with grafting composition (viz. two parts the day. The horse is subject to more disthe hired man, but understand that he was simplicity of his diet, and a rigid submissto roots of trees and plants, I never cut off. be removed, if proper remedies were adminthe hired man, but understand that he was simplicity of his diet, and a rigid submiss- top roots of trees and plants, I never cut off. be removed, if proper remedies were adminion to all the fatigues and hardships of the camp. Apple trees I prier setting in rows 40 feet istered in season. To point out some of the camp. After the battle, this subject was all apart each way. The pear, peach, plum most prominent, with their symptoms and luded to in the presence of Col. Almonte, in and cherry, 20 feet or less will answer. In remedies, is my present design. In doing the General's marquee. Gen Houston in-digging the holes after the ground is staked this, I give the ideas of eminent authors, as formed the captive Mexican, that such things out, I dig around the stake considerably lar- well as my own experience, which has been were not regarded by men who fought for ger in circumpherence than the roots extend, very considerable. Among our American liberty!! He then drew from his pocket; an (taking care not to move the stake.) and as writers, Dr. Mason was among the first who ear of corn, and exhibited it to him, telling deep as the ground has been ploughed, and wrote upon this science. We have yet no him to look at the rations of a Major Gener- no deeper upon any account whatever, -un- native work, as full and precise as many

absolute fact-he had been unwell on the day very hard and compact; In which case I The bot, or grub, the unconquerable desdays before transplanting, taking care to would produce sudden death if given to a

March 4th, 1937—5t.

better than minorals of any kind unless it is ed to its satisfaction by be evidence before terian, and supplied by discipline the austronautic fifteen minutes until relieved, is another remarkable to be refused or unreasonation. The followed by the court, with its opinion, it, the President, on comparing such state or if, the President, on comparing such states and illumined the darkness of suffering by delayed."

After such a demand, should prompt in the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing and illumined the darkness of suffering by delayed."

After such a demand, should prompt in the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing the policy of the cabinet into the most comparing cines be followed by an active cathactic, and —a point manifestly indispensable to a corsage. A conquerer, he was free from any in accordance with the portion of Scripture but for the necessity which will then complete next day by a decoction of bitter herbs. rect appreciation of the opinion, and one stain of treason; for aggression commenced allotted to each occasionally to read:—
is to seek redress for our wrongs, either by A better remepy than all others within my which the President's examination of the cviknowledge is the following: Force the cudence has not supplied, inasmuch as he has the blood; follow this in fifteen minutes by a those of the court. pint of milk and molasses warmed; repeat The opinion of the court is also argumenthe strongest alum water, which puts the it was practicable to have avoided, was made like Washington, after having freed his countests in a complete pucker; and in fifteen by Major General Scott, in opening the camtry, resigned her crown and retired to a cotminute administer a very powerful cathartic, paign against the Greek Indians, &c. &c.; tage, rather than reign in a capitol! Imby the alum, removes them from the stomach. tinctly finding, that there was some delay, A pint of soft soap, a pint of molasses, with and that if was made by some person other half a pint of salt, and one-eighth of an than Major General Scott; without specifyounce of gamboge, repeated, if necessary, ing in what such delay consisted, when it ocin thirty minutes, form an excellent purge; curred, how long it continued, and by whom add a little warm water to the salt, until dis- it was occasioned. Had the court found a solved. Glauber and epsom salts, aloes, state of facts as required by the order constijalap &c. are used.

the President on that part of the proceedings readily determined. of the Court of Inquiry, now sitting at That part of the opinion of the court which Fredrick, which relates to the campaign alanimadverts on the letter addressed by Manager the Court Indiana. o!. - Globe.

OFFICIAL.

proceedings of the Court of Inquiry recently be heard in respect to his conduct in the mathematical field at the city of Frederick, by virtue of orders No. 65 and 68, so far as the same relate to the causes of the delay in opening and the President disapproves the conduct of the proceedings of the delay in opening and the president disapproves the conduct of the proceedings of the delay in opening and the president disapproves the conduct of the proceedings of the delay in opening and provide in the year 1856; and into every subject connected with the military operations in the from the same, and from such further evicampaign aforesaid; and after fully investiless that the consideration of the evidence; and that pure drop, into a polluted current. As understand or to mistake them. The comsavages meditated an attack from the Mexnected with the military operations in the
dence as shall be taken, fin case the court
wake, arise young man! It is easy, to sin;
pelled to state that all the causes of comzens along our frontier, was he obliged to

ter the testimony of wine witnesses had been all the facts touching the opening and prosereceived by the court, and after more than cuting of the campaign in Georgia and Alaone hundred documents, bearing on the sub-bama against the hostile Creek Indians, in ject, had also been produced in evidence, and the year 1836, and the military operations in man, standing with its high pinnacle in the circumstances, even if the committee were distant plain. The streams beat upon it; in possession of sufficient materials to make, self-defence, to take a position in advance of the streams beat upon it; in possession of sufficient materials to make. one hundred documents, bearing on the sub-bama against the hostile Creek Indians, in the court on the subject, the court proceeded if any there was, in the opening and proseto pronounce its opinion, as follows:

"Upon a careful examination of the abundant testimony taken in the foregoing case, the court is of opinion that no delay, which it was practicable to have avoided, was made by Major General Scott in opening the campaign against the Creek Indians. On the contrary, it appears that he took the earliest measures to procure arms, munitiques, and provisions for his forces, who were found almost wholly destitute; and as soon as arms could be put into the hands of the volunteers they were in succession, detached and placed der Macomb, President of the court, for the old. Trembling with the weight of years, with justice, recommend an ammediate resort citizens of the United States. in position, to prevent the enemy from retir-proper action thereon. ing upon Florida, and whence they could move against the main body of the enemy, as soon as equipped for offensive opperations.

"From the testimony of the Governor of Georgia, of Major-General Sandford, com-

determine correctly. This knowledge is important particularly as the remedies for the latter disease would irritate and render the bots more dangerous.

A boys of tool by the latter disease would by the latter disease would be commanded in commanded, from the bots more dangerous.

A boys of tool by the latter disease would be lattered by the second in commanded, from the pin from its hazardous loging place, very from the throne of God come forth, and with avoided; and it has occurred to me that, contains a latter the sufficient of the sufficient A horse attacked by the bots, as in colic. Fort Mitchell, in a letter bearing date the much to the satisfaction, not only of the suff-one foot on the sea, and one on the land lift sidering the present embarrassed condition lies down, ground, and frequently looks round 20th of June, 1886, addressed to F. P. Blair, erer but of her school mates, who discovered up his hand toward heaven, and swear by of that country, we should act with both the sea, and one on the land lift sidering the present embarrassed condition. to his sides. ... With the bots, his motions are Esq. at Washington, marked aprivate, "much sympathy for her. not usually as quick and violent as with the containing a request that it might be shown returning spasms of colic, but more constant. to the President, which letter was exposed. Washington.—No matter what may be He whips his tail between his hind legs vio- and brought to light by the dignified and the birth place of such a man as Washington, lently, has a hot fever, his cars are unusual-magnanimous act of the President, in caus no climate can claim, no country can approly warm, he turns up his upper lip, on the ling it to be placed on the file in the Depart- priate him—the boon of Providence to the hu-tions upon which the fabric of our luture hope can Government, the committee would also upper lip, on the ling it to be placed on the file in the Departinside of which may be seen inflamed pim-ment of War, as an official document, and man race—his famous eternity, and his resi-lis reared, seeks to beat down that column gest the propriety of pursuing the form ples of a redish-white. When bots produce which forms part of these proceedings, [see the death of a horse, they accomplish it by cating through the coars of the stomach: ry and inexplicate on the part of Major are at liberty to receive, or not, the medicine of saidletter, should, in the opinion of their powering that instance no doubt there were the feature of their court be investigated?

bleed him in the mouth, that he may swallow drawn by him from the evidence agree with

which, operating during the stuper produced thus leaving it to be inferred, but not dis mortal man! He took from the battle its tuting it, the uncertainly now existing in this part of the opinion would have been ob-WASHINGTON, Feb. 16-The opinion of vinted and the justice of the opinion itself

gainst the Creek Indians is given below. jor General Jesup to F. P. Blair, Esq. bear will beam again; the blaze of others' prosper-the proceedings of the Court in respect to ing date the 20th of June, 1856, and which the process the court in respect to the court in res the failure of the campaigns under Generals presents the same us a subject demanding in-Gains and Scott, against the Seminoles, so vestigation, appears to the President, to be far as regards the case of Major General wholly unauthorized by the order constituting Scott, have also been submitted to the Prest the court, and by which its jurisdiction was ident; but we understand that in consequence confined to an inquiry into the causes of the of the necessary connection between the cases of the two commanders, the President paign against the hostile Creek, and into has suspended his examination of the procee-such subjects as were connected with the mildings in respect to Major General Scott, un-litary operations in that chmpaign. The til he shall have received the proceedings in causes of the recall of Major General Scott the case of Major General Gaines, when the from the command, and the propriety or imwhole subject will be taken up and disposed propriety of the conduct of General Jesup in writing the letter referred to, were not submitted to the court as subjects of inquiry. and manhood by its strength, but the young of Marie, all these depends of the late of Indians along the frontier. On the proceedings of the Court of Inquiry ordered to Investigate the Causes of the delay
in the Campaign against the Creek Indians.
The President has carefully examined the
examine and interested the witnesses: nor to OPINION OF THE PRESIDENT, | The court itself appears to have been of this

prosecuting the campaign in Georgia and court and remits to it the proceedings in Alabama, against the hostile Creek Indians, question, to the end that the court may regating the same, to report the facts, togeth-shall deem it necessary to take further evi-it is difficult to be pure and holy. Put on gating the same, to report the facts, togeth-dence, and the three triples of the president."

the same, to report the facts, togeth-dence the facts togeth dence, and the facts together t It appears from the proceedings, that af place, distance and other circumstancesters for the information of the President.

> with the documentary evidence referred to therein, and a copy of the foregoing opinion, idol of his mother, and the pride of his fato be transmitted to Major General Alexan ther; I returned and that child had become dress from Mexico, your committee might

ANDREW JACKSON. Washington, Feb. 14, 1837.

A 800 200 THRHANG EVENT.

mander of the Georgia volunteers. and ma-tom stating that a few days since the Master at their pastime through its branchs, ny other witnesses of high rank and stand of the Fort Hill School was informed that one * * * "Who is this destroyed

trails, warm from a fowl, down the horse or no means of knowing whether the conclusions necessity stained victory returned it. If he had paused, history might doubt whatstation to assign him; whether at the head of her citizens or soldiers; her heroes or her in half an hour if not relieved, and when re-tative and wanting in requisite precision; patriots. But the last glorious act crowned lieved, in twenty minutes give one quart of imasmuch as it states that 'no delay, which his career, and canished hesitation. Who. crime, and from the conquest its chains-he left the victorious the glory of his self-denial. and turned upon the vanquished only the retribution of his mercy. Happy America; the lightnings of Heaven could not resist your

> To Young MEN. -There is no moral object so beautiful to hie as a consciencious oung man! I watch him as I do the stars in the heavens; clouds may be before him, but we know that his light is behind him, and will beam again; the blaze of others' prosper- tions with Mexico, report: istruggle, for that is not a virtue, but he does resist and conquer; he hears the sarcasms of the profligate, and it stings him; for that is the trial of virtue, but heals the wound man stands amid the temptations of the world have hitherto proved unavailing.
>
> like a self balanced tower. Happy he who It might have been expected the like a self balanced tower. Happy he who seeks and gains the prop and shelter of Chrisdate of the treaty of amity, commerce, and incursions upon the inhabitants of the University

sage—the temptations of earth could not cor-

rapt your soldier.

-defend her. - Southern Rose.

TIME.

if any there was, in the opening and prose-the God of nature hurled his thunderbolts such a compilation, is rendered unnecessary our frontier, in the country inhabited by cuting of said campaign, and the causes of against it, and yet it stood firm as adamant. from the view which they have taken of the these savages, for the purpose of preventing the country inhabited by the country inhabited b such delay; and to the end, also, that the Revelry was in its halls—the gay, the hap-subject. These cases are all referred to it, and restraining their incursions. court, whilst confining its opinion to the subject matters submitted to it, may fully and I returned—and lo! the temple was no more! Mexico," in the first the court of the court o distinctly express its opinion on those mat- Its high walls lay in scattered ruins; moss Mr. Forsyth to Mr. Ellis, of the 20th of entrust this discretionary power to the com-

> I saw a child rejoicing in his youth-the ger amidst the desolation around him.

ic, that it requires practice and judgment to to successful results, and that it was prosecu- pipe, behind the little valve called the uvula. beautiful of the earth—plucked the sun from all nations, immediate war. That remediate Heaven's Eternal—Time is Time was, but wisdom and moderation, by giving to Mer. Time shall be no longer?" · Paulding.

He who would undermine those founda- In affording this opportunity to the Meri-Individual instance no doubt there were, the frame of age, and remove from theeye of treaty shall be violated or infracted in any thrown into their habitation, having their court be investigated. Individual instance no doubt there were, the frame of age, and remove from theeve of treaty shall be violated or infracted in any heads beyond its reach. I have long watched the foregoing opinion is not accompanied splendid examplifications of some single affliction, the only solace of wo? The way manner whatever, it is stipulated that neither and by any report of the facts in the case, as requalifications. Cosar was merciful—Scipio we tread is rugged at best; we tread it how of the contracting parties will order or any acts of recruisal, nor declars any acts of recruisal was mild-Hamibal was patient-but it was ever, lighted by the prospect of the better thorize any acts of reprisal, nor declare was performed many experiments upon them, quired by the order constituting the court; on was mild—Hannibal was patient—but it was ever, lighted by the prospect of the better thorize any acts of reprisal, nor declare was ever, lighted by the prospect of the better thorize any acts of reprisal, nor declare was ever, lighted by the prospect of the prospect of the better thorize any acts of reprisal, nor declare was ever, lighted by the prospect of the prospect of the better thorize any acts of reprisal, nor declare was ever, lighted by the prospect of the pro two table-spoonfuls of copperas, dissolved dence contained in the procedings; and thus Grecian artist/ to exhibit it in one glow of disolution, or break off in some wild which itself offended, shall first have presented to in one pint of milk and water, to be repeated a most important part of the duty assigned associated beauty, the pride of every model, fancy will fill up as she pleases, but reason is the other a statement of such injuries or dame once in fifteen-minutes; this may do for the to the court remains unexecuted. Had the colic, but bots love the meat of the stomach count stated the facts of the case, as establish. better than minerals of any kind unless it is ed to its satisfaction by the evidence before terian, and supplied by discipline the absence cheered the despendency of ill-requited worth. shall have been either refused or unreasonated

"Pupil-Please. sir, I believe in nothin'! Catholic Church!

believes in that's got the measles at home and I've got his seat. [Liverpool Mail.

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. SECOND SESSION.

SATURDAY, FEB. 18, 1857. IN SENATE.

RELATIONS WITH MEXICO.

which was referred the message of the Pres- country. On the 15th of October, 1836, ie dent of the United States of the sixth in terminated his mission by demanding his stant, with the accompanying documents, on passports. And for what reason: Decause the subject of the present state of our rela-like President refused to recall the orders

serious and deliberate consideration which States in the vicinity of Texas, directing sphere. He gesists temptation not without its importance demands, and which any cir him to pass the frontier, should it be found cumstances calculated to interrupt our friend-necessary measure of self defence; but proly relations with the Mexican Republic would hibiting him from pursuing this course, un inqure. From the documents submitted to less the Indians were actually engaged in the committee, it appears, that ever since hostilities against the citizens of the United with his own pure touch. He heeds not the the revolution of 1822, which separated Mex-States, or he had undoubted evidence that watchword of fashion, if it leads to sin; the ico from Spain, and even for some years be-such hestilities were intended, and were acathiest who says, not only with his heart, but lore, the United States have had repeated thally preparing within the Mexican Terriwith his lips, othere is no God," controls causes of just complaint against the Mexihim not, for he sees the hand of a creating can authorities. From time to time, as these A civil war was then raging in Texas God and he rejoices in it. Woman is shellinsults and injuries have occurred, demands The Texian troops occupied positions between tered by fond arms, and guided by loving for satisfaction and redress have been made the forces of Mexico and the warlike and of Mexico; but almost all these demands of the United States. It was manifest that

tianity.

Onward, then, "consciencious youth! raise the standard and nerve thyself for goodness. If God has given you intellectual power, a causes of complaint would have ceased to waken it in that cause; never let it be said of exist. That treaty so clearly defines the difference of the United States? If he caused to the United States? If he caused to the United States? If he caused to the United States? thee, he helped to swell the tide of sin by rights and the duties of the respective par- President of the United States? If he enpouring his influence into its channels. If ties, that it seems almost impossible to mis-tertained reasonable apprehensions that these thou art feeble in mental strength, throw not understand or to mistake them. The com-savages meditated an attack from the Mexof this treaty.

We forbear from entering into any minute detail of our grievances. The enumeration question. Under such circumstances, our

If the Government of the United States were disposed to exact strict and prompt reic stood the last of his generation, a stran- to war or to reprisals. On this subject . When these discretionary orders were is however, they give their hearty assent to the sued to General Gaines, they were immedi-I saw the old oak, standing in all its pride following sentiments contained in the mestately communicated to Mr. Gorostiza, in the pon the mountain—the birds were carrol sage of the President. He says, the length most frank, and friendly spirit. The fullest ing on the boughs; I returned, and it was of time since some of the injuries have beer explanations of the whole proceeding were We observe an account in the Post of Bos- leadless and sapless; the winds were playing committed, the repeated and unavailing ap plications for redress, the wanton character again, assured that this occupation of the * * * "Who is this destroyer?" said of some of the outrages upon the property Mexican territory, should it become necess to my guardian angel.

and perons of our citizens, and upon the officers, would be of a limited, temporary and and perons of our citizens, and upon the officers. ny other witnesses of high rank and standing, who were acquainted with the topography of the country, and the position and
strength of the enemy, the court is of opinion that the plan of campaign adopted by
Maj. Gen. Scott was well calculated to lead

of the Fort Hill School was informed that one

* * "Who is this destroyer?" said of some of the outrages upon the property and perons of our citizens, and upon the offiand perons of our ci

ico one more opportunity to atone for the pret before we take redress into our own hands."

its to seek redress for our wrongs, either by Mr. Wrath Bone-Pray, sir, what is your actual war, or by reprisals. The subject will then be presented before Congress, at the commencement of the next session, in the Mr. Wrath Bone-Yea, but you do! Fill clear, and distinct form; and the committee 'wollop" you, sir: you believe in the holy cannot doubt but that such measures will be inmediately adopted as may be necessary Pupil-No, sir; please, sir, the lad that vindicate the honor of the country, and in sure ample reparation to our injured fellow. citizens. They leave the mode and manner of making this demand to the President of the United Statates.

Refore concluding their report, the Committee deem it necessary to submit a few remarks upon the conduct of Mr. Gorostiza, the late Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Mexican Republic to the United States. In regard to that func-Mr. Buchanan, from the Committee on tionary they concur fully in opinion with Mr. Foreign Relations, made the following re-Forsyth, that he was under the influence of prejudices, which distorted and discolored The Committee on Foreign Relations, to cvery object which he saw whilst in this

which he had issued to the general comman-That they have given to this subject that ding the forces of the United

Mexico could not possibly restrain by force. navigation, concluded between the two Re- ted States, as she had engaged to do by the plaint against Mexico, which have been spe- order our troops to stand upon the line, and plunder, should actually invade our territory? To state the proposition, is to answer the

ters for the information of the President.

The Secretary of war ad interim will cause the proceedings of the court on the subject of the campaign against the Creek Indians, the passed away.

The Secretary of war ad interim will cause midnight hour, the owl's cry added to the dence between Mr. Ellis and Mr. Menasteries in advance, all the crib deep solitude.

The young and gay who retired the campaign against the Creek Indians, with the document corresponding to the court on the subject of the court on the subject of the campaign against the Creek Indians, with the document corresponding to the court on the subject of the court on the subject of the campaign against the Creek Indians, with the document corresponding to the court on the subject of the court o he would have been justly responsible for the murders and devastation which might have been committed by the Mexican Indians on

made to him, and he was over and over

with the view of taking posses

d States to the Mexican Secretary of whom the proceedings were conducted. n Relation. The committee will not ts of their own Government. It was disperse peaceably. violation of that diplomatic courtesy ought ever to be observed between inm Government of the conduct of that with barrels of flour and bags of wheat.

letter of Mr. Forsyth to Mr. Ellis of has fallen during the season.

ption of the following resolution:

another demand ought to be made for cause.

numed: after which The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES; SATURDAY, Feb. 18, 1837. TEXAS.

r. Howard from the Committee on Foreign irs, to whom the President's message, and ry-memorials in relation to Texas, had been ed, reported the following resolutions: esolved, by the House of Representatives of United States, That the independence of the

ernment of Texas ought to recognized.
esolved, That the Committee of Ways and ans be directed to provide in the bill for civil sident may determine to send to Texas—without har hich were read, and laid on the Speaker's 20 barrels.

From the New York Era of Feb. 14. MANLESS RIOTS AND DESTRUC,

mous prices of the necessaries of life. e particularly of flour, which from the der and the laws can approve. extraordinary advancement of its cost, from considered an especially monopolized commodity. When once an idea of this kind is cherally entertained respecting so essential inecessary of life, the history of all lies has present the control of the necessary of life, the history of all couning causes of popular violence. Placards ve been for some time past posted al o .t the y, calling upon the public to regist this nopoly, and even denominating the names residence of those who were considered It is a rangement hand not the desired effect.

In our considered in manufactions of an inflamatory character and all persons from trading for a five been sent to us for publication on the certain Note of hand, drawn in favor of Mark Notiting subject which a regard for the laws, against James B. Russel, for fifty dollars, and the question was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the points during the examination, was cut off by the motion of Col. Lane, and the question was taken simply on the evidence. It will be seen by the simply on the evidence. It will be seen by the first ship bound for your and the question was taken simply on the evidence. It will be seen by the first ship bound for your and the question was taken simply on the evidence. It will be seen by the first ship bound for your and the desired effect.

I hereby forwarm all persons from trading for a line acceptance of the desired effect.

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I hereby forwarm all persons from trading for a line acceptance of the desired effect.

I hereby forwarm all persons from trading for a line acceptance of the desire torm, though suppressed by all who had a Feb. 11, 1837.—319

similar regard for the peace of the city, apit as belonging to the United States pear to have been gathering force in silence,

t to have been satisfied with these the subject of monopolies and the exorbitant lution in favor of the immediate recognition of nations, but they failed to produce any price of the necessaries of life, which is justnations, but they failed to produce any price of the necessaries of life, which is just—Lexus, and letter writers from his Government, he retired from his ion upon his own responsibility. This not all. Before he left the United day of the season, many thousands of one few little season, many thousands of one few little season, many thousands of one few little season of the left the United citizens has enabled, and listend, with the most tonal proceedings published tion of his correspondence with our orderly attention to the proceedings and res nment, and with his own: from which olutions, which appear to another part of our it appears, that whilst engaged upon paper. There was no bianifestation of unsiness of his special mission here, he duly excited feeling, and certainly no inciteaking charges of bad lattiragainst the ment offeredaby the respectable gentlemen by

On the contrary, Col. Ming, and all othupon the glaring impropriety of such ers who took a prominent part in them. lay is before our readers in the form of its final pas-The publication of such a pam-strongly and sincerely arged the accessity by a foreign Minister, in the country of moderation and decorum in all who wishich he has been accredited, before taking ed to accomplish the legitimate objects of the parture, can be considered in no other assembly. The resolutions were carried ian as an appeal to the people against unanimously, and the multitude appeared to

But a body of nearly one thousand per Sons separated from the generalimass, and in the West, with which she has little commercial ont nations, and deserves the severest proceeded to Washington street, and soon intercourse or unity of interest, the New State nation. This act was still more excommenced an attack upon the store of could it be formed in the manner proposed, would
nary, when we consider that it almost
intely followed the note of Mr. Dick?

Illourner thants of Nos. 175 and 175 of that
it is doubtful whether either of the other States
street, completely filled throughus, from the
manner, would ever consent to have a portion of im that the President would instruct he or to the ceiling, from the certing, from the llis to make such explanations to the basement to the root, from front to the rear

United States as he believed would The mob commenced operations, breaking down the doors and windows of the first floor: committee regret to learn, from the and having thus effected an entrance, speedof Mr. Ellis to Mr. Forsyth of the 9th ily rolled out from 150 to 200 barrels, which mber last, that the Mexican Governs were staved, and scattered about the sirel has publicly approved of the conduct Justice Bloodgood, officer Homan and others Minister whilst in the United States, were completely covered with flour; and a tance with farmers to have an orchard as early as trust that a returning sense of justice number of confered people, who were engaginduce it to reconsider this determinated in reaping the un wonted harvest, display-They are willing to believe that it ed as complete a metamorphisis as the most could have been made, had that Gov- i mediate abolitionist could desire. The nent previously received the promised street, in some places, was many inches deep anation of the President contained in flour-assideep, at least as any snow that

10th December, 1836, which, inforty- Haying accomplished the distribution of design of certain restless spirits, so long cherished, by, did not reach Mexico until after the monopolized article, th r had taken his departure. This letter, break open the trap-door which communication were just as ready to dissolve the Union upon the President's Message at the comthe President's Message at the com-ed with the first floor and the basement; and the tariff question, as they are about abolitionism. s, cannot fail to convince the Mexican be ground beneath the feet of the populace. tariff than against abolitionism: South Carolina by the representations of their Minis-sand. The civil force which had collected was despised and derided; High Constable fter a full consideration of all the cir- Hays had his staff of office wrenched from stances, the committee recommend the his hands, broken in twain, and thrown at his head; the magistrates, and other authoresolved, That the Senate concur in opin-lities were rudely assailed; and the vow populi with the President of the United States, was asserted as the norma Loquendi of the

redress of our grievances from the Mex- Having ravaged the first floor and base-Government, the mode and manner of ment of the building, these practical legislath, under the \$4th article of the treaty, so tors broke into the second floor and counting as it may be applicable, are properly room, threw out desks and furniture, which fided to his discretion. They cannot be soon-story to pieces in the street; and then staved as many more barrels of flour demand will result in spredy redress; should they be disconnicted in this case. should they be disappointed in this realisticd with this administration of popular Union upon the question of abolitionism as they ble expectation, a state of things will law, they marched in orderly phalanx, folhave occurred which will make it the lowed at a respectful distance by the authoritility, as a cover to ulterior designs; and that such to ties, across Broadway, thro' Hanover square tility, as a cover to ulterior designs; and that such to be to Coenties slip, where they paid their results to the tranquility of the country, which can compensate for and at whatever cost to the tranquility of the country. ts of our injured fellow-citizens.

In motion of Mr. Morris, two thousand assurance of some of that gentleman's capies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the report were ordered to be friends, that all his flour had been sold at a copies of the Union, by the destrict that the continuance of the Union that the d by the honor of the nation, and the pocts to Mr. Allen, near the corner of South

They then marched to the store of Messrs. Balch and Herric No. 124 and 125 South street; but here again the sword of the mol: justice was suspended by the friendly asservation that the whole stock had been sold at low prices. But they conceived that there were tangible objects of resentment not far distant, and they sped their way to the store of Mr. S. II. Herric, No. 5 Counties slip. where the work of destruction was renewed: but a goutleman interested in the preservation of the property, having assured them that the whole contents of the store would be

These operations continued until half past red watchmen, police officers, and magis-monopoly, in all its career of profligate assumptrates, was brought to bear upon a satisfed tion, pecuniary distress, and attempted prostration mob, now reduced to about that number. If of the credit and administration of the country? TION OF FLOUR:

mob, now reduced to about that number. If whose candidates were combined, in the recent is just to say that every man, whether offipresidential canvass, to defeat the will of the people and the caudidate of the democracy by devolutions are the Monte of Representatives? ny alarming indications of an approach- and we only regret that this unequivocal expopular commotion, in consequence of the pression of public opinion should have been displayed in a manner which no friend of or-

> STATE OF ALABAMA, ? CHEROKEE COUNTY. STAKEN UP by Micajah Webb a Brown Mare, supposed to be six years old, four feet nine inches high, branded on the right shoulder and hip with the letters H D appraised to twenty-seven dollars, 15th August, 1836.
> March 4, 1837.—3t.¶
> JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

THE REPUBLICAN.

message on the subject of the claims on Mexico. Up to our latest dates we have heard nothing further of the progress of the land bill in the House of Representatives. It is probable, however, that in our next number we shall be able to

A late East Tennessee paper contains a propo sition for forming a New State, composed of East Tennessee and a part of Virginia, Georgia, and Alabama. In the present condition of East Teanessee; with a large balance of power against her their territory taken off for that purpose.

As the present is the season for transplanting fruit trees, we have copied en our first page some information on the subject, from a writer in the Vermont Chronicle; these of our readers who may wish to do so, can profit by his experience. In this, as in all new countries, the scarcity and high price of fruit makes it an object of some impor-

From the Albany Argus. The Evening Journal copies an article from the New Orleans American, expressing its gratificafor a convention of the Southern States on the sub

ject of slavery, and comments upon it as follows: "Here is a second edition of nullification! The

lid attempt to rebel. "Fhere is, among certain politicians at the South the same desire to agitate the abolition ques-tion that exists among the abolitionists themselves. Their aim is, through that question, to divide th Union. Of this class of politicians, the United States Telegraph is an organ. That paper labors constantly, and has done so for years, to 'fan the embers' of abolitionism. But for such papers, and the politicians whom they represent, we should deliberate design of producing a civil war, we are not sure but that they will ultimately accomplish their object.

We assent to every word of the language of the Evening Journal on this subject. Nothing can be Povernment, are "just as ready to dissolve the

the past six years? Whese votes have been in close fraternity upon the abolition and other party questions in the halls of Congress? Who have been in waring a war of violence, with united ferces, against the present administration? Whose combined votes and speeches produced the rejection of Mr. Van Burenjand who have pursued that common language of vituperation and calumny? Whose root tenders of the present and in a common language of vituperation and calumny? Whose root tenders of the present and and calumny? Whose root tenders of vituperation and calumny? common language of vituperation and calumny? Who stood together in the streets of Baltimore, and, on a day of religious devotion, breathed vioment of the Present of the nation, because he heartruptions of a gigantic moneyed menopoly? Who o'clock, when a force of nearly one hund were the mutual champions and abettors of that ving a choice upon the House of Representatives?
Whose votes and movements and designs, have been in the closest affinity and alliance, whatev-er the question might be, whether abolition, the tariff, the bank, the presidency, an unconstitutional executive impeachment, or the removal of that stain upon the honor and the justice of the nation? Who but the NULLIFIERS and WHIGS—the combined partisans of the U.S. Telegraph and the Albany Evanior Learner the discontinuation. the Albany Evening Journal—the discordant burreadily co-operating odds and ends of all the factions? Who but they? And who have been of the people has been sought to be put down?

THE WHITNEY CASE.

hope it will be ably handled. - Globe.

For the Jacksonville Republican. AN ODE TO JACKSONVILLE Hail to the Town that bears the name, ; Of Him that did in triumph fight; Proudly tell the immortal fame, He won by all his deeds of might!

May learning deck thy growing youth, Refinement follow in the train; May science shed its rad ant truth; Upon all such as seek its reign.

May social compact bear the sway, And Union brood in ev'ry heart; May party spirit be driv'n away, While each shall take his fellow's part.

May bold dissension ne'er here stalk, As ev'ry where in all the world: May brawling strife, ne'er in thee walk,-May Union's banner be unfurl'd,

lay virtue shed her orient beams, Upon the dark abodes of vice; May Religion's all-glorious beams; Expose to view the monster's face.

May kindest heav'n upon thee smile, And give to thee a pious tone; May triumph crown thine ev'ry toil, Till thou shalt be excelled by none,

Jacksonville, March 13th, 1837 ..

MRAIOHN Q. ADAMS—again

The Washington papers of Tuesday have not yet reached us; and we are consequently ndebted to the slips from the Baltimore papers by the Express Mail, for the sketches we have received of Monday's proceedings of Congress. They are very interesting great exc.timent prevailed. Mr. John Q Adams appears as the Agent of autoher Abolition riot. He has not only been hoaxed and made to appear, as he himself conlesses, "ridiculous" by flictitious petitions, so great is his zeal in the cause of Abolition. so great is his known anxiety to present all sorts of petitions—but he has had the shameless audacity to insult the Southern People. by presenting to their Representatives avowd petitions from their slaves.

We are not at all astonished at the indigind the politicians whom they represent, we should be we are not at an astonished at the indig-exandria on the first Saturday id May next by 10 leliberate design of preducing a civil way, we are more true than that the southern nullifiers, with and mischievous organ—Mr. J. Q. Adams.

Mr. Calhoun at their head, and of which the Umited States Telegraph is the organ at the seat of
Government, are flusting ready to dissolve the his declining days all the regutation which were upon that of the tariff; that both have been he acquired in his earlier years? Does he lostan Housew, Adjutant Comd't Benton Rangmade the pretexts for violence and embittered has wish to become not only ridiculous but detes. March 4, 1837. table? What service has he ever rendered the discord he is now engendering in our public councils-and for the seeds of disunion which he is now recklessly sowing in the public mind.

But who we ask, have been the auxiliaries of the for the insult he has offered to all his Southmultifiers in their assaults upon the Government ern Countrymen. If he repeats the offence and institutions of the country? Who have been he ought, to be punished by a public repri-

detestation he is drawing down upon himself for his disgraceful conduct on the floor of diplomatic expenses of the Government, a given to the poor this morning, they desisted tide? Whose harangues, efforts and votes were without having destroyed more than 15 of combined in an unjust & unconstitutional impeachbitter n ss of a malicious, because thwarted

> I have lived long enough: my way of life Is fall'h into the sere, the yellow leaf,
> And that which should accompany old age,
> As honor, love, obedience, troops of friends, J must not look to have; but in their stead, Curses, not loud," ALONE, but deep_______

"Does Mr. Adams call to mind the injune tions of the father of his country-to trozon indignantly upon every attempt to al-

A HINT TO YOUNG HUSBANDS.—A young planter in the upper part of the State of Mississippi, lately married to a beautiful and highly intelletual more closely banded together in every scheme of agitation and mischief, by which the public mind to has been excited, or by which the administration. This limit the mark the nearly beautiful to suffer much from cunui! Thinking this might be caused by the absence of female companions, he induced several young ladies, relative to make his house their home, in hopes thereby to render her completely happy-

Mr. Bell, we understand, openly musical companion at length arrived and a splen wowed that Messrs. Peyton and Wise attended did one it was, of beautiful manogany, ornamented it as belonging to the United States pear to have occur gaineding torte in shelled, it this military movement should protect the same occur gained and polished to the value of \$500 bank note. And ground that it was made needed a needed and polished to the value of \$500 bank note. And ground that it was made needed to the value of \$500 bank note. And ground that it was made needed to the value of \$500 bank note. And ground that it was made needed to the value of \$500 bank note. And ground that it was made needed to the value of \$500 bank note. And so the President! How Mr. Bell will makegoed so one thing the imputation conveyed in his remarks, is a mat. The young planter was in reported a resolution to heart. It is one we lated himself on having procured the constituents will hold him accountable needful to his angels complete felicity. Por many think his constituents will hold him accountable needful to his angels complete felicity. think his constituents will hold him accountable needful to his angels complete felicity. Poor man lution in favor of the immediate recognition of constituents will hold him accountable needful to his angels complete felicity. Poor manufacture, and letter writers from Washington state in insinuation so shocking. Mr. Whitney, her stintellect, if he thought she could content that there is very little doubt of its being passed by will; in all probability, lay the views of his case dly pass her leisure hours in strumming a piona clore the country, which his counsel were pre- for the was mistaken. Though music hath pared to submit to the House. We shall not, power, like love; it is not the only thing desired to submit to the House. We shall not, power, like love; it is not the only thing desired to submit to the House. We shall not, power, like love; it is not the only thing desired to do who, that the Combination of the subject, which touches the heart, but min sees not to the mind!

The lady but seldom courted Apollo, and her mittee on Forcian Relations have fully sustained will be sees for all the facts from constant attent husband had the mortification of feeling that he mittee on Foreign Relations have fully sustained full possession of all the facts from constant attenthusband had the mortification of feeling that he the President, in the views he has taken in his and most extraordinary procedure, and one involdored. At last to solve their iddle of her disconving deeply the dearest rights of the citizen, we tent, he asked her if she did not at times regret having entered the marriage state.—"Oh no in-deed! she replied with carnestness—'never for a moment, have I been other than your happy wife, but-sometimes-'Well, sometimes what, dearest?26 If I must tell you then-sometimes I regret that you don't take the newspapers. Pa, takes half a dozen!'-Tuscahomian

MILL-WRIGHTS.

THE subscribers having located themselves one mile west of Jacksonville, are now prepared to execute all orders in the Mill-Wright business at the shortest notice and in the best of style.
WILLIAM J. BEENE, JAMES H. TEMPLETON.

Those indebted to the undersigned for Music tuition, are hereby requested to make immediate settlement, as longer indulgence

WILLIAM J. BEENE. March 16, 1837.-6t.

William H. Estiev,

TIORNEY AT LAW. HAVING settled himself permanently in Jack onville, Benton county, Ala. tenders his professional services to the public. He will regularly ttend the several courts in the counties of St. Clair DeKalb, Cherokee, Randolph, Talladega, and Benton. All business entrusted to his management, shall be attended to with punctual-

TEHis office is in Jacksonville.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ?

BENTON COUNTY.

TAKEN UP by Joel Chandler,
living near Jacksonville, a Dun
Horse, about five years old, four
white feet, blaze face and glass BENTON COUNTY. eyes, bobtail, about fourteen hands high, apprais-

ed to thirty dollars.

M. M. HOUSTON, CLERK. Marnh 16, 1837.—3t.¶

WANTED TO HIRE MMEDIATELY, 6 or 8 Laborers, to whom

A liberal wages will be given. Apply at this of-fice on to John Christian at the mouth of Wewoee creek, Coosa county. Wetumpka, Feb. 18, 1837.
The Jacksonville Republican will publish this

three times. - Alabama Argus.

BATTALION ORDERS.

TILE officers and privates of the battalion of Cavalry (Benton Rangers) will attend at Althe spirit which they displayed, - And we Also, on the third Saturday in the town of Jackthank Mr. Patton for the resentment which sonville. The public arms can be procured by he extended to the infameus authors of the cach private by the first of April, by applying to Fredricksburgh petition, and to their mad delivered. Cefaulters at our last muster will be

By order of WM. ARNOLD, LIEUT. Col.

Noticz.

THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE Jacksonville Wale Academy

which he is now reckiessly sowing in the Has commenced, and is now open for the reception of students. The institution is under the superintendence of Joseph Wilson. March 4th, 1837.

JOSEPH BROWN, Administrator of the estate of John V. Ingraham, dec'd.

Feb. 15th, 1837-6t.

DAVID HUBBARD, et als. In Equity. Wm. B.McCLELLAN, et als. S

Circuit Court, Fall Term, 1836. N motion of the Complainants by their counsel and it fully appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Richard M. Peters, James Peters weaver and Mary his wife, formerly Mary Peters, Charles Lewis and Mahala his wife, formerly Mahala Peters, heirs of C. W. Peters dec'd. Thos. J. Golightly, Robert Meigs, Warren Harris, A. Patterson, P. Reagan, R. H. Thatcher, Thos. Morgan, B. Smith, John Carmichael, Alfred George, and R. Walker, are not residents of the State of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the Court that each and all of the foregoing persons, who are Defts to the above entitled suit, do appear on the first day of the next term of the Circuit Court, to be holden on the sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, at the Court House in the town of Jacksonville, in the said Court there sitting, and then and there to mswer and plead to the said Bill of Complt. filed n the above entitled suit, or on failure thereof, it s ordered that said Billiobe taken for confessed igainst them.

It is further ordered, that this order be pubishad in the Jacksonville Regis for six weeks successively.

A true copy from the minutes.

Attest. JAMES CROW, Clk.

Jan. 21, 1837—6t—\$10 50.

TOR PRINTING. EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS, ACCURACY AND BESPATCH, AT THIS OFFICE.

POBILITY. THE SONS OF ART.

Written for the Typograpical Celebration. TONE-Hail Colubia. Hail! to Art's Enlight'ning hand! Hail! ye sons of Freedom's land! Who converse hold with all mankind, And cheer the boundless realms of mind,— Tis rours to herald deeds renown'd And spread the thoughts of souls profound-To bid the mists of Ign'rance fly,
And gladden Virtue's anious eye,
With Knowledge that was sent to fan
The love of Truth sublime in man. Friends of light and Liberty, Join'd in millions firm and free, On the land, or on the waves, Columbia's sons can ne'er be slave...

Hail! ye heirs or patriots wise, Blessed with Freedom's blood-bought praise, Who glory in that God-like band, That first your country's greatness plann'd guard the rights ye proudly claim; And hand them down through time the same, And send them where a slavish fate, On men's desponding cars may grate And through the world the torch relume, That cheers his passage to the tomb. Friends of light and Liberty, &c.

Sound the chorus to the skies, While a nation's praises rise, To hail the boon that Science found, And will'd to earth's remotest bound That from the night of ages came, The last in birth, but first in fame, And broke the long and cheerless gloom, That clouded man's primeval doom, And turn'd his thoughts from phantoms wild. To scenes by peaceful arts beguil'd. Friends of light and Liberty, &c.

Sons of Art! whose triumphs claim Homage for your bloodless fame—
Who wield the press or guide the plough, With fearless eye and cheerful brow. Whose quickened souls, and faithful hands,
The force of tyrant wrong withstands, As one in nation, name, and fate, Together stem the storms of state-Together shine-together stand-A glorious and united band. Friends of light and Liberty, &c.

> **~** VAIN BOASTING.

FROM THE SACRED CLASSICS. Can he be fair, that withers at a blast! Or he he strong, that airy breath can cast? Can he be wise, that knows not how to live? Or he be rich, that nothing has to give? Can he be young, that's feeble weak, and wan? So fair, strong, wise—so rich, so young is man. So fair is man, that death (a parting blast,) Blast his fair flow'r, and makes him earth at last; So strong is man, that with a grasping breath He totters, and bequeaths his strength to death; So wise is man, that if with death he strive, His wisdom cannot teach him how to livege. So rich is man, that (all his debts being paid) His wealth's the winding-sheet wherein he's laid; So young is man, that (broke with care and sorrow He's old enough to-day to die to-morrow, Why bragg'st thou then, thou worm of five fee

Thou art neither fair, nor strong, nor wise, nor rick nor young.

Miscellancous.

From Silliman's Journal for October 1836. LEGEND OF BRADY'S HILL.

Samuel Brady, the hero of the following adven tures was over six feet in height, with light blue but not so badly as to prevent his progress. The eyes, fair skin, and dark hair: he was remarkably Indians having to make a considerable circuit be eyes, fairskin, and dark nair: he was remarkanty lindians naving to make a considerable circumstruight, an athletic, bold and vigorous backwoods fore they could cross the stream, Brady advanced man, introd to all the toils and hardships of a taggood distance ahead. His limb was growing frontier life, and had become very obnoxious to stiff from the wound, and as the Indians gained on the Indians, from the numerous successful attacks him, he made for the pond which bears his name, the Indians, from the numerous successin attacks on their war parties, and from shooting them in his hunting excursions, whenever they crossed his path, or come within reach of his rifle: for he was personally engaged in more hazardous contests with the savages, than any other man west of the mountains, excepting Daniel Boone. He was in fact an "Indian hater." as many of the early bortage of the water made dilicent search all round the pond. The indians, tracing him by the blood to temperature of 62 deg. of Fabrenheight's the water made dilicent search all round the pond. fact an "Indian hater," as many of the early borthe water, made diligent search all round the pond, derers were. This class of men appear to have but finding no signs of his exit, finally came to ther portion of the frontiers; and this doubtless arose from the slaughter at Braddock's defeat, and the numerous murders and attacks on defenceless families that for many years followed that disaster. Brady was also a very successful trapper and hunter, and took more beavers than any of the Indians themselves. In one of his adventurous excursions, to the waters of Beaver river, or Mahoning, which in early days so abounded with the anbeen more numerous in this region, than in any oning, which in early days so abounded with the anthe Cuyahoga, and is known in all that region by imals of this species, that it, took its name from the name of "Brady's Leap." this fact, it so happened that the Indians surprised him in his camp and took him prisoner. have shot or tomahawked him on the spot, would have been but a small gratification to that of satiating their revenge by burning him at a slow fire, in presence of all the Indians of their village. He was, therefore, taken alive to their encampment, on the west bank of the Beaver river, about a mile and a half from its mouth. After the usual ex-ultations and rejoicings at the capture of a noted enemy, and causing him to run the gauntlet, a fire was prepared, near which Brady was placed, after being stripped naked, and with his arms unbound. Previously to tying him to the stake, a large circle was formed around him, consisting of Indian men, women, and children, dancing and yelling, and uttering all manner of threats and abuse that their small knowledge of the English language could afford. The prisoner looked on these preparations for death, and on his savage toes, with a firm countenance and a steady eye, neeting all their is found very plentiful in all those natural threats with a truly savage fortitude. In the midst waters, which emit that peculiar and offenHOGS. of their dancing and rejoicing, a squaw of one of sive odour somewhat similar to rotten eggs their chiefs came near him with a child in her or the scourings of a foul gun-harrel. At a arms. Quick as thought, and with intuitive prescience, he snatched it from her and threw it into medium temperature, water will absorb from the midst of the flames. Horror struck at the two thirds to three-fourths of its bulk of this sudden outrage, the Indians simultaneously rushed to rescue the infant from the fire. In the midst of this confusion, Brady darted from the circle, overturning all that came in his way, and rushed London. supposed to be impregnated with into the adjacent thickets, with the Indians at his the spirits mundi, and sold by the monks as heels. He ascended the steep side of the present a kind of spiritual nectar: the most celebrahill, amidst a shower of bullets, and darting down the opposite declivity, scarcted himself in the deep ravines and laurel thickets that abound for several miles to the west of it. His knowledge of the country and wonderful activity, enabled him to elude his enemies, and reach the settlements on the south of the Ohio river, which he crossed by pure sulphur. Hence, the pure sulphur gons swimming. The hill, near whose base this advertises that are found in the channels in orders and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense, and hope by a strict adherense to their expense. incident is often referred to by the traveller, as the which this water flows, or the lining of the fidence.

coach is slowly dragged up its side.

Brady's LEAR.—Capt. Brady seems to have been as much the Daniel Boone of the north cast part of the the valley of the Ohio, as the other from the way. was of the south-west, and the country is equally from the almosphere?

full of traditionary degends of his hardy adventures and hair breadth escapes, although he has lacked a Flint to chronicle his fame, and transmit it to posterity in the glowing and beautiful language undoubted authority, it-seems the following inci-exist in the vessels used in an artificial opedent actually transpired in this vicinity. Brady's ration.—[Sir Humphrey Davy. residence was on Chartier's Creek, on the south side; of the Ohio, as before noted in this diary; and being a man of herculean strength, activity & pure than elsewhere? courage, he was generally selected as a leader of Because it always, the hardy borderers in all routs into the Indian tify of sulphate of time, and carbonate of he had every opportunity of secing the proper territory north of the river. On this occasion, which was about the year 1780, a large party of the houses. Again, the atmosphere of a diagram to the houses. Again, the atmosphere of a diagram to the houses. Again, the atmosphere of a diagram to the houses. Again, the atmosphere of a diagram to the houses on the south sinky town will give some impregnation to side of the Ohio river, in the lower part of what rain, as it passes through. Hippocrates less for the last five years; in different climate, Cannon; Five lines Pica to twenty, 5, 7; the hardy borderers in all routs into the Indian tify of sulphate of time, and carbonate of he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Bourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, House, and carbonate of he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois on Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois of Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois of Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois of Long he had every opportunity of secing proper geois Nos. 1, 2, 8, 4, Hourgeois of Long he had every opportu ter an old Indian of that name, who lived there ed and strained when collected near large crossed the Ohio before effectual pursuit could be themselves formed from frozen snow? made. By Brady, a party was directly summened of his chosen followers, who hastened on after them, but the Indians having one or two days the their return to their village. Near the spot where north, and the other west, to the falls of the Cavu-

with numbers fourfold to those of Brady's party whose only safety was in a hasty retreat, which from the ardor of the pursuit soon become a per fect flight.—Brady directed his men to separate & each one to take care of himself; but the Indians knowing Brady, and having a most inveterate hatred and dread of him, from the numerous chas isements which he had inflicted upon them, left all the others, and with united strength pursued him alone. The Cuyahoga here makes a wide iend to the south, including a large tract of several miles of surface, in the form of a peninsula The Indians, by extending their line to the right & composition, and can only be considered as left forced him on the bank of the stream. Have perfectly pure, when re-distilled, at a low ing, in peaceable times, coften hunted over this round with the Indians, and knowing every turn of the Cuyahoga as familiarly as the villager knows the streets of his own humlet, Brady directed his course to the river, at a spot where the whole stream is compressed, by the rocky cliffs, into a narrow channel of only twenty-two feet a cross the top of the chasny although it is consid rably wider beneath; near the water, and in height more than twice the number of feet above the current. Through this pass the water rushes like a race horse, chafing and roaring at the confinement of its current by the rocky channel, while a short distance above, the stream is at least fifty As he approached the chasm, Brady, knowing

hat life or death was in the effort, concentrated iis mighty powers and leaped the stream at a sin-It so happened that, in the opposite cliff, the leap was favored by a low place, into which he dropped, and grasping the busines, he hus helped himself to ascend to the top of cliff. The Indians for a few moments, were lost n wonder and admiration, and before they had reovered their recollection he was half way up the side of the opposite hill, but still within reach of their rifles. They could easily have shot him at any moment before, but being bent on taking him alive, for torture, and to glut their long delayed revenge, they forbore the use of the rifle: but now seeing him likely to escape, they all fired upon him: one bullet wounded him severely in the hip

POPULAR CHEMISTRY,

OR, THE PLAIN WAY AND BECAUSE. Why has the common practice of lining vells with bricks been condemned?

Because bricks soften the hardest water. and give it an alumihous impregnation-[Dr. Percival.

Why is water often found impregnated with

sulphiretted hydrogen gas? Because of the spontaneous decomposition

of pyrites, or sulphuret of iron, where the spring rises. Hence, sulphuretted hydro-gen gas, which consists in sulphur held in solution by hydrogen gas, imparts the med-from Mallory's Mill to Robinson's bridge, 12 icinal value to many celebrated springs, and miles from Mallory's Mill. gas, and even twice its bulk.

Of this property were the several wells in London, supposed to be impregnated with ted of which was the Holy-well, near shore-

Why does this water soon become furbill for our country friends, and solicit a share of pat-Because the cohesion of the sulphur to the ronge. They will also ship Cotton for the up hydrogen is very weak. It soon deposits country forms to be shortest notice, casks and other vessels in which it is usually

Because, having touched air alone, it can contain nothing but what it gains from the atmosphere, and it is thus distilled without of that distinguished annalist of the West. From the chance of those impurities which may

Why is rain-water collected in towns less He has put himself to considerable trouble to be

Because it always, acquires a small quanthen the whites first came into the country on the towns: a fact now well known to chemists.

air from water, whether existing below, or start, he could not overtake them in time to arrest formed in the atmosphere: and, in the high and uninhabited regions of glaciers, theremend to all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, the town of Ravena now stands, the Indians sepa-can scarcely be any substances, to contami. Asthma, Consumption, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, cated into two parties, one of which went to the uate: removed from animal and vegetable and all cronic diseases or breast complaints, as body; Antiques; light and heavy two line letter they are even above the minoral bins well as all other forms of disease, to make an ear-full face roman and italies; Nonpariel, Minion, Br hoga.—Brady's men also divided; a part pursued life, they are even above the mineral king the northern trail, and a part with their commandon. Sir Humphry Davy considers this for der to the Indian vilage lying on the river in the pure water: its color, when it has any course have been performed, when little expectation of Northampton, in Portage depth, or when a mass of it is seen through the covery remained.

| well as all other forms of disease, to make an early with their vier, Long Primer, Small Pica; Minion, as they will find it greatly to their ly application, as they will find it greatly to their ly application, as they will find it greatly to their ly application, as they will find it greatly to their ly application, as they will find it greatly to their ly application, as they will find it greatly to their ly one Primer, Small Pica; Minion, and Brevier Greek, Hebrew and Saxa depth, or when a mass of it is seen through the or will be pure with the primer, Small Pica; Minion, and Brevier Greek, Hebrew and Saxa depth, or when a mass of it is seen through the or will be pure with the pu depth, or when a mass of it is seen through Although Brady made his approaches with the is bright blue: and, according tooits depth. utmost caution, the Indians, expecting a pursuit, it has more or less of this colour. Captain eral supply of genuine medicines, he will be able furnished to order; together with every other were on the lookout, and ready to receive him, parry states that the water on the Delay together without the boston ticle made use of in the Printing business. Parry states, that the water on the Polar to attend promptly to any call, without laboring ticle made use of in the Printing business, all ce has the same beautiful tint. The reader under the difficulty that many do, (the want of vill find some new and interesting observations on the color of water in Salmonia.

Why is water distilled? Because its foreign impurities may be completely separated from it. Distilled vater as commonly prepared, however, always affords minute traces of foreign matter, especially when subjected to voltaic de-

temperature, in silver vessels. Why is distilled water the lightest of all waters? Because it contains neither solid nor gaseous substances in solution. It is perfectly levoid of taste; is colourless and transparent feels soft, and wets the fingers more readily than any other. The principal cases in shich distiled water has been used as an artide of drink, have been in those important rials of the practicability of producing it by condensing the steam of sea-water by means of a simple apparatus fitted to a ship shotler These have shown the case with which large quantity of fresh water, may be procured at sea. and that of the purest kind.

Why did the old chemists believe in the conversion of water into earth by distillation? Because they found that the water though purified by repeated distillation, if evaporated

o'dryness, always left a small residuum. Magraff distilled water seventy-two times with this result: but Lavoisier determined that this residunm was entirely owing to the abrasion of the glass vessels in which the pro

ess was carried on. Why, has it been important to ascertain with recision the weight of pure water?

Because it is the standard with which all other liquids and solids are compared; as the weights of acriform fluids are with atmospheric air. Moreover, a recent act of Parthermometer: the barometer being at 30 inthe conclusion that he had sunk and was drowned ches. The capacity of this gallon is 277.

A stranger having entered the apartment where the Emperor Napoleon was shaving himself, when in a little town in Italy, he said, "I want to see your great emperorwhat are you to him?"

The Emperor replied, "I shave him."

LAND FOR SALE. for sale on the 15th of July next at-his residence A Tract of Land

TERMS OF SALE.—A credit until the first of November next will be given—the purchaser giving bond with approved security. GEORGE W. BAGBY. March 11th, 1837-n8-6t.

To Cotton Growers.

AND OUR FRIENDS IN THE COUTRY.

HE undersigned having purchased an interest in Messrs Clark & l'eters' extensive Ware-House in this place, offer their services as Receiving & forwarding Agents

NICHOLS, POOR & HALL. Jan. 28, 1837. The Talladega and Jacksonville papers will Why is the purest water that which falls give the above four insertions, and forward their accounts.

BOTANIC DOCTOR.

icine on the

Bolvaic exerem!

He has put himself to considerable time come fully acquainted with the Thompsonian System of medicine—having spent considerable time with the agency at Louisville, Kentider, where he had every apportunity of secience proper is Nos. 1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 8, 1, 2, 3, 2, 4, 1, 2, 3, 2, is now Washington county, but which was then states, that rain-waiter should alwas be boil- in addition to his general success in the treatment known as the settlement of "Cat-fish Camp," af- on and strained when collected near large of various diseases, he feels confident he can give general satisfaction to all who may be disposed when the whites first came into the country on the towns: a fact now well known to chemists. Menongahela river, withis party had murdered why is the purese redler produced from several families, and with the "plunder" had remained to make a trial of vegetable medicines; (for no minerals will be used;) being well satisfied that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; a new all forms of disease that can be found in any other specimen; and the found in the demselves formed from frozen snow? system of medicine may be cured by this, and sortment of ornamental dashes; a variety of cured by this that have been borders; near two hundred thousand metal ones. pronounced incurable by the mineral practice, and without any of the evils that often follow tronomical, Mathematical, and physical signature use of Calomel. He would therefore recommetal braces and dashes three to thirty ems.

He has now on hand a good assortment of Medcines, and has sent on to the North for a gen-

Proper medicines.)
His residence is in the south-western part of the own of Jacksonville, where he may always be ound unless necessarily absent. Many certificate might be produced from the most respectable part of the community to show the efficacy of

the medicine, and his general success in using the

ame, but they are deemed unnecessary. Feb. 11, 1837.—natt.

REMOVAL.



Fighe undersigned respect-

Harness, Whips, &c. Of superior finish and work manship. Orders for cents a week, and to add as a piquant seasoning any work in his line will be promptly attended to. His terms are each for Harness and all repairing and a summary of the news and events of the day. E CUNNINGHAM.

Feb. 11, 1837-n4-tf.

Committed to the Jail of Jacksonville, Benton County Alabama, on Saturday the 21st day of January 1837, a negro man, who calls his name Tom, about stout built; dark complection, sough not very black. He says his master boughtim of a Mr.

Thompson of Bedford County Virginia, and he left him while on- his way to Mississippi. The owner of the above described negro, is

lealt with according to lay

FIELDING SNOW, Jailer. January 28, 1836,-n2-tf.

gro man about twenty-three years of age who calls his name SANCHO, so and says he belongs to Allsey Pollard of Autauga, County, Alabama—about five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, a scar over his left eye.—The owner is requested to come for-

ward pay charges and take him away. January 5th, 1837.—tf.

STATE OF ALABAMA,

TVAKEN UP by Abijah Davis, a Chesnut sorrel Horse, supposed to be Ten years old, fifteen hands and a half high, appraised o seventy dollars 31st January, 1837, JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK. Marnh 4, 1837.—3t.¶

THE STATE OF ALABAMAN CHEROKEE COUNTY.

MAKEN UP by James Owen, a Light Bay Horse, left hind foot white, long tail, dark mane and tail, about fifteen hands high, a lump on his back, supposed to be nine years old, appraised to ninety dollars.

ALSO-A dark Bay Horse, a star in his fore head, left eye out, supposed to be eight years old, appraised to fifty dollars, January 28th, 1837.

JOHN S. WILSON, GRERKA

STATE OF ALABUMA, CHEROKEE COUNTY, S a Brown Marc, supposed to be six years old, four-feet-nine inches high, branded on the right shoulder und hip with the letters H D appraised to tweny-seven dollars, 15th August, 1836.

March 4, 1837.—3t. 9

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

MOTICE.

I hereby forwarn all persons from trading for a certain Note of hand, drawn in favor of Mark Pitts, against James B. Russel, for fifty, dollars

JAMES B. RUSSELS. Feb. 11, 1837,-319

JOE PERTURNE. ATHEO OFFICE.

To Printers & Publishers

TOHN CRUTCHFIELD, offers his Specimen Book of light faced Book services to the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county, to prastice meditents of which are herewith partially gives the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county and the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of Jackson-ville and Benton county are not provided the people of

lines Pica ornamental; 6, 7, 9, 12 & 15 lines

shaded; 8, 10, 12 & 16 lines Antique shaded Also a large and beautiful collection of flows sortment of ornamental dashes; a variety of Diamond and Nonpariel music of various kind Great Primer and double Pica scripts on incline body; Antiques; light and heavy two line letter

ularly for the Spanish and South American ma-kets; Spanish, French and Portuguese access which can be furnished at short notice, of as god quality and on as reasonable terms as at any other

CONNER & COOKE

Corner of Nassau and Ann Sts., N. Y. Proprietors of newspapers printed in an part of the United States, or the Canadas, who will copy the above advertisement-times, at forward a copy containing the same, will be entit tled to their pay in any Type cast at our Foundar provided they take twice their amount of bill

Waldie's Literary Omnibus

of Jacksonville and the adjoining country; that he has removed his Saddler shop to the bring literature to every man's door." That the South part of the Town, on the East side of bread Street, one door North of he Printing Office the Printing Office the Will Still continue to books wings, and they have flew to the uttermost secluded, occupation to the literary, informatical towall. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banque more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall Suddles, Bridles, Martingales, continue to give in the quarto Library, a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose t give a volume in the same period for less than for cents a week, and to add as a piquant seasoning to We know by experience and calculation that w can go still further in the matter of education, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us k aim at offering to an increasing literary appear that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever s great a favorite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding am preservation, and its price and form will remain the 10 man, who can's his hand any he be same. But we shall, in the first week in January longs to a man by the name of Samuel Puckett; 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the larger same. But we shall, in the first week in January he has two fore teeth out below, and his upper newspapers of America, but on very superior pa fore teeth very wide apart, about five feet high and per also filled with books, the newest and most en peralso filled with books, the newest and moster crtaining, though in their several departments of novels, tales, voyages, travels, &cc. select in their character, joined with reading such as usually should fill a weekly newspaper By this method The owner of the above described negro, is we hope to accomplish a great good; to enlive a requested to come forward, prove property, and and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be at an expense which shall be no consideration to ny, a mass of reading that in book form would a arm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and to knowledge "the power of concentration can make the power of concentration can be power of concen

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LIBRARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday, morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain.

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can re procured, equal every week to a London dus-lecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., and only chargeable with newspaper postage.

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches; notices of books and information from "the world of etters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a mall compass, but in sufficient amount to embrace knowledge of the principal events, political and niscellancous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded to me address. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absclutely prohibiting paying a discount. Subscribers to the Library or Port Folio, two dollars and

half. Mail remittancee to be Post Paid. On no condition will a copy ever be sent until

the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a gencrous public for many years, no fear of the non-fulment can be felt. The Omnibus will be res alarly issued, and, will contain in a year reading matter equal incamount to two volums of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above. Address, post paid, Sand

46 CARPENTER St. Philadelphia. Editors throughout the Union, and Canada will confer a favor by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for year as compensation.

Of every description neatly exe cuted, & kept constantly on hand for sale at this Office.

Officers in the adjoining counties can be furnished with such blanks as they use, upon the shortest notice, & on reasonable terms.

erms of Advertising

Melical School of Flora:

us remedies, which only served

the single method of curing diseases by dithe plants of the field. While he continu-is practice he diseases were light and soon le unroofed and crooked at the foundation?

ficates, and also to the learned and talentee Hersey and Saunders, late Surdes that disgrace our country, from this state he nervous system, are produced by the mer-

Daniel Webster's native State New Hanmp

In his own native state, New York, Mr. Var ren received a heavier vote than was ever bee given to any candidate for the Presidency d his majority was the largest which that state

a Mexico, and in this country he is well known Weglesidesing!

itself into the "art of was able to walk the house; and in 4 days the configuration of guessing" striking she was entirely freed from pain and soon in as good freed at the foundation of the configuration of the configur

JOHN McWILLIAMS.

is view of the influence of Calomel, will, according the 16th of July last, when I first mediately preceding the 16th of July last, when I first mediately preceding the 16th of July last, when I first

tine, we learn that two of Gen. Hernandez's ter, (about thirty miles from Pensacola), and in construction, could remain uninjured.

The Coach Making but with unequalled from time to time embarrassments have certaint for the citizens of Rennsylvania was called stant who stated that about 400 Indian war-indicated to mounted men, and appointed a Committee to Making street about one hindred yards south of the square.

Pitatlake plant, and that Abraham had gone in wait upon Commodore Dallas, who had pre-pared and given himself up; where he pared an expedition to depart to-day, at 12; intended to remain Largonumbers of Indian Largonumbers of Indian war-indian municiples, and committee to be continued as herectofore by the unequalled becommended to the time to time embarrassments have certained to the continued as herectofore by the unequalled becommended to the continued as herectofore by the unequalled that the property in the continued as herectofore by the unequalled that the property is the confidence of the continued as herectofore by the unequalled that the property is the continued as herectofore by the unequalled that the property is the continued as herectofore by the unequalled that the property is the continued as herectofore by the unequalled a ire, gave a majority of several thousand to Mr. negroes who were captured last year by the had murdered several families, and commit-"That's sufficient," as Tom Haynes said when saw the clephant.

Ten. Sen.

THE NEXT CABINET.

Ve understand from Wasington, that it is high-

were of the most pleasant nature. Given under thand this 5th day of February, 1836.
THOMAS WILSON.

Marcli 230, 1836.—6.

MARTIN VAN BUREN'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

his view of the influence of Calomel, will, active the prevalence of Livering to the prevalence of Livering to the prevalence of Livering to the Southern & Western States, where early is given in such great abundance, he remarks of the great, and venerable. Despite the states of the great abundance, he remarks of the great abundance, he remarks of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance, he remarks of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance, and the prevalence of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance, and the prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance, and the prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance of the great abundance. The prevalence of the great abundance of

Probable, Mr. Poinsett is selected by Mr. Van In heads of the carry of War. The heads of the other departments will probably continue to the present.

The appointment of Mr. Poinsett will give great attisfaction to the friends of the Administration and we understand will probably be acceptable to the army itself. He is a gentleman of superior alcuits, fine temper; systematic habits—and develocity the test of the Union of his country. He is a find develocity the test of the Union of his country. He is a find develocity that the Steamer Foots for the Union of his country. He is a find develocity that the Steamer Foots for the restant as a politican and orator, his oration out Carolina, and his recent special of the Cause of sacette. (Whig.) says, he is an able man; agentated to save the Cause of a letter; received by yesterday siderable number of respectable persons, (chiefly ladied). Black Creek, Eeld 15th of the same when the accountry has well-known. We have been favored with the following siderable number of respectable persons, (chiefly extract of a letter, received by yesterday's ladies) had assembled there, and were in the act mail, and dated Black Creek, Feb. 15th, Dun Green has withdrawn from the publication the Mashington Tellegraph—and it is to be pleasure of conversing with Paddy Carr, with the Chief of the friendly Creeks who assu-

States might contestain of the power of the law, has displayed itself in a manner calcuto Fest were allayed by a fulciof representation lated to give pain to the friends of free Gov-

executive calcular et any country. Among people powerful in numbers and in strengths. In a supposed unfitness of our institutions them. We recognize the earliest and firmest but with our increase has gone, hand in hand, for those hostile emergencies, which no counnational independence was first declared ges, civil and religious, of the humblest in a fruitful source of apprehension, their enchim who, above all others, contributed to es dividual are still sucredly protected at home. mics of hope. While they fore-saw less tablish it on the field of battle; and those and, while the valor and fortitude of our premptness of action than in Governments people have removed far from us the slight differently formed, they overlooked the far structed, improved, and perfected the inesti- est apprehension of foreign power, they more important consideration, that, with us mable institutions under which we live. It have not yet induced us, in a single instance war could never be the result of individual such men, in the position I now occupy, felt to forget what is right. Our commerce has or irresponsible will, but must be a measure themselves overwhelmed by a sense of gratic been, extended to the remotest nations; the of redress for injuries sustained, voluntarily tude for this, the highest of all marks of their value, and even nature, of our productions resorted to by those who were to the necessaountry's confidence, and by a consciousness has been greatly changed; a wide difference ry sacrifice, who would consequently feel an duties of an office so difficult and exalted ces of every portion of our country yet the energy would be commensurate with the diflow much more must these considerations spirit of mutual regard and of faithful ad figuities to be encountered. Actual events was much swollen, and without the colour of blood in affect one, who can rely on no such claims herence to existing compacts; has continued have proved their error; the last war, far for favor or forbearance. Unlike sall who to prevail in our councils, and never long from impairing, gave new confidence to our are preceded me, the revolution; that gave been absent from our conducts We have Government; and amid recent apprehensions is existence as one people, was achieved at learned by experience a faithful lesson; that of a similar conflict, we saw that the enerhe period of my birth; and, whilst I contem- an implicit and undeviating adherence to the gics of our country would not be wanting plate with greatful reverence that memora principles on which we set out can carry us in ample season to vindicate its rights. We ble event. I feel that I belong to a later age prosperously onward through all the conflicts may not possess, as we should not desire to and that I may not expect my countrymen to of circumstances, and the vicissitudes insep- possess, the extended and ever ready milita-

jumstances press themselves upon me, that I cause for graftitude; on account of the hap- vent a contrary opinion from inviting agshould not dare to enter upon my path of du piness it has actually conferred, and the exreliance, on the patriotism, the intelligence asground for still deeper delight. It im-and the kindness of a prople who never yet presses on my mind a firm belief that the per-

March 23, 1837.—3t.

NOTICE.

Committed to the Jail of Jacksonville, Benton County Alabama, on Saturday the 21st day of January 1837, a negro man, who calls his name Tom, about 40 or 45 years of age, and said he be longed to a man by the name of Samuel Puckett, but new says he belongs to Samuel Perkins; he has two fore teeth out below, and his upper fore teeth very wide apart, about five feet high and thing establishment had, in consequence, been stout built; dark complection, though not very formed, on the mastex cellent and genteel plan, to black. He says his master bought him of a Mr. black. He says his master bought him of a Mr. Thompson of Bedford County Virginia, and he left him while on his way to Mississippi.

The owner of the above described negro, is requested to come forward, prove property, and charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with according to law.

FIELDING SNOW, Jailor.

January 28, 1836 .- n2-tf.

rob printing, EXECUTED WITH NEATHERS, ACCURACY AND DESPATE, Cd

400

quain son A patical feat that who wish for its overthrow. These occurcope of general legislation might rences however have been far less frequent terests, was countern eledably limits strictly population on the globe; and with the diffebe loned training the notion of the federal au sion of intelligence, it may well be hoped hority; and to the people and the States was that they will constantly diminish in frequenleft unimpaired their sovereign power over cy and violence. The generous patriotism he inumerable subjects embraced in the in- and sound common sense of the great mass ernal government of a just republic, except of our fellow-citizens, will assuredly, in ng such only as necessarily appertain to the time, produce this result: for as every asposes on me ansobligation I checifully fulfil, concerns of the whole confederacy, or its in-sumption of illegal power not only wounds of accompany the first and solemulation my lercourse, as a united community, with the the majesty of the law, but furnishes a prethe first and solomnfactor my tercourse, as a united community, with the the majesty of the law, but furnishes a pretext for abridging the liberties of the people, This provident forecast has been verified the latter have the most direct and permacellings on assuming all by time. Half a centific, teeming with ex-ment interests in preserving the great land-

> ry organization of other nations; but, among oursives, all doubt upon this great point has great experiment, is, in itself, a sufficient ceased, while a salutary experience will pregression from abroad.

Certain danger was foretold from the exhose who will be associated with me in the me my fellow-citizens, looking forward to tension of our territory, the multiplication various and co-ordinate branches of the Gov-the far-distant future, with ardent prayers of States, and the increase of population. ernment; did I not repose, with unwavering and confiding hopes, this retrospect presents Our system was supposed to be adapted only to boundaries comparatively narrow. These have been widened beyond conjecture; he sorvant honestly laboring petuity of our institutions depends upon our the members of our confederacy are already in their cause, and above all still I not per-selves; that, if we maintain the principles on doubled; and the members of our people are mit myself, humbly to hope for the sustaining which they were established, they are destining on the alleged causes support of an ever-watchful and beneficent of to confer their benefits on countless gener of danger have long surpassed anticipation, ations yet to come; and that America will but none of the consequences have followed. To the confidence and consolation derived present to every friend of mankind the cheer. The power and influence of the republic from these sources; it would be ungrateful ing proof, that a popular Government, wise have risen to a height obvious to all mankind: respect for its authority was not more

of two wars has been paid, not on-lin construction, could remain uninjured.



LAND Figure will offer for sale on the 15th of July next at his residence

containing fifty or sixty acres, twelve of which are cleared and fit for cultivation. The place is well improved, lying on Cane Creek, on the read from Mallory's Mill to Robinson's bridge, 12 miles from Mallory's Mill.

At the same time and place he will sell of his stock, consisting of CATTLE, SHEEP, and HOGS.

TERMS OF SALE. A Credit until the first of November next will be given—the purchaser November next will be given—the purchase giving bond with an proved security.

GEORGE W. BAGET.

March 11th, 1837—n8—6t.

NOTICE.

here oy forwarn all persons from trading for a certain Note of hand, drawn in favor of Mark with against James B. Russel, for fifty dollars. As the consideration for

THE SONS OF ART. Written for the Typograpical Celebration. BY T. O. SPEAR.

CUNE-Hail Colubia: Hail! to Art's Enlight'ning hand! Hail! ye sons of Freedom's land! Who converse hold with all mankind, And cheer the boundless realms of mind, Tis yours to herald deeds renown'd And spread the thoughts of souls profound-To bid the mists of Ign'rance fly, And gladden Virtue's amous eye, With Knowledge that was sent to fan The love of Truth sublime in man. Friends of light and Liberty, Join'd in millions figm and free, On the land, or on the waves, Columbia's sons can ne'er be slave.

Hail! ye heirs or patriots wise, Blessed with Freedom's blood-bought praise Who glory in that God-like band, That first your country's greatness planned Still guard the rights ye proudly claim.

And hand them down through time the same, And send them where a slavish fate. On men's desponding cars may grate, And through the world the torch relume, That cheers his passage to the tomb. Friends of light and Liberty, &c. . . .

Sound the chorus to the skies, While a nation's praises rise, To bail the boon that Science found, And will'd to earth's remotest bound That from the night of ages-came, The last in birth, but first in fame, And broke the long and cheerless gloom, That clouded man's primeval doom, And turn'd his thoughts from phantoms wild. To scenes by peaceful arts beguil'd. Friends of light and Liberty, &c.

Sons of Art! whose triumplis claim? Sons of Arti whose triumpus chain.

Homage for your bloodless fame.

Who wield the press or guide the plough.

With fearless eve and cheerful brow.

Whose quickened souls, and faithful hands. The force of tyrant wrong withstands,-As one in nation, name, and fate, Torother stem the storms of state-Together shine—together stand— A glorious and united band. Friends of light and Liberty, &c.

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VAIN BOASTING. PROM THE SACRED CLASSICS. Can he be fair, that withers at a blast? Or he be strong, that airy breath can cast? Can he be wise, that knows not how to live? Or he be rich, that nothing has to give? Can he be young, that's feeble, weak, and wan? So fair, strong, wise—so rich, so young is man. So fair is man, that death (a parting blast,)
Blast his fair flow'r, and makes him earth at last; So strong is man, that with a grasping breath He totters, and bequeaths his strength to death: So wise is man, that if with death he strive, His wisdom cannot teach him how to live So rich is man, that (all his debts being plaid) His wealth's the winding-sheet wherein he's laid; So young is man, that (broke with care and sorrow He's old enough to-day to die to morrow, Why bragg'st thou then, thou worm of five feet long!

Thou art neither fair, nor strong, nor wise, nor rich nor young.

Miscellancons.

From Silliman's Journal for October 1836. LEGEND OF BRADY'S HILL.

Samuel Brady, the hero of the following adventures was over six fect in height, with light blue but not so badly as to prevent his progress. The eyes, fair skin, and dark hair: he was remarkably Indians having to make a considerable circuit bestraight, an athletic, bold and vigorous backwoodsstraight, an athletic, bold and vigorous backwoods fore they could cross the stream, Brady advanced man, inured to all the toils and hardships of a rangood distance ahead. His limb was growing frontier life, and had become very obnoxious to stiff from the wound, and as the Indians gained on the Indians grow the numerous successful attacks. the Indians, from the numerous successful attacks him, he made for the pond which bears his name, on their war parties, and from shooting them in his hunting excursions, whenever they crossed his distance, and came up under the frunk of a large path, or come within reach of his rifle: for he was cak, which had fallen into the pond. This, alles avordupoise weight, (7000 gr.=1 lb.) of path, or come within reach of his thick was personally engaged in more hazardous contests with the savages, than any other man west of the meuntains, excepting Daniel Boone. He was in fact an "Indian hater," as many of the early borderers were. This class of men appear to have but finding no signs of his exit, finally came to but find no signs of his exit, finally came to but find no signs of his exit, finally came to but find no signs of his exit, finally came to but find no signs of his exit, finally came to but find no signs of his exit, finally came to support to support no signs of his exit, finally came to support no signs of his exit, finally came to support no signs of his exit, been more numerous in this region, than in any othe conclusion that he had sunk and was drowned, ches. The capacity of this gallon is 277. ther portion of the frontiers, and this doubtless'a- As they were at one time standing on the very tree rose from the slaughter at Braddock's defeat, and the numerous murders and attacks on defenceless that he was concealed, Brady under- Hoffman thus su standing their language, was very glad to hear the pure water: At is families that for many years followed that disaster. Brady was also a very successful trapper and hunter, and took more beavers than any of the Inclians themselves. In one of his adventurous ex-cursions, to the waters of Beaver river, or Mahoning, which in early days so abounded with the anthe Cuyahoga, and is known in all that region by imals of this species, that it, took its name from the name of "BRADY'S LEAP." this fact, it so happened that the Indians surprised him in his camp and took him prisoner. To have shot or tomahawked him on the spot, would have been but a small gratification to that of satiating their revenge by burning him at a slow fire, in presence of all the Indians of their village. He was, therefore, taken alive to their encampment, on the west bark of the Beaver river, about a mile and a half from its mouth. After the usual exultations and rejoicings at the capture of a 'noted enemy, and causing him to run the gauntlet, a fire was prepared, near which Brady was placed, after being stripped naked, and with his arms unbound Previously to tying him to the stake, a large circle was formed around him, consisting of Indian men, women, and children, dancing and yelling, and uttering all manner of threats and abuse that their small knowledge of the English language could afford. The prisoner looked on these prepara-tions for death, and on his savage foes, with a firm countenance and a steady eye, meeting all their threats with a truly savage fortitude. In the midst of their dancing and rejoicing, a squaw of one of their chiefs came near him with a child in her their chiefs came near him with a child in her or the scourings of a foul gun-harrel. At a November next will be given—the purchaser science, he snatched it from her and threw it into medium temperature, water will absorb from giving bond with approved security. the midst of the flames. Horror struck at the two thirds to three-fourths of its bulk of this sudden outrage, the Indians simultaneously rushed to rescue the infant from the fire. In the midst of this confusion, Brady darted from the circle, overturning all that came in his way, and rushed iuto the adjacent thickets, with the Indians at his the spirits mundi, and sold by the monks as heels. He ascended the steep side of the present a kind of spiritual nectar: the most celebrahill, amidst a shower of bullets, and darting down the opposite declivity, secreted himself in the deep ravines and laurel thickets that abound for several miles to the west of it. His knowledge of the country and wonderful activity, enabled him to the country and wonderful activity, enabled him to elude his enemies, and reach the settlements on the south of the Ohio river, which he crossed by the country and wonderful activity, enabled him to

BRADY'S LEAR.—Capt. Brady seems to have been as much the Daniel Boone of the north east part of the the valley of the Ohio, as the other Why is was of the south-west, and the country is equally from the almosphere?

ull of traditionary legends of his hardy adven-ures and hair breadth escapes, although he has acked a Flint to chronicle his fame, and transmit t to posterity in the glowing and beautiful language the chance of those impurities which may indoubted authority, it seems the following inci- exist in the vessels used in an artificial opedent actually transpired in this vicinity. Brady's ration.—Sir Humphrey Davy, residence was on Chartier's Creek, on the south courage, he was generally selected as a leader of the hardy borderers in all routs into the Indian territory north of the river. On this occasion, which was about the year 1780, a large party of warriors from the falls of the Cuyahoga and the adjacent country, had made an invoid on the south is how well known as the settlement of "Cat-fish Camp," after a fid Indian of that name, who lived there when the whites first came into the country on the Monongahela river. This, party had mirdered several families, and with the Plumder" had recrossed the Ohio before effectual pursuit could be made. By Brady, a party was directly summenced.

In the alterwherce?

In the alterwherce of the country on the country on the south side of the Ohio before effectual pursuit could be made. By Brady, a party was directly summenced.

In the country of the river on Minion body, Nos. 12 (1) and the december of the Country on the fall of the river. This party had mirecred several families, and with the Thompsonian System of medicine—liaving spent considerable gime them of uncidence—liaving spent considerable gime with the age quainted with the Thompsonian System of uncidence—liaving spent considerable gime them of uncidence—liaving spent considerable gime with the age quainted with the Thompsonian System of uncidence—liaving spent considerable gime with the age and considerable gime with the age proper of Louisville, Kenttley, where the devery opportunity of section on Long Party of the country of the had every opportunity of section of section of the country of the had every opportunity of section of section of the country of the had every opportunity of section of the country of the had every opportunity of section of section of the country of the had every opportunity of section of section of the country of the had every opportunity of section of the country of the had every opportunity of section of the country of the had every opportunity of section of the country of the country of the had every opportunity of section of the country side of the Ohio, as before noted in this diary; and being a man of her culean strength, activity & pure than elsewhere? courage, he was generally selected as a leader of the hardy borderers in all routs into the Indian (ify of sulpliate of line). nade. By Brady, a party was directly summened of his chosen followers, who hastened on after them, but the Indians having one or two days the air from water, whether existing below or and without any of the evils that often follow start he could not overtake them in time to arrest formed in the atmosphere: and in the high the use of Caloniel. He would therefore recomtheir return to their village. Near the spot where and uninhabited regions of glaciers, there mend to all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, the use of Calomel. He would therefore recommend and Nonpariel nusic of various kind the two parties, one of which went to the most be any substances; to contain and all evenis discusses on house to the holy: Antiques: light and heavy two light and all evenis discusses on house contains.

ntmost caution, the Indians, expecting a pursuit, it has more or less of this colour. Captain eral supply of genuine medicines, he will be able furnished to order; together with every other a very on the lookout, and ready to receive him, parry states, that the water on the Polici Cottand approach without taken the title made use of in the Printing business. ith numbers fourfold to those of Brady's party, whose only safety was in a hasty retreat, which, fect flight.-Brady directed his men to separate & each one to take care of himself; but the Indians knowing Brady, and having a most inveterate hared and dread, of him, from the numerous chassements which he had inflicted upon them, left If the others, and with united strength pursued im alone. The Cuyahoga here makes a wide end to the south, including a large tract of severil miles of surface, in the form of a peninsular The Indians, by extending their line to the right & left forced him on the bank of the stream. Have perfectly pure, when re-distilled, at a low ing, in peaceable times, often hunted over this with the Indians, and knowing every turn of the Cuyalloga as familiarly as the villager knows the streets of his own hamlet, Brady direced his course to the river, at a spot where the gascous substances in solution. It is perfectly whole stream is compressed, by the rocky cliffs, levoid of taste; is colourless and transparent nto a narrow channel of only twenty-two feet across the top of the chasmicalthough it is considrably wider beneath; near the water, and in neight more than twice the number of feet above the current. Through this pass the water rushes like a race horse, chaning and roaving at the confinement of its current by the rocky channel, while a short distance above, the stream is at least fifty

As he approached the clasm, Brady, knowing These have shown the case with which a that life or death was in the effort, concentrated large quantity of fresh water may be pilotis mighty powers and leaped the stream at a sincured at sea, and that of the purest kind. It so happened that, in the opposite liff, the leap was favored by a low place, into which he dropped, and grasping the bushes, he hus helped himself to ascend to the top of the cliff. The Indians for a few moments, were lost overed their recollection he was half way up the side of the opposite hill, but still within reach of their rifles. They could easily have shot him at my moment before, but being bent on taking him alive, for torture, and to glut their long delayed abrasion of the glass vessels in which the prohe has two fore teeth out below, and his upper
revenge, they for bore the use of the rifle: but now seeing him likely to escape, they all fired upon him: one bullet wounded him severely in the hip, but not so badly as to prevent his progress. The result of their deliberations, and after they had gone, weary, lame and hungry, he made good his ages and temperaments; and, of all the pro-retreat to his own home. His followers also all ductions of nature or art, comes nearest to

POPULAR CHEMISTRY.

OR, THE PLAIN WAY AND BECAUSE. Why has the common practice of lining wells with bricks been condemned?

Because bricks soften the hardest water, and give it an alumihous impregnation-Dr. Percival.

Why is water often found impregnated will

sulphuretted hydrogen gas?

Because of the spontaneous decomposition f pyrites, or sulphuret of iron, where the spring rises. Hence, sulphuretted hydrogen gas, which consists in sulphur held in well improved, lying on Cane Creek, on the road solution by hydrogen gas, imparts the med-from Mallory's Mill to Robinson's bridge, 12 icinal value to many celebrated springs, and miles from Mallory's Mill. gen gas, which consists in sulphur held in is found very plentiful in all those natural waters, which emit that peculiar and offensive odour somewhat similar to rotten eggs. gas, and even twice its bulk.

Of this property were the several wells in London, supposed to be impregnated with ted of which was the Holy-well, near shore-

Why does this water soon become turbid? the country and wonderful activity, enabled min to elude his enemics, and reach the settlements on hydrogen is very weak. It soon deposits the south of the Ohio river, which he crossed by pure sulphur. Hence, the pure sulphur early to any of the Northern States, and with the least expense, and hope by a strict adherence to their en has never been compelled with, I am determine venture happened, still goes by his name; and the venture happened, still goes by his name; and the which this water flows, or the lining of the Northern States, and with the least consideration for which said Note was given to any of the Northern States, and with the least expense, and hope by a strict adherence to their en has never been compelled with, I am determine orders and insterest, to gain a share of public confidence.

NICHOLS, POOR & HALL.

Feb. 11, 1837.—315

Because, liaving touched air alone, it can contain nothing but what it gains from the atmosphere, and it is thus distilled without

Why is rain-water collected in towns less He has put himself to considerable trouble to be

rated into two parties, one of which went to the nate: removed from animal and vegetable and all cronic diseases or breast complaints, as body; Antiques; light and heavy two line letter west, to the falls of the Cayunde: removed from animal and vegetable well as all other forms of disease, to make an early full face roman and indices; Nonparied well as all other forms of disease, to make an early full face roman and indices; Nonparied well as all other forms of disease, to make an early full face roman and indices; Nonparied well as all other forms of disease, to make an early full face roman and life, they are even above the mineral king by application, as they will find it greatly to their long Primer, Bica and other blacks, Nonparied don. Sir Humphry Davy considers this to advantage. Relief is generally given and perfect. der to the Indian village lying on the river in the be pure water: its color, when it lins any cures have been performed, when little expecta
Minion, and Brevier Greek, Hebrew and Same present township of Northampton, in Portage lands a water of the lands and large variety of ornaments, calculated name depth, or when a mass of it is seen through Although Brady made his approaches with the is bright blue: and, according tonts depth. Parry States, that the water on the Polar to attend promptly to any call, without laboring ice has the same beautiful tint. The reader under the difficulty that many do, (the want of vill find some new and interesting observitions on the color of water in Salmonia. Why is water distilled?

Because its foreign impurities may be ompletely separated from it. Distilled vater as commonly prepared, however, always affords minute traces of foreign matter, especially when subjected to voltaic decomposition, and can only be considered as temperature, in silver vessels.

. Why is distilled water the lightest of all waters? Because it contains neither solid nor gaseous substances in solution. It is perfectly feels soft, and wets the fingers more readily than any other .- The principal cases in which distiled water has been used as an artide of drink, have been in those important trials of the practicability of producing it by ondensing the steam of sea-water by means f a simple apparatus fitted to a ship'sboiler These have shown the case with which cured at sea, and that of the purest kind.

Why did the old chemists believe in the con-

version of water into earth by distillation? Because they found that the water though purified by repeated distillation, if evaporated o'dryness, always left a small residuum.

Magraff distilled water seventy-two time with this result: but Lavoisier determined that this residunm was entirely owing to the cess was carried on.

Why has it been important to ascertain with recision the weight of pure water?

Because it is the standard with which all other liquids and solids are compared; as the weights of acriform fluids are with atmospheric air. Moreover, a recent act of Par-

Hoffman thus sums up the proprties of pure water: "It is the fittest drink for all returned in safety. The chasm across which he that universal remedy so much sought after leaped is in sight of the bridge where we crossed by mankind, and never hitherto discovered."

> A stranger having entered the apartment where the Emperor Napoleon was shaving himself, when in a little town in Italy, he said, "I want to see your great emperorwhat are you to him?"

The Emperor replied, "I shave him."

LAND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will offer for sale on the 15th of July next at his residence A Tract of Land

containing fifty or sixty acces, twelve of which are cleared and fit for cultivation. The place is

At the same time and place he will sell all his stock; consisting of CATTLE, SHEEP, and HOGS.

GEORGE W. BAGBY.

March 11th, 1837-n8-6t.

To Cotton Growers.

AND OUR PRIENDS IN THE COUTRY. Peters' extensive Ware-House in this

place, offer their services as Receiving & forwarding Agents

Jan. 28, 1837. The Talladega and Jacksonville papers will Why is the purest water that which falls give the above four insertions, and forward their accounts.

BOTANIC DOCTOR.

TOHN CRUTCHFIELD, offers his services to the people of Jacksonville and Benton county, to prastice medicine on the

Bolvanc exerem:

come fully acquainted with the Thompsonian Syshemselves formed from frozen snove?

system of medicine may be cured by this, and borders; near two hundred thousand meny have been cured by this that have been monted by the relationship of the relationshi air from water, whether existing below, or pronounced incurable by the mineral practice, tion of a recovery remained.

He has now on hand a good assortment of Medicines, and has sent on to the North for a gen-Proper medicines.

His residence is in the south-western part of the town of Jacksonville, where he may always be found unless necessarily absent. Many certificates might be produced from the most respectable part of the community to shew the efficacy of the medicine, and his general success in using the

same, but they are deemed unnecessary.

REMOVAL.



Table undersigned respectof Jacksonville and the adjoining country, that he has removed his Saddler shop to the South part of the Town.

general assortment of

Bridles, Martingales, Harness Whips, &c. Of superior finish and workmanship. Orders for any work in his line will be promptly attended to. His terms are cash for Harness and all repairing. E CUNNINGHAM.

Feb. 11, 1837-n4-tf.

NOTICE.

Committed to the Jail of Jacksonville Benton County Alabama, on Saturday the 21st day of January 1837, a negro man, who calls his name Tom, about do or 45 years of age, and says he be longs to a man by the name of Samuel Puckett; stout built; dark complection, black. He says his master bound him of a Mr Thompsen of Bedford County Virginia, and he left him while on- his way to Mississippi.

The owner of the above described negro, i requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges, and take him away, or he will be

lealt with according to lay FIFLDING SNOW, Jailor.

January 28, 1856.—n2-tf.

FINAKEN up and now in Jail in the Quarto Library will be published in the Omnimourge. gro man about twenty-three years of age who calls his name SANCHO, and says he belongs to Allsey Pollard of Autauga, County, Alabama—about five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, a scar over his left eye.—The owner is requested to come forward pay charges and take him away.

Z. P. SHIRLEY, Jailor.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ? AKIEN UP by Abijah Davis, a Chesnut sorrel Horse, sup-

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

CHEROKEE COUNTY. Light Bay Horse, left hind foot white, long tail, about fifteen hands high, a lump on his back, supposed to be nine years old, ap-

ALSO—A dark Bay Horse, a star in his forc-

STATE OF ALABUMA, ?

CYEROKEE COUNTY. STAKEN UP by Micajah Webb TAKEN UP by Micajah Webbi Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned about a Brown Marc, supposed to be Address, post paid, six years old, four-feet nine inches and hip with the letters H D appraised to twenhigh, branded on the right shoulder March 4, 1837.—3t.¶

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

MOTICE.

hereby forwarn all persons from trading for a certain Note of hand, drawn in favor of Mark Pitts, against James B. Russel, for fifty dollars.

TOB BERNES, ACCURACY AND DESPATOR,
ATTERS OFFICE.

To Printers & Publishers Specimen Book of light faced Book Printing Types, Flowers and Ornaments, the tents of which are herewith partially give Diamonds Pearl, No. 1, and 2; Agate, No. & 3; Agate on Nonpariel body; Nonparies

vier body; Brevier on Minion body, Nos. 1 4; Brevier on Bourgeois body; Brevier on

tronomical, Mathematical, and physical significant metal braces and dashes three to thirty emsla

A large variety of ornaments, calculated part ularly for the Spanish and South American ma-kets; Spanish, French and Portuguese access which can be furnished at short notice, of as go quality and on as reasonable terms as at any other

CONNER & COOK Corner of Nassau and Ann Sts., N. 1 part of the United States, or the Canadas, w will copy the above advertisement-times, a forward a copy containing the same, will be end led to their pay in any Type cast at our Founda provided they take twice their amount of bill

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I'I was one of the great objects of "Waldin Library," "to make good reading cheaper, a to bring literature to every man's door." object has been accomplished; we have given books wings, and they have flew to the utterm Street, one door North of parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the Netherland Parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the Netherland Street, one door North of parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the Netherland Street, one of the Netherland St he Printing Office sceleded, occupation to the literary, information to the literary information to the literary bands and render the access to a literary bands. more than twofold accessible; we gave and she continue to give in the quarto Library, a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose give a volume in the same period for less thanfor cents a week, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matter and a summary of the news and events of the day We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of education, we feel that there is still verge enough for is aim at offering to an increasing literary appearance that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever great a favorite, will continue to make its week visits, and to be issued in a form for binding a preservation, and its price and form will remainly same. But we shall, in the first week in Janua 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the large newspapers of America, but on very superior peralso filled with books, the newest and most iertaining, though in their several departments novels, tales, voyages, travels, &cc. select in the character, joined with reading such as usual should fill a weekly newspaper ... By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enline and enlighten the family circle, and to give to at an expense which shall be no consideration b any, a mass of reading that in book form would i larm the larm the pockets of the prudent, and by do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall at knowledge "the power of concentration can a farther go." No book which appears in Waldie

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LIBRARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of the quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and the largest size. It will contain.

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TAKEN UP by Annan Law, lietters, or every and a Chesnut serred Horse, supposed to be Ten years old, fifteen hands and a half high, appraised to seventy dollars 31st January, 1837.

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of fig.

The price will be two dollars for warded to a first five dollars.

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On no condition will a copy ever be sent und the payment is received in advance.

ALSO—A dark Bay Horse, a star mons norehead, left eye out, supposed to be eight years old, appraised to fifty dollars, January 28th, 1837.

JOHN S. WILSON, CERRE proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the prosecution of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the prosecution of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the prosecution of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a general management of the proprietor has redeeme fulment can be felt. The Omnibus will be usually issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volums of Record

> ADAM WALDIE 46 CARPENTER St. Philadelphia. Feditors throughout the Union, and Canad will confer a favor by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for

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Of every description neatly of cuted, & kept constantly on hand for sale at this Office.

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The second section of the section of the second section of the section of the second section of the section o

ly ill be made on advertisement pers liscount will be made d for ix or twelve months.

Medical School of Flora pon the truth wherever found,

tian or on heathen ground, he plad's divine where er it grows." he treek known by its fruit, so is the plan remedes by many years experience, in curry that had tried all the wisdom of Medisoous remedies, which only served them wetched and miserable.

abours of man may perish; for like him ome to nought. At first He instructed ome to neight. At this diseases by dithis the 22d day of December, 1836: the plants of the field. While he continu-nis practice his discases were light and soon d. In the pride of his heart, he loaded the of his own speculation. In this course he sued his way for three thousand years to

we refer the reader to the annexed igh of South Carolina, Dr. Ripley of New ns, Drs. Hersey and Saunders, late Sur-U. S. Army, who "pledge themselves ll that they held sacred and valuable in the sion, that the Botanic, System has a decided elearned and venerable Dr. B. Waterhouse rofessor of the theory and practice of Physic University of Cambridge, Mass. Look at edical Colleges of Paris; of London, and Edtaking the lead in the noble work of rethe Medical world, in arresting the pracs of toothless, haggard and mutilated bethe regions of death. Dr. Hamil-, remarks:—"Among the numersons that have been used for the cure or al-"Retchings, impaired vision, just dying, violent health. of the heart, difficult breathing, with a ession of spirits, intolerable feelings agitations, paralysis, incurable mania ingement, fatuity, suicide, deformity ered life and rendered existence so intollerahat it is more than probable that many of the les that disgrace our country, from this state nervous system, are produced by the mer-

ine the benefits of this practice; and cannot attend personally; will please send the symptoms of their

CHALLUCALUMS.

GEORGIA, De Kalb County. frough the advice of my neighbours. Dr. Idines Buys was called in, and in a few days the seat of the disease was broken up, and two weeks the conferst was about rived more benefit from Dr. Buys' prescriptions, than I did in six months with the same disease in a former attack, where I was attended by a Regular Physician.

GEORGIA, DeKulb County.
This may certify to all whom it may concern, that it sept. 1834, my wife was violently attacked with the Pleurisy severe pain in her side, very distressin cough, with a very high fever, and in this distressin

months, under whose treatment he continued to grow worse, and in this condition he was carried to Georgia, is in as good health as any man. Given under my hand, this the 10th day of May, 1853.

JOHN MCWILLIAMS. JOHN McWILLIAMS.

I do hereby certify, that my son, Marion S. Clark was taken sick while in the service of the U. S. with on the 13th day after he was attacked, a regular Doc 4 days, but he continued to grow worse all the time, and on the 18th day of his sickness, I called Dr. Z. Ellison, when I very little expected him to survive will So sensibly, fellow-citizens, do these cirgrent experiment, is, in itself, a sumcient ceased, while a salutary experience will pre-the arrival of the Dr. but through the mercy of God cumstances press themselves upon me, that I cause for graftitude; on account of the hap-vent a contrary opinion from inviting agactive, and of course more dangerous power and the use of the means employed, he yet survives. In Mercury." Hear the woful list of evils He was perceptibly mending within 24 hours after Dr. pains in various parts of the body, sud- to mend and is now in the enjoyment of comfortable of strength, as if just dying, violent health;

Ala. Nov. 28th, 1836. Ellis is to certify, that I have recently employed Dr Z. Ellison in my family in a case of a long standing ulcer on the leg, and he has made a perfect cure after two of the Regular Physicians of Columbus had failed WILLIAM: D. LUCAS:

were of the most pleasant nature. Given under n hand this 5th day of February, 1836.

THOMAS WILSON.

March 23d, 1836.—6.

MARTIN VAN BUREN'S INJUGURAL ADDRESS. FELLOW CITIZENS!

THE practice of my predecessors in poses on me an obligation I cheerfully fulfil, to accompany the first and solemn act of my public trust with an avowal of the principles other nations of the world that will guide me in performing it and an Hustrious mun, whose superiors, it is our happiness to delieve, are not found on the weigh my actions with the same kind and arable from the lapse of years.

acts that disgrace our country/from this state he nervous system, are produced by the merial practice.

In practice, the nervous system, are produced by the merial practice, and for the last four years he has been microlated in practice. The power and influence of the consequences have followed, are set in the Southern's Western States, where we still the southern's western's track, and the state of the great abundance.

I rovidence and consolation derived in from these sources. It would be ungradeful in the new form the set of the meant of the distance of the circumstance of the circumstan

try and staple productions: and in some exist-ed in ed domestic institutions, which unwiscle ful restraint and exactions of the municipal disturbed, might endanger, the harmony of law, have also been favorably exemplified in the whole. Most carefully were all these the history of the American States. applying the of the new-Government laid upon principles ment, outrunning the regular progress of the the botanic or of reciprocal concession and equitable con- judicial tribunals, or seeking to reach cases steam or vapour bath according to the botanic or Thomsonian system, and though I much dreaded the promise. The jealousies which the smaller not denounced as criminal by the existing from pegspiration to cold water, my pain was so acute, I venimed the operation, and was truly astonished to find such relief, after being twice steamed, to confessellly unequal at the time, and disped crimination to the friends of free Goylands and was truly astonished to make the operation, and was truly astonished to confessellly unequal at the time, and disped crimination of the process of those surprising to me, was the sensations I so much dreaded, forever to remain so. A natural feat that who wish for its overthrow. These occurthe broad scope of general legislation might rences however, have been far less frequent bear upon and unwisely control particular in our scountry than in any other of equal the inumerable subjects embraced in the in- and sound common sense of the great mass ternal government of a just republic, except- of our fellow-citizens, will assuredly, in ng such only as necessarily apportain to the time, produce this result: for as every astorcourse, as a united community, with the the majesty of the law, but furnishes a pre-

From a small community, we have risen to a they themselves have made executive calendar of any country. Among people powerful in numbers and in strengths. In a supposed unfitness of our institutions them, we recognize the carliest and firmest but with our increase has gone, hand in hand; for those hostile emergencies, which no counpillars of the republic; those by whom our the progress of just principles, the privile try can always avoid, their friends found a national independence was first declared; ges, civil and religious, of the humblest in a fruitful source of apprehension, their encd disappointment and bitter sorrow; bold to see, "the results have been fruitful in mischief lism t ever winessed." In this condition Dr. James limest barren of gold," that the whole "prese lism t ever winessed." In this condition Dr. James limest barren of gold," that the whole "prese lism t ever winessed." In this condition Dr. James limest barren of gold," that the whole "prese lism t ever winessed." In this condition Dr. James limest barren of gold," that the whole "prese lism t ever winessed." In this condition Dr. James limest been excluded in the field of battle; and those list it on the field of battle; and those was alled on the field of battle; and those was alled on the field of battle; and those whole "prese list in the condition of gold and fortitude of our properties of action than in Governments whose expanded intellect and patriotism consideration of foreign power, they been excluded to the foundation."

JAMES BARR.

Drs. Abercrombie, Lintand, Rush, Mort of the denelliced it do hereby certify, our composition of such afflicted; it do hereby certify, our composition of such afflicted; it do hereby certify, of red position I now occupy; felt to forget what is right. Our commerce has of red red to the remotest nations; the been extended to the remotest nations; the been extended to the remotest nations; the best large who were to the recessartude for this the highest of all marks of their value, and even mature, of our productions resorted to by those who were to the necessamedical aid, and attended him regularly for about 12 country's confidence, and by a consciousness has been greatly changed; a wide difference rys acrifice, who would consequently feel an of their inability adequately to discharge the has arison in the relative wealth and resour lindividual interest in the contest, and whose duties of an office so difficult and exalted ces of every portion of our country yet the energy would be commensurate with the difcures, was placed under his care, at which time he how much more must these considerations spirit of mutual regard and of faithful ad ficulties to be encountered. Actual events was much swollen, and without the colour of blood in affect one, who can rely on no such claims herence to existing compacts; has continued have projectly cured and his face; but in a short time he was perfectly cured, and for favor or forbearance. Unlike all who to prevail in our councils, and never long from impairing, gave new confidence to our lain as good health as any man. Given under my for favor or forbearance. Unlike all who been absent from our conduct. We have been absent from our conduct. We have for the property of the confidence to our been absent from our conduct. We have for the confidence to our been absent from our conduct. We have for the confidence to our been absent from our conduct. We have for the confidence to our been absent from our conduct. We have for the confidence to our been absent from our conduct. We have for the confidence to our been absent from our conduct. is existence as one people, was achieved at learned by experience a faithful lesson; that of a similar conflict, we saw that the enerthe period of my birth: and, whilst I contem an implicit and undeviating adherence to the gies of our country would not be wanting plate with greatful reverence that memora principles on which we set out can carry us in ample season to vindicate its rights. We ble event. I feel that I belong to a later age prosperously onward through all the conflicts may not possess, as we should not desire to and that I may not expect my countrymen to of circumstances, and the vicissitudes insep- possess, the extended and ever ready milita-

> So sensibly, fellow-citizens, do these cir- great experiment, is, in itself, a sufficient ceased, while a salutary experience will preshould not dare to enter upon my path of du piness, it-has actually conferred, and the ex- gression from abroad.

> > the necessary expenses of the Government.

and elegant selection, of the best works on Anatowhich had been unusually severe for the last three fered in size, in population, in wealth, and in ment, and their willingness, from a high
my, Philosophy, Surgery, Chemistry, Botany, and
weeks, but by following his directions, she has been
actual and prospective resources and power; sense of high duty, and without those exhibithe Theory and Practice of Medicine. Also a
character of their industions of coercive powers of coercive powers of coercive powers of the productions and in some exist-led in other countries. To submit to all needcrests the sounteracted by limits strictly population on the globe; and with the difficfrawn arounds the nation of the federal aussion of intelligence, it may well be hoped thority; and to the people and the States was that they will constantly diminish in frequenelt unimpared their sovereign power over cyand violence. The generous patriotism text for abridging the liberties of the people, This provident forecast has been verified the latter have the most direct and permaexpressions of my feelings on assuming a by time. Half acentury, teeming with expending marks of social order; and maintaining; on charge sorress the and vast. In imitat traordinary events, and elsewhere producing marks of social order; and maintaining; on those ing their example, I tread in the footsteps of stouishing results, has passed along; button all soccasions, the inviolability of those our institutions it has left no injurious mark constitutional and legal provisions which

> ry organization of other nations; but, among The success that has thus attended our oursives, all doubt upon this great point has

ty, did I not look for the generous aid of ample it has unanswerably given. But to Certain danger was forefold from the exthose who will be associated with me in the me my fellow-citizens, looking forward to tension of our territory, the multiplication various and co-ordinate branches of the Gov-the Lar-distant future, with ardent prayers of States, and the increase of population. ernment; did I not repose, with unwavering and confiding hopes, this retrospect presents Our system was supposed to be adapted reliance, on the patriotism, the intelligence, a ground for still deeper delight. It im-only to boundaries comparatively narrow, and the kindness of a proplet who never yet presses on my mind a firm belief that the per- These have been widened beyond conjecture; descrited a public servant honestly laboring petuity of our institutions depends upon our the members of our confederacy are already in their cause; and cabove all did I not per-selves; that, if we maintain the principles on doubled; and the members of our people are Georgia, Merriwether County, Oct. 18th 1836 mit myself, humbly to hope for the sustaining which they were established, they are destining for design and soreness in his support of an ever-watchful and beneficent ations yet to come; and that America will but none of the consequences have followed.

the remedies for all the maladies of man, prosperity we present an affection of the liver and during my affections severally surely not a cure that has baffied all the wisdom of the regular Doctors were employed in mycase. In justly balancing the powers of the Federal of the revolution, was supposed to ward a supposed to the revolution, was supposed to ward and suppose that the people would not bear insurmountable areas of the regular Doctors were employed in mycase. In justly balancing the powers of the Federal of the revolution, was supposed to ward and suppose the revolution, was supposed to ward and suppose the revolution of the liver and during my afflections severally and the results of the revolution of the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and suppose the found.

How imperious, then, is the obligation impublic debt already incurred, and to defray be the favorage of the forgroupent and the results of the revolution of the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and suppose the revolution of the revolution, was supposed to ward and suppose the revolution of the revolution, was supposed to ward and suppose the revolution, was supposed to ward and the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and the result of the revolution, was supposed to ward and the result of the revolution, was su ble that a scheme of government, so complex east of two wars has been paid not on- in construction, could remain uninjured. but with unequalled From time to time embarrassments have cerdoubt that tainly occurred; but how just is the confidence 1 Inture outstry immunical 1

tiotism of their cource; it is evidence not to all the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of these subjects forth, and the immunity which it secures.—knee, by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of the Mexican army and returned by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of the Mexican army and returned by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of the Mexican army and returned by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of the Mexican army and returned by Dr. Hall, and after the meeting the most prominent of the Mexican army and the most prominent of the meating the most prominent of the meatin vent all embarrassment from this, as well as out with my utmost ability. from every other anticipated cause of difficul-

refrain from anxiously invoking my fellow-verse to our peace. We desire commercial I ask you, sir, as an act due to justice, citizens never to be deaf to its dictates. Per relations on equal terms, being sever willing honor and truth, to retract this charge on ceiving before my election, the deep interest to give a fair equivalent for all antages re the floor of the Senate, in as public a manner this subject was beginning to excite I believed. We endeavor to conduct our interest it has been uttered—it being the most course with openioss and sincerity; prompt-sentiments in regard to it; and now when every advise ory motive for, misrepresentation has passed lighthat mutual frankness which is as of men.—

weighed and understood. At least they will be my standard of conflict in the readille in disputes whether inter the most the most three disputes of the schooler of the schooler or misrepresentation has passed with openioss and sincerity; prompt-spring mode by which you can repair the schooler Mexican, wrecked, there, the school of the s will be my standard of conduct in the path right, to meddle in disputes; whether inter-before the House of Representatives, that before me. I then declared that, if the declared that if the declared that it is the declared that it sire of these of my countrymen, who were a tries; regarding them, in their actual state, to ascertain the truth of falsehood of your vorable to my election was gratified. I must as social communities, preserving a strict imputation, with a view to such further measgo into the Presidential Chair the inflexible neuterality in all their controversies. Well are as justice may require. and uncompromising opponent of every at-knowing the tried valor of our people, and If you will heither do justice to yourself tempt, on the part of Congress, to abolish our exhaustless resources, we neither antici-nor place the matter in a position where just slavery in the District of Columbia, against pate nor fear any designed aggression; &, in tice may be done mo by the congression that the congression is a position where just slavery in the District of Columbia, against pate nor fear any designed aggression; &, in tice may be done mo by the congression of the congression of the congress of the matter in a position where just slavery in the District of Columbia, against pate nor fear any designed aggression; &, in tice may be done mo by the congression of the congress of the matter in a position where just slavery in the District of Columbia, against pate nor fear any designed aggression; &, in tice may be done mo by the congress of the c the wishes of the slave-holding States; and the consciousness of our own just conduct, of the people, I shall be considered to resort unseaworthy and abandoned.

The seizure at Tobasco of the state of the only remedy left me, and before at Tobasco of the state of the slightest interference with his called upon to exert our determination, never be leave the city, give publicity of this left.

Hidalgo, schooner Consolation, as States where it exists." I submitted also to er to permit an invasion of our rights, with by which you will stand stigmatized as one my fellow-citizens, with fullness and frank out punishment or redress. who protected by his constitutional priviness, the reasons which led me to this defermant in approaching, then, in the presence of lege is ready to stab the reputation of others mination. The result authorizes me to be my assembled countrymen, to make the sol, without the magnanimity to do them justice. lieve that they have been approved, and are emu promise that yet remains, and to pledge or the honor to place them in a situation to confided in, by a majority of the people of myself that I will faithfully execute the dustree it from others. the U. States, including those whom they ties of the office I am about to fill, I bring most immediately affect. It now only rewith me a settled purpose to maintain the inmains to add, that no bill conflicting with stitutions of my country, which I trust, will The Hon. Jou's C. Calhoun, U. S. Senate these views can ever receive my constitution atone for the errors I commit. al sanction. These opinions have been ad In receiving from the people the sacred of two notes, verifying the correctness of

succeeding experience has proved them to be per to perform the arduous task with equal humane, patriotic, expedient, honorable and ability and success.—But, united as I have and just. If the agitation of this subject been in his counsels, a daily witness of his condescended to appear before the investigawas intended to reach the stability of our exclusive and unsurpassed devotion to his ling committee, to answer such investigations at Metamoras.

The fine and detention of Mr. Slocum at that it has signally failed—and that in this which his countrymen have warmly see Wise and Peyton, touching the truth of the city of Mexico, for carrying despatches as in every other instance, the apprehensions supported, and permitted to partake largely falsity of the allegations they have made of the timid and the hopes of the wicked for of his confidence, I may hope that somewhat against him, wonder if those worthies would the destruction of our Government, are a of the same cheering approbation will be liave applied to him such epithets as robber, gain destined to be disappointed. Here and found to attend upon my path. For him, I there, indeed, scenes of dangerous exorte but express, with my own, the wishes of all with which they appear to be particularly ment have occurred; terrifying instances of that he may yet live long to enjoy the brill familiar, and after attempting to argue him local violence have been witnessed; and a liant evening of his well-spent life; and for down, have threatened to be the death of reckless disregard of the consequences of myself, conscious of but one desire, faith-him, or shoot him like a dog, for looking at their conduct has exposed individuals to pop-ular indignation; but neither masses of the people, nor sections of the country, have been swerved from their devotion to the bond of union, and the principles it has made salening support I humbly solicit, and whom I cred. It will be ever thus. Such attempts fervently pray to look down upon us all at dangerous agitation may periodically re- May it be among the dispensations of his turn, but with each the object will be better providence to bless our beloved country with understood. That predominating affection honors and with length of days; may her for our political system which prevails throughout our territorial limits; that calm her paths be peace.

Our course of foreign policy has been so have been the use of it. But I exercise only ty or banger. Have not recent events made uniform and intelligible, as to constitute a the common right of every citizen when I it obvious to the slightest reflection; that the cule of executive conduct which leaves little inform you that the imputations you have least deviation from this spirit of forbearance to my discretion, unless, indeed, I were will cast upon me are false in every particular is injurious to every interest, that of humanis ing to run counter to the lights of experience, not having for the last ten years purchased ty included? Amidst the violence of excited and the known opinions of my constituents any public land, or had any interest in such ment, and upon which the instructions of passions, this generous and fraternal feeling wo seducusly cultivate the friendship of all purchase. The wholescharge, unless, exponentines disregarded; and, stand-nations, as the condition most compatible plained, must be considered the offspring of Mexico. The following has been farnished and the offspring of methods and the condition most compatible plained, must be considered the offspring of ment, and upon which the instructions of ment, and upon which the instruction is a second of the instruction of ment, and upon which the instruction is a second o ing as I now do before my countrymen in with our welfage, and the principles of our a morbid immagination, or of sleepless mal the President same said to have been the President same as a recapitulation of wrongs, upon which for peace and independence this high place of honor and of trust I cannot Government. We decline alliances, as addice

opted in the firm belief that they are in active confided to my illustrious predethe report of your speech in the Globe of cordance with the spirit that actuated the cessor and which he has discharged so faith the 6th inst.

venerated fathers of the republic, and that fully and so well, I know that I cannot expect the republic, and that

to violate, however gross and wicked may

P. S. I herewith enclose you the copie

A Question .- In case the President had wretch, dog, and other such terms as those Tobasco.

There scems to be a porfect mania raging in the country respecting the establishment throughout our territorial limits; that calm her paths be peace. Land which can be and enlightened judgement which ultimately governs our people as one vast body; will always be at hand to resist and control every effort, foreign or domestic which aims, or contradicted by the Alton Spectator.

a forbestance so evidently wise, that, in spite the various questions of domestic policy, fabrication and a calumny, the punishment life. The parties fought at twelve paces, of every sinister forehoding, it never, until would be as obs active as it is probably in which belongs to me, if guilty, is too mild and were placed back to back. We do not know the particulars of the quarrel. It is the Texas Telegraph to the Tist of the present period, disturbed the tranquility expected. Before the suffrages of my coun for him who wilfully makes it.

of our common country. Such a result is tryinen were conterred upon me, I submitted I am aware, sir, of the constitutional prives and to have been of political complexion, press direct from Sufficient evidence of the justice and the pat-

THE DIFFICULTIES WITH MEX

Our readers may not be familiar with the grievances, complained of by our governour Minister were bound to ask redress from Mexico. The following has been farnished to be sent forward to the government the President syncssage is said to have been The editor of the Telegraph in on

Tobascostowards Mr. Coleman, our consul determine. It may be an artifice there, and the officers, crew and cargo of dry for purposes which it is not earlied the officers, crew and cargo of prehend. We would however advise

the alcade of Menstellan, in the colony of vice, in the event of being called to the The case of the schooner Topaz, of Maine

he master and mate of which were murder ed by Mexican soldiers, the crew imprisoned. and the vessel seized and converted to the and Secretary of War are alert, and a Mexican service. The seizure of the American schooner

Brazoria, and her forcible employ in the resentatives Mexican service, on which she was rendered

The seizure at Tobasco of the steamboat Hidalgo, schooner Consolation, and brig

The imprisonment at Tobasco of Captain McCeige of the schooner industry. The firing into the American brig Para-

gon, by the Mexican armed schooner Tam-

The seizure and condemnation of the brig Ophir, of New York, at Campeachy. The seizure of the schooner Martha, at

Galveston and the confinement and ill-treatment of the passengers.

The seizure of the schooner Hannah and and Elizabeth of New Orlins, and the barbarous treatment of the master, crew and

The ill freatment of William Hallett and Salmon Hull, citizens of the United States,

of this Government. .The detention of the Schooner Eclipse and maltreatment of her master and crew at

The detention of the schooner Compeen and other merchant vessels at Metamoras.

THE STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT AT VICKS

BURG.
The steamboat Ben Sherrod, Capt. Castleman arrived here yesterday morning, on her way from New Orleans to Louisville. She had some 12 or 14 passengers to land at this place, but instead Texas has perhaps as much rich soil as of coming up to the landing, proceeded to lower her yawl, the boat still being ped; the passengers placed themselves in the yawl, and but one man having hold of the ropes at the bow of the boat, the weight became too

would lead, to overflavow our institutions.

What can be more gratifying than such a retrospect as this? We look back on obstacles avoided, and dangers overcomes on expectations more than realised, and prosperity perfectly secured. To the hopes of the flower of the fl

ting upon this information, aremarket cont-to Congress.

Outrageous conduct of the authorities at "How far this may be true gime to But at the same time we caution them not be moved by idle reports, which too freaden ly obtain credit.

We are July persuaded that the Execular give the earliest information of the approach of the enemy.

A letter from the army inder date of the 17th alt. represents every thing as being an excellent condition. Order, harmon and discipline prevailing among the soldier who are greatly elated at the prospect speedy encounter with the cuemy.

The Telegraph compliins considerably the extensive frauds practiced in the Unite States, both under the pretence of raising money for the Texian government, and he sales of land claims, which have no four dation. The friends of Texas are advise not to entrust thir donation to any persons who are satisfactorily, known the authorized agent of the government since many dishonest persons ng themselves upon the good citizens of United States as agents of Texas have ked and received valuable contributions noney, clothes, &c., which were never has ded over, but used for individual advantage

Of the other species of imposition, la Editor says: Land claims, and grants land are sold without the foundation of title the purchaser would see, if he were acquis ted with the laws of colonization.

Raising the wind" is not unfrequently sell Texas lands in that country for ma than they will letch in this. Any track land can be made to appear to advantage paper—fine streams, "spring branches "cane brakes," "prairies," interspersed on the plat. By this we do not mean to less the value of our lands, but to caution p sons against impositions which are practise other country, yet it is not unfrequent some head- two leagues joining each other are in pr portion to value, as silver is to brass. do not wish to prevent the citizens of h United States from purchasing our land

only misrepresented, we believe, but the same title is disposed of two or three times Our citizens, therefore who are purcha

sing Texian land claims for purposes speculation, should be very careful to acceptain clearly the character of the claims property sented before they give away their money. Provisions, it is stated in one of the number, if the Telegraph have been made by the Mexican Government for the bench of the prison rs in Texas, but it presumed from the unsettled condition

Previous to the death of Gen Austin.

the government, they will not soon be carried

and if maintained at all, it must be, upon a

address, taken all together, is one of which ends may justly be proud, and of which his text," for a dissolution of the union.

rs. Peyton and Wise, by way of a beginning.

n report, a quarrel took place in a field five

o accommonate arch 23, 1837.—tf.

-430-EMS TO BE THOUGHT OF IN 1840. Judge ite's native state, North Carolina, at the late tion for President of the United States, gave Van Buren a majority of upwards of 2000. en. Harrison's native state, Virginia, gave Mr. Buren a majority of nearly 7000, aniel Webster's native State New Hanmp

is majority was the largest which that state

South Carolina, in behalf of the cause of speak strongly for him. The Baltimore

has changed its name from The Telegraph to that of the The Reformer—a name, which was once appropriated, we believe to some one of the Fanny Wrights School. It had better have taken the name of The Empiric—Walfier—or Disunionial—Mr. Gralle begins by dividing the country, horizontally into two new parties Reformers & Roy puries Roy puries & R

What execrable and illiberal stuff! The very at-tempt indicates such a want of discretion, and must eir constituents, (es-show some good and uity: Enq.

ause for the neglect of these Thourer, writes from Washington, on the 16th meadures, but if there are we confess that Mr. Whiney, would be cleared from the meadures, but if there are we confess that Mr. Whiney would be cleared from the meadures, but if there are in whatshev-can charge of contempts won the ground that he was Inaugural Address, which we would unite in voting an acquitte published in this paper, will that the whole affair has taken such with intense interest by rall who how man who regards his own dignity of

nave, either to forego their mad and wicked them out of the grasp of capital, to throm their and much interesting information, is expec-ns, or busy their wits in inventing some other due in the hands of the Government for the rising ted to be obtained from them. They are in dications, it appears that the Whigs its distribution, is calculated to preduce a new and Reformers." From the frequency with which have changed their name within the last few ed between the structure of maintain ed between their which in its operation may overthrow the happy balance heretofore maintained, it would seem, they have more confidence hough in the republican representation in Congress weight of names, than the rectitude of their to accomplish these desirable ends, and prevent the contests which metals are proved to accomplish these desirable ends, and prevent exPprinciples; but they will be apt to find, as the contests which must grow up among the States nciples, but they will be apt to find, as about moneyed interests between the Governments for Fort Gibson on the 28th. Six compathat the great body of intelligent Re- of our country, if more is to be amassed by the nies of infantry, under command of Capt. union, are aware "that a rose by Government than it wants. We think the people hername would smell as sweet." We would of this country care equally opposed to the creation of a surplus and to all the modes which have been suggested of retting rid of the arejust.

Septomand Wise, by way of a beginning. y opposed to its deposite with banks of any kind Post Office, called Ladiga; has been tem, and fattens monopoly; and they are opposed lished at the Store of Messrs. Lewis & Hall, to the system which brings about the relation of pin Creek Cross Roads, and Rev. James L. debter and crediterabetween the States and the many honest republicans to be the only alternative URDER.—On Monday last as we learn from under the mighty and unlooked for accumulation

of the last year. So pregnant with causes of future strife and aliemiles south of this place, between Wm nation is the condition of creditor and debtor as and a Mr. Mulinax, about a piece of land, between the National Government and the confedg and a Mr. Mulinax, about a piece of land between the National Government and the confedite the quarrel had proceeded to some length among the States themselves, in consequence of the field and went to the house for a gun which he returned within 12 or 15 steps or the inequality of the portions distributed, and the obstacles to be encountered in calling in the quota of pax and shot him down, and he died a short fitter he was shot. Bragg immediately made cape and has not yet been apprehended. The cape and has not yet been apprehended. The spreyious to the quarrel which terminated constitutional argument among the States.

deposite system could soon be concelled by some the Indians spaken of are the same who not ally had been uniformly friendly.

We are authorised to say that Mr. Longnew the States of the same with banks or with the States, shows that the same with banks or with the States, shows that it is an evil to be avoided by some means. With the banks the surplus breeds the evil of an excessive paper currency, and the loss of the whole a mount of treasure committed to them is hazarded to the prayer some of Dr. Hoke's frame on the Public Square sufficiently amarch and solicits hazards our happy institutions. It is, therefore, the prayer of every good man in the country, that arch 23, 1837.—tf. the most obvious and readiest in can's should be a dopted by Congress to put an end to the accumulation of surplusses.—Globe.

LATEST, FROM FLORIDA. wick, arrived on Tuesday from St. Augus- were in the neighborhood of the Black Wa-Pilatlatentan, and that Abraham had gone in wait upon Commonore Damas, who have sufficient," as Tom Haynes, said when to Jesup, and given himself up; where he pared an expedition to depart to-day, at 125 intended to remain. Large numbers of Indians, were reported als being in the vicinity of M.

THE NEXT CABINET.

Of Mosquite. Thus ends another truck. In perusing our Windward Island papers, we

Monroc, where, no doubt there must live provided, we adhere to the cuphonious and been a vast number killed, as the friendly sonorious idloin of the Aborigines. And r was recel and a Gazette servected—and nothing will been a vast number killed, as the friendly sonorious idiom, of the Aborigines And in the Hon suited. Cralle, but to set dimself up as the head Indians under the guide of their indefatiga provided also sweets with allectation to

ST. AUGUSTINE Feb. 27. On Saturday night last, information was loving from an English paper, showing the received from Gen. Jesup's Camp, at Dade's Phonicians shad like out liking same good Battle Ground, and we regret in state, that sense at the portion of all the papers and apthe Indians have held no talk, not have the pellation is with which they christened their Chiefs returned as they agreed to. Gen Jesup was to wait until Saturday, when he the Phoenicians, the greatest commercial would re-commence hostilities. About one people of the ancient world. These names hundred Indians had been in the Camp, and in the Photograph Thomas are the Photograph Thomas Abraliam and others had been allowed free thing characteristic of the places which the perceady the interesting in the clear and specific in the maintenance of good ingress and egross. On Saturday night of the percentage of the control of the clear and an attentive perusal. The clear and of the c opportunty; it is therefore needless to fan attenive perusal. The clear and foundation upon which they tutions, and the foundation upon which they tutions, and the foundation upon which they tutions, and the foundation upon which they the will go on the guestions to the decided in the few remaining days of the construction of the fact that there is a great deal of dissention in the Nation flower of this country. The strictly of the construction of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country. The land siles of the fact that geograpers placed it between Eugenity to every lover, of his country to eve mastericing Hernandez's, two negroes. Aleck white complexions. So mained because the white complexions. So mained because the inhabitants there were of a lighter complexion than those of Asia and Africa. Asia signifies between or in the iniddle, from the light and there were not seen that there were one in the iniddle, from the will at all times take pleasure in manifesting his signifies between or in the iniddle, from the With respect to State policy; this paper will mean was evidently formed upon a principle of land site if both the form which have passed the Senate, land site if the former care, it was celebrated for its mise and concession, for the mutual benefit depend the form which the former care and concession, for the mutual benefit depend the form which the former care and concession, for the mutual benefit depend the form which the form of the former care and all sorts of grain in the former care and all sorts of the country. Spain and all sorts of the country is a former care and all sorts of the country in the former care and all sorts of the country in the former care and all sorts of the country in the former care and all sorts of the country in the former care and all sorts of the country in the former care and all sorts of the country in the former care and all sorts of the country in the care and all sorts of the country in the care and all sorts of the country in the care and all sorts of breast work at Lake Monroe, they lost one sorniested by these animals, that they sued ends may justly och out income and performing the country of pitch, from its victorial and the partitle and that the partitle and the partitl figuration of the same reason. It is a country of pitch, from its victorial and the party of pitch, from its victorial and portion of its columns will be occupied with the great quantities of black pitch. Calabrial news of the day, both foreign and domestic, Agricultor its destruction. For quistly same reason, and that the party of pitch, from its victorial news of the day, both foreign and domestic, Agricultor its destruction. For quistly same reason, and that the party of pitch, from its victorial news of the day, both foreign and domestic, Agricultor its destruction. For quistly same reason, and that the party of pitch, from its victorial news of the day, both foreign and domestic, Agricultor its destruction. For quistly same reason, and that the party of pitch, from its victorial and the party of pitch, from its victorial and the party of pitch, from its victorial and the party of pitch. Calabrial news of the day, both foreign and domestic, Agricultor its destruction. For quistly same reason, and that the party of pitch, from its victorial and the party of pitch. The same reason is a sum of the day, both foreign and domestic of the same reason. The pitch is a country of pitch, from its victorial and the party of pitch. The same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason. The party of the same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason. The party of the same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason. The party of the same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason. The party of the same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason. The party of the same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason. The party of the same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason is a sum of the party of the same reason. The party of the sam to restore harmony and quietness to the feel well; and that all that is now considered in danger, them, hand cult them, and ship them, oil, and acterised its first inhabitants. The English can skewbes, the lettest improvements in the mechanic all interested on this exciting question, and will be reduce the startiff, without injury to the startiff without inju of all interested on this exciting question, and with defendent of the country of the control of factionists both in the north and south, will with the paramount interest of settlement-to keep been carried on with the negroes in town,

> FROM THE WESTERN FRONTIER. A letter dated Fort Towson, Dec. 27, published in the New Orleans Bulletin, announces, the arrival at that port of the squadron of dragoons from Nacogdoches, on the day previous. The dragoons were to march for Fort Gibson on the 28th. Six compa-Whistle, we're expected from Nacogdoches, in the course of a week or ten days. They

prison.—Herald.

would also proceed to Fort Gibson. Inclosed in the letter was another from Maj. Folson, au intelligent Choctaw half breed, dated Eagle-town, Choctaw Nation. Dec. 23, stating, on the authority of an Indian just come in from Cross Timbers, that the Camanches halfskilled and scalped a white man near that place, and that the vaous tribes were banding togsther for a war against Texas and the United States, insti-

The Arkansas Gazette announces the death chiels, near Fort Gibson.

The following is copied from the Mobile Mercantile Advertiser. We presume that the Indians spoken of are the same who not hood of Pea river. The number is no doubt

murders and wars—are they never to have

An express arrived at Pensacola on Sathostile Creek Indians, which were estimated Those who fail to do so by the 21st day of April By the schr. S. S. Mills, Capt. South to amount to from three to four hundred, hands of an officer. tine we learn that two of Gen. Hernandez's ter, (about thirty miles from Pensacola), and e, gave a majority of several thousand to Mr. negroes who were captured last year by the had murdered several families, and committed soveral thousand to Mr. Indians, had made their escape and returned the several families. A meeting in received a heavier vote than was every begiven to any candidate for the Presidency stant, who stated that about 400 Indian war and they raised a volunteer company of his majority was the largest which the feet of the presidency of the stant who stant who stant was done in the several families, and committed several families, and committed several families. A meeting be continued as heretofore by the undersign of the citizens of Bennsylvania was called.

It is not necessary the largest which the feet of the presidency of the citizens of the company of the presidency of all kinds done in the case of the presidency of all kinds done in the case of the presidency of the citizens of the company of the case of the presidency of the citizens of the company of the company of the company of the case of the presidency of the citizens of the company of the company of the case of the company of the citizens of the citizens of the company of the case of the company of the citizens of the company of the company of the citizens of the company of the company of the citizens of the company of the citizens of the citizens of the company of the citizens riors of Philip's gang, had concentrated near mounted men, and appointed a Committee to S. B. Repairing of all kinds done in the neat-cest and most durable manner, and upon the short-to Legip, and given himself are where the next should be deputed by the short-cest notice.

CALAMITOUS EVENT.

In perusing our Windward Island papers, we perceive that a calamitous elementary visitation Jun perusing our Windward Island papers, we have the selected by Mr. Van as his Secretary of War. The heads of the heads of their respective posts for the present.

By the schr. Polly, Capt. Felder, arrived that a calamitous elementary visitation ber departments will probably continue to their respective posts for the present.

Appointment of Mr. Poinsett will give secat appointment of Mr. Poinsett will give great do horses to renew the Campaign, the account, and their families plunged into the deep-tion to the friended of the Administration the understand will probably be acceptable that the Steamer Fourister. earmy itself. He is a gentleman of superior is, fine temper, systematic habits—and devolution of his country. He is a fine to savanah on Safur-land as a politican and orator, his oration earn and orator, his oration to Carolina, and his recent speech in the Sensor From Floriba.

Savannah. Feb. 23.

FROM FLORIDA.

Savanah will probably be acceptable to laving come in account, that on the banks of the Reviere Chande, in the neighborhood of St. Pierre, (the capital), a mineral spring had been discovered, and that a bathing establishment had, in consequence, been formed, on the mestaccellent and genteel plan, to which families of the first rank occasionally repaired, both for the delight of bathing and for the medical advantages to be derived from the water what at the melancholy period in question, a constitution of the melancholy period in question, a constitution of the melancholy period in question, a constitution of the melancholy period in the neighborhood of St. Pierre, (the capital), a mineral spring had been discovered, and that a bathing establishment had, in consequence, been formed, on the mestaccellent and genteel plan, to which families of the delight of bathing and for the medical advantages to be derived from the water when a transfer or the consequence. had been despatched to Savanah on Saturation Savanah on Saturation of Savanah on (Whig.) says, he is an able man, a gen-and a schollar—He has been our Minis-texico, and in this country he is well known.

We have been favored with the following and a schollar—He has been our Minis-extract of a letter, received by yesterday's lexico, and in this country he is well known.

Enguirer.

Received Black Creek, Fcb. 15th, less it be a sound as of distant thurder, rocks, sand, stones, mind. Sc. Sc. inished down upon the stones. Green has withdrawn from the publication with Paddy Carr, bankment of the river, and upon the baths, the washington Tellegraph—and it is to be pleasure of conversing with Paddy Carr, embankment gave way, and in a moment the whole, be the Chief of the friendly Creeks who assu-with the exception of two or three persons, were

in the House of the new party—the Reformers, and to stigma ble and heroic Chief, discovered in the sand which the florishing west of our State has like and the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the belief of all tribute of the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yele and the self-yeleped Reformer is as the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yeleped Reformer is as new as it is like the self-yeleped R cts; such as Loner, Ovid; Miltonsam Alio like. One of the most amusing, if not in-

rugged, mountainous province in Scotland Aibernia is attermost or last habitation, for beyond this, westward; the Phænicians never extend their voyages. Britain the country of tin, as there were great quantities of lead and tin found on the adjacent islands. The

Greeks called it Albion; which signifies in the Phonician tongue, either white or high mountain, from the whiteness of its shores, or the high rocks on the western coast. Corsica significs a woody place. Sardinia the footsteps of a mon, which it resembles. Rhodes, scrpents or dragons, which it produced in abundances Sicily, the country of grapes. - Scylla, the whirlpool, is destruc-

tion. Syracuse signifies bad savior, called so from the unwholesome marsh upon which it stood. - Altna signifies fornace, or dark. smoky. The above were gathered from a very ancient history of Britain.

HE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has lately settled in Jacksonville, and

THILORING BUSINESS, On the south-east corner of the square, opposite

keep on hand the latest and most approved Fashions of the North and East, and will shortly be aof Neahmicco, one of the expatriated Creek ble to wait on his customers at the shortest notice. He has likewise in the front room of his

shop, a number of articles for sale consisting of FAMILY

GROCERIES,

Viz: Sugar, Coffee, Ricc, Molasses, Tobacco, Raisins, &c. &c.
THOMAS FAYETTE. March 23, 1836,—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Eleming and Headden in the Carriage Making Business is this day dissolved by mutual consent. An express arrived at Pensacola on Sat-irday evening, from the agent of the Apa-fore done are earnestly requested to Indians, stating that several bodies of the Those who fail to do so his the Salar bodies.

WM. H. FLEMING, WM. HEADDEN.

WM. H. FLEMING. March 23, 1837.—3t.

NOTICE.

Committed to the Jail of Jacksonville, Benton County Alabama, on Saturday the 21st day of January 1837, a negro man, who calls his name Tom, about 40 or 45 years of age, and said he be longed to a man by the name of Samuel Puckett, but now says he belongs to Samuel Perkins; he has two fore teeth out below, and his upper fore teeth very wide apart, about five feet high and stout built; dark complection, though not below.

TOB PRINTING, AT THIS OFFICE.

OF THE Jacksonville Republican

Circumstances having rendered it impracticable to ontinue the publication of the "Jacksonville Regiser," the undersigned has determined to continue the business in this place, by publishing a Political and Miscellaneous Newspaper of the above title; designed to freet the wants, and advocate and sustain the. growing interests of the people of this section of coun-

A candid avowal of the future political course of the paper now proposed, will of course be expected by those disposed to patronize it; and from this avowthe publisher feels no disposition to shrink; but as the present is the closing scene of one administration, and the commencement of a new one is near at hand, brief sketch of his past political principles, will perhaps be a sufficient index to the future. To the leadng measures of the present administration he has been uniformly friendly, and voted for the present Chief tled him to a vote. At the last Presidential election, he voted for Martin Van Buren, under an honest conviction, that he would not disappoint the expectations he had given his friends reason to entertain; and that ne would administer the government upon those reingress and egress. On Saturday night designate. Europe signifies a country of publican principles, under which our country has ar-

all suitable occasions, advocate the important interests of education and internal improvement, and such other topics as may from time to time be proposed, calculated to advance the happiness and prosperity of the

State Temperate and well written communications, favoring any political doctrine will be cheerfully inserted in the paper; at the same time its columns will be viglished, calculated to amuse, interest or instruct.

The publisher is sensible of the difficulties to be encountered in an undertaking in which he must endeavor to please such a variety of tastes as is to be found many community, and also his having to rely more on his long practical experience in the printing business, thinkiny uncommon advantages either of talent or education. He hopes, however, that this experience, together with an untiring zeal to promote all the great interests of society, according to his best judgment and ability, will insure him that liberal patronage, which it is certainly the individual interest of every good citizen to afford, to a respectable and well conducted printing establishment.

CONDRUE ONS.

THE JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN, will be published every Saturday, on a large imperial sheet, good paper, at Two Dollars and fifty cents in advance, or Three Dollars at the end of the year. No subscription received for less than one year unless paid in ad-

NOTION. THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE

Jacksonville Male Academy Has commenced, and is now open for the reception of students. The institution is under the superintendence of Joseph Wilson March 4th, 1837.

Administrator's Sale.

WILE be sold to the highest bidder on Wednesday the fifth day of April next, at the house of John V. Ingraham, deceased, the property of the deceased, consisting of

A Remnant of Goods, Household Furniture, Bacon, Corn, Cattle, Hogs, &c.

TERMS OF SALE: All sums under five dollars, cash in hand; all sums over, on a credit of six months, the purchaser to give bond with approved security.

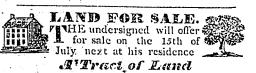
JOSEPH BROWN, ADMINISTRATOR.

March 4th, 1937-5t.

WILLLIAM III. ESTILL,

attorney at law, . Having settled himself permanently in Jack sonville, Benton county, Ala. tenders his professsional services to the public. He will regularly attend the several courts in the counties of St. Clair, DeKalb, Cherokee, Randolph, Talladega, and Benton. All business entrusted to his management, shall be attended to with punctual-

17-His office is in Jacksenville.



containing fifty or sixty acres, twelve of which are cleared and fit for cultivation. The place is well improved, lying on Cane Creek, on the read from Mallory's Mill to Robinson's bridge, 12 miles from Mallory's Mill.

MOTICE.

here oy forwarn all persons from trading for a certain Note of hand, drawn in favor of Mark ritts, against James B. Russel, for fifty dollars.
As the consideration for Asthe consideration for "

England, and had received intelligence that she was in this ship. She came into the barn, and the second body she east her eyes upon was her. She gave way to such a burst of impassioned grief and anguish, that I could not behold her without sharing in her feeling. She threw herself upon the cold and icy face and neck of the lifeless body; and thus, with her arms around her re-mained wailing, mouning and sobbing, till I came away—and when some distance off, I could hear her calling her by name in the most frantic

So little time had they to prepare for their fate, that I perceived a bunch of keys and a half cater cake fall from the bosom of a girl whom the coroner was removing. The cake appeared as if a part of it had just been bitten and hastily thrust into her besom, and round her neck was a ribband,

with a pair of scissors suspended. And to observe the stour rugged sailors, too whose iron frames could endure so, much hardship—there they lay, masses of ice. Such scenes show us indeed how powerless and feeble are all human efforts, when contending against the storms and tempests which sweep with resistles violence over the face of the deep. And yet the vessel was so near the shore that the shrieks and moans of the poor creatures were heard through that bitter dreadful night, till towards morning the groans died away, and all was hushed in death and the murmur of the raging billow was all the sound that met the car."

-48D-THE CUNNING FISHERMAN.

The following eastern tale; written by L. G. Wilkins, Esq. is from Lady Blessington's Rook of Beauty, a superb English annual, for 1837.

* * This fisherman had long followed his oc-

cupation and supported a large family by the sale

of what he caught: he was clever and well versed in all cunning which is so common in the East, and to which, necessity frequently obliged him to have recourse. He had had the good fortune to catch a khreet, of a size rarely met with in that species; and thinking it a pity that so fine a fish should be cut into small portions for the market to suit the convenience of ordinary customers, he resolved on presenting it to his sovreign; and repaired with this proud specimen of his sport, to the royal palace. No sooner had he entered the door beneath the sitting room of the sultan, than he was summoned to appear before him, and to explain the object of his visit. "Fortune," said the fisher-man, "has given me this khreet, which appeared to me of such uncommon size and beauty, that I scrupled to send it to market, and knowing that no one's table was so well suited to receive it as your majesty's, I have bro't it here to lay at your feet, and to beg you to accept it." "Makbool, Makbool, the gift is welcome," said the sultan.—"Here are a hundred gold mabobs; take them and prosper:" "The grateful and delighted fisherman kissed the ground before him, and retired; but recoverly had be left the ground when the sultan. scarcely had he left the room, when the sultana upbraided her husband for his extravagant generonty. "How," said she, "could you think of giv-ing the man a hundred maliboobs for a paltry fish? A hundred mahboobs! Would not one be much more than it is worth? Had you given him five, the present would have been a noble one, and he would have had cause to bless you, and to pray that your life may be long; but to throw away 100 maliboobs in such a manner is absurd. I have no patience with you; men have no discretion. Do patience with you; men have no discretion. Do call him back, and take them from him. I desire that you do." "How," said the Sultan, "can hake away a gift! it would be unworthy of a menarch." "Not at all: has not be who gives, a right to reclaim his gift!" "A right! yes, but how mean would it be. Would it not be said that Sultan Mustapha was capricious, and did not know his own mind?" "Well, then," said the Sultana, the money

Tarilling Narrative.—The following affecting narrative of a visit to the barn at Hempstead both male and female. The Sultan of the Sultan, where were collected the dead of the barner Mexico's from a letter published in the Boston Mercanile Journal.

Say you wanted a male. "The fisherman was sent for and brought back.—"Tell me," said the Sultan, is that fisherman or female?" "I beg your majesty's pardon sit would be a disgrace to my beard if I spoke an untruth, this kind of fish is both male and female." The fisherman was sent for and brought back.—"The fisherman was sent for and brought back.—"The fisherman was sent for and brought back.—"The fisherman was sent for and brought back.—"I beg your majesty's pardon sit would be a disgrace to my beard if I spoke an untruth, this kind of fish is both male and female." The fisherman was sent for and brought back.—"Tell me," said the Sultan, is that fisherman was dispersion of the spoke and the spoke and the plan of the angree Sultan was dispersion of the angree Sultan was dispersion of the spoke and the plan of the angree Sultan was dispersion of the spoke and the plan of the angree Sultan was dispersion of the spoke and the plan of the angree Sultan was dispersion of the spoke and the plan of the angree Sultan was dispersion of the spoke and the spoke and the plan of the spoke and the spoke and

Tarillano Nanariva.—The following allowing allow

Was snathced by death's cold hand away

This lesson she has left for you, To teach the careless what to do: o seek Jehovah while they may, And everlasting honours pay.

Awhile before this maids decease, No efforts could her tongue release; At length her eyes she opened wide, And said my tongue is now untied.

She call'd her father to the bed, And thus in dying anguish said; My days on earth are at an end; My soul is summoned to attend.

Before Jehovale's burning bar. To hear my awful sentence there-From meetings you have kept your child, To pleasures wanton wain and wild.

To frolicks you would let me go To frolicks you would let me go, And doon my soul to pain and woe; And dooin my soul to pain and And now dear father do repent And read the holy Testament.

Your head is blooming for the grave, You have a precious soul to save; Your children teach to serve the Lord And worship God with one accord.

Then her dear mother, she addressed.

Whose tears were streaming down her breast,
She grasp'd her hand and said,
Remember me when 1 am dead.

Your ficeting years have folled away, And brought you to the present day, Now take your dying child's advice, Now take your dying and avarice.

Before the golden bowl be broke. Or lifes fair cord receive the stroke: Before death's banner found you wave, The awful summon to the grave,

I see no pleasures here on earth, To trace from death back to my birth; That would entice my soul to stay, In this vain world of misery.

By faith I view the distant shore, Where pleasures reign forevermore; Where songs on scraph pinions rise Beyond the curtain of the skies,

Prepare, O mother, me to meet, where angels bow at Jesus feet; And scraphs round the throne will fly, And Jesus wipe the weeping eye.

Her mourning brother she address'd, And thus her fultering tongue express'd; Forsake your sins and turn to God; And fear the vengeance of his rod.

Or he will send you down to dwell, Forever in the lake of hell; Where firey billows bursting roll, Around the never dying soul.

Life is the time to seek his face, His gospel mercy and his grace; His arms are now extended wide, O, do behold his bleeding side.

Now give yourselves up to his trust, Before your bodies fall to dust; And while you breathe the vital air, Pour out your souls in fervant prayer.

Reform your lives in word and deed, And pray that Christ may intercede; For you, and for my sister dear. That now is weeping round me here.

Her sister then she next address'd. You see my cheeks are cloth'd in death; Don't break your heart I wish you well, O, come, and take wlast farewell.

Weep not for me my dearest love Prepare to meet me far above Where parting will no more be known, Middle saints and angels round the throne.

My body here must alumbering lie, Till gabriels trump shall rend the sky And shake the world from pole to pole, Unite the body and the soul.

I hope to meet you then above, Where all is harmony and love; Once more my dearest friends I tell, I bid you all a long farewell.

At this she clasped her eyes in death, And thus resigned her mortal breath, Under deaths solems cyprus shade, They placed this young departed maid.

While friends and kindred wept around,
To see hencorpse laid in the ground.
A warning for the human race;
For all must soon go to that place;
To the cold grave, where silence reigns.
In deaths tremendious dark domains;
Where more lidner profinled strown.

Where mortal dust profitsely strown, Allkesunknowing and thiknown,

Young ladies all, in blooming years, which is the second of the second o

WILLIAM H. ESTILL,

ANTORNEY AT LAW HAVING settled himself permutantly instack sonville, Benton county, Alanguages his profes son the beaton county. Also the wills regularly attend the several courts in the counties of St. Clair, DeKalb, Cherokee, Randolph, Talladega, and Benton. All business chitrated to me man and Benton. All business entrusted to his management, shall be attended to with punctual

PHis office is in Jackson ville.

STATE OF ALABAMA, TAKEN UP by Joel Chandler, living mear Jacksonville, a Dun Horse, about five years old; four white feet, blaze face and glass eyes bobtail, about fourteen hands high, apprais-Marnh 16, 1837 — St. ¶

WANTED TO WIRE

MMEDIATELY, 6 or 8 Laborers, to whom liberal wages will be given. Apply at this of-fice or to John Christian at the mouth of Wewo-

ree creek Coosa county.
Wetumpka, Feb. 18, 1837.
The lacksonville Republican will publish this three times. Alabama Argus.

HE subscribers having located themselves one mile west of Jacksonville, are now prepared to execute all-orders in the Mill-Wright business at the shortest notice and in the best of style, WILLIAM I BEENE, JAMES H. TEMPLETON.

THOSE indebted to the undersigned for Music tuition, are hereby-requested to make immediate settlement, as longer indulgence cannot be given.

March 16, 1837.—66

BATTALION ORDERS.

THE officers and private of the battalion of Cavalty (Benton Ringer) will attend at Alback, left eye out, supposed to be eight years old exandria on the first Saturday and May next by 10 appraised to fifty dollars, January 28th, 1837.

o'clock, at med and Equiped as the law directs.
Also, on the third Saturday in the town of Jackson the third Saturday in the town of Jackson the third Saturday in the procured by the first of Alback Paralleline. cach private by the first of April, by applying to delivered. Cefaulters at our last muster will be notified by the proper authority to attend on the first Saturday in May at Alexandria, to show cause if any, why they did not attend said muster.

By order of their respective Captains, to whom they will be

By order of W.M. ARNOLD, LIEUT. Col. Josian Houston, Adjutant Comd't Benton Kang. March 4, 1857.

Administrator's Notice.

LL persons are hereby notified, that Letters V. Ingraham, deceased, were duly granted to the undersigned on the 14th day of February,

JOSEPH BROWN,
Administrator of the estate of
JOHN V. INGRAHAM, dec'd.
Feb. 15th, 1837—6t.

S In Equity.

DAVID HUBBARD, et als.

Wm. B.McCLELLAN.et.de.)

Wm. B.McCLELLAN.et.de.)

Wm. B.McCLELLAN.et.de.)

On-motion of the Complainants by their counsel and all cronic diseases or breast complaints, as well as all other forms of diseases, to make an early to their counsel the Court, that Richard. Peters, James Peters weaver and Mary his wife, formerly Malala Peters, heirs of C. W. Peters deed. Thos lad Peters, heirs of C. W. Peters deed. Thos lad Basses of breast countries and hala Peters, heirs of C. W. Peters deed. Thos lad Basses of breast countries and many peters. And has sention to the North food against lad and all of the foregoing persons, who are Defts, to the above entited suit, do appear on the first day of the next term of the Court thouse in the town of Jacksonville, where the may after the fourth Monday in March, next, at the Court thouse in the town of Jacksonville, in the said Bill be taken for confessed against them. is ordered that said Bill be taken for confessed against them.

It is further ordered, that this order be pub-

ished in the Jacksonville Regis for six A true copy from the minutes.

Attest. JAMES CROW, Clk.

Attest. JAMES (Jan. 21, 1837—6t—\$10 50. Joberalntia. EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS, ACCURACY AND BESPATCH. AT THIS OFFICE.

NOTION. THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE

Jacksonville Male Academy Has commenced and is now open for the recep-tion of students. The institution is under the superintendence of Joseph Wilson March 4th, 1837

Administrator's Sale.

MAND FOR SALE A SHE indexigned will offer I for side on the 13th of residence.

containing fifty or sixty acres, twelve of which are cleared and fit for cultivation. The place is will improved; lying on Cane Creek, or the road from Mallory's Mill; to Robinson's bridge, 12 inless from; Mallory's Mill.

At the same time and place he will self all his stock, consisting of CATTLE; SHEEP; and HOGS.

November next will be given the purchaser establishment. giving bond with approved security.

GEURGE W. BAGBY.

(7 Proprietor part of the Unit

To Cotton Growers.

AND OUR FRIENDS IN THE COUTRY. HE undersigned having purchas-ed an interest in Messis Clark-& leters' extensive Ware-House in this type.

place, offer their services as Receiving & forwarding Agents for our country friends and solicit a share of pat-ronage. They will also ship Cotton for the up country Cotton planters, at the shortest notice, Library." "to make good reading cheapen to any of the Northern States, and with the least object has been accomplished; we have given bookers and hope by astrict adherense to their bookers and there have given rders and instarest, to gain a share, of public con-

ascounts.

STATE OF ALABAMA, ?

a Brown Mare, supposed to be six years old, four feet nine inches high, branded on the right shoulder and hip with the letters H. D. appraised to twen-

-seven dollars, 15th August, 1836. March 4, 1837.-3t.

JOHN S. WILSON, CLERK.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, CHEROKEE, COUNTY.

praised to ninety dollars.

ville and Benton county, to prastice med bus, which will be an entirely distinct periodical icine on the

LEGULARA DIRATOR He has put himself to considerable trouble to be-

come fully acquainted with the Thompsonian Sys tem of medicine—having spent considerable time the largest size. It will contain, with the agency at Louisville, Kentucky, where ist Books, the newest and t LL persons are hereby notified, that Letters of Administration upon the estate of Jolin large and the large and th ompounding or mixing the same. With these undersigned on the 14th day of February, leaving from the undersigned on the 14th day of February, leaving from the undersigned on the 14th day of February, leaving from the undersigned on the 14th day of February, leaving from the undersigned on the 14th day of February, leaving from the undersigned on the undersigned on the 14th day of February, leaving from the undersigned on the undersigned of the undersigned of the undersigned of the undersigned on the undersigned of the und compounding or mixing the same. With these paper postage. many have been cured by this that have been pronounced incurable by the mineral practice; and without any of the evils that often follow the use of Calomel. He would therefore recom-mend to all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia,

... ADLICE... TAKEN up and now in Jail in the county of Walker, Georgia, a Negro man about twenty-three years of age who calls his name SANCHO, and says he belongs to Allsey Pollard of Autauga, County, Alabama—about five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, a scar over his left eye.—The owner is requested to come forward pay charges and take him away. ward pay charges and take him away.

Z. P. SHIRLEY, Jailor. January 5th, 1837 .- tf.

To Printers & Publish Diamciid; Petri, No. 1 and 2: Ac.

4; Brevieu on Bourgeois body; Br Primer body, Bourgeois on Brevie VILL be sold to the highest bidder on Wednesday the fithinday of April next, at the liquide of loin V lingraham, deceased, the property of the deceased consisting of Terms of the deceased consisting of the dece TERMS OF SAIE: All sums under five dollar, s, cash in liand; all sums over on a credit of
six months; the purchaser to give from a credit of
from Pearl to seven line Pica, many of the
not to be found in any other specifies,
worthern of fornamental dashes; a variety
bodders; near two hundred thousand near
March 4th, 1837—5t.

March 4th, 1837—5t.

AND FOR SALE.

metal braces and dasnes truce of rancy ensured plannond and Nonpariel imagic of rances had Great Primer and double Rices scripts on included body; Antiques; light and neavy two line length of the land of the length of the leng

HOGS. which can be furnished at short notice, of an Terms of Sale. A credit with the first of quality and on as reasonable terms as at any of

CONNER & COOK Corner of Nassu and Ann Sts. No Corner of Massau and Ann Sis, And Proprietors of newspapers printed in part of the United States or the Canadas, will copy the above advertisement—times, forward a copy containing the same, will be a tled to their pay in any Type cast at our Found provided they take twice their amount of bill

Waldie's Literary Omnibu

Library," "to make good reading cheaper, to bring literature to every man's door." The bring literature to every man's door." was one of the great objects of "Wall books wings, and they have flew to the utterned fidence:

NICHOLS, POOR & HALL

Jan-28, 1837.

No. 44.

Jan-28, 1837.

The Talladega and Jacksonville papers will give the above four inscritions, and forward their more than twofold accessible; we gave and inscribed the continue to give in the guart. I the continue to give in the guart. I the continue to give in the guart. I the grant of the guart. continue to give in the quarto Library, a volum weekly for two cents a day; we now propose a give a volume in the same period for less than find cents a week, and to add as, a piquant seasoning a CHEROKEE COUNTY.

CALL A STORY OF THE C can go still further in the matter of education at we feel that there is still verge enough for us to

aim at offering to an increasing literary annote that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as even great a favorite, will continue to make its week visits, and to be issued in a form for binding. preservation, and its price and form will remain same. But we shall, in the first week in January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the land

TAKEN UP by James Owen, a 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the large white, long tail, dark mane and ump on his back, supposed to be mane years old, appraised to ninety dollars.

ALSO—A dark Bay Horse, a star in his fore lead, left eye out, supposed to be eight years old, appraised to fifty dollars, January 28th, 1837. any, a mass of reading that in book form would BOTANIC DOCTOR.

BOTANIC DOCTOR.

White power of concentration can be serviced to the people of Jackson.

Quanto Library will be published in the Omi-

> TERMS. WALDIE'S LIBRARY OMNIBUS will be issue every Friday morning, printed on paper of quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and d

1st. Books, the newest and the best that ca be procured, equal every week to a London during decime, volume, embracing Novels, Trans.

Memoirs, Sec., and only chargeable with news

ces of books and information from "the world"

small compass, but in sufficient amount to embate a knowledge of the principal events, political and

silbscribers where the paper is forwarded to me address. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars single mail subscribers, three dollars. The dis count on uncurrent money will be charged to the emitter; the low price and superior paper about the low price and superior paper about the low problem is the low paper about the low paper about

Of every description neatly eld cuted, & kept constantly on has for sale at this Office.

Officers in the adjoining count can be furnished with the male as they use, upon the store tire of on reasonable the tit

ints mande will be published until forbid cordingly.
cordingly be made on advertisements

x or twelve months.

Cotton Growers.

FRIENDS IN THE COUTRY. edaminterest in Messrs Clark & Peters extensive Ware-House in this offer their services as

forwarding Agents friends, and solicit a share of pat-will also ship Cotton for the up lanters, at the shortest notice. forthern States, and with the least d hope by a strict adherense to their sterest, to gain a share, of public con-

NICHOLS, POOR & HALL.

ralladega and Jacksonville papers will ye four insertions four insertions, and forward their

BOTANIC DOCTOR.

TOHN CRUTCHFIELD, offers his vices to the people of Jackson ville and Benton county, to prastice medicine on the

self to considerable trouble to behaving spent considerable time at Louisville, Kentucky, where opportunity of seeing the prope rious diseases, as well as a thorace with the medicines and the five years, in differente clinuites is diseases, he feels confident he can give to all who may be disposed trial of vegetable meastines; (for no will be used;), being well satisfied that isease that can be cured by any of medicine may be cured by this, and averbeen cured by this that have been rable by the mineral practice, any of the evils that often follow He would therefore recom nsumption, Rheumatism, Erysipelas or breast compraints, as

generally given and perfect been performed, when little expecta recovery remained. and a good assortment of Med and has sent on to the North for a genly of genuine medicines, he will be able promptly to any call, without laboring

forms of disease, to make an ear ley will find it greatly to their

that many do, (the want of

Jacksonville, where he may always be less necessarily absent. Many certificates produced from the most respectable community to show the efficacy of cine, and his general success in using the t they are deemed unnecessary.

11. 1837.—n4 tf.

EDREOM.

county of Walker, Georgia, a Ne gro man about twenty-three years charges and take him away. Z. P. SHIRLEY, Jailor.

ry 5th, 1837 .- tf.

NOTICE.

Committed to the Jail of Jacksonville, Benton County Alabama, on Saturday the 21st day of January 1837, a negro d to a man by the name of Samuel Puckett; says he belongs to Samuel Perkins; as two fore teeth out below, and his upper ecth very wide apart, about five feet high and milt; dark complection, though not very He says his master bought him of a Mr. pson of Bedford County Virginia, and he

him while on his way to Mississippi.
he owner of the above described negro is nested to come forward, prove property, v. charges, and take him away, or he will be with according to law.
FIELDING SNOW, Jailor.

ary 28, 1836.—n2—tf. WANTED TO HIRE

DIATELY, 6 or 8 Laborers, to whom wages will be given. Apply at this ofor to John Christian at the mouth of Wewopercession currental action of the percession of

MILL-WRIGHTS.

HE subscribers having located themselves one mile west of Jacksonville, are now prepared becute all orders in the Mill-Wright business shortest notice and in the best of style. WILLIAM J. BEENE,

WILLIAM J. BEENE.

Rhode Island, with the least territory, Connecticut, the most agrarian, Aggregate of the North Eastern States, 2,315,000 New York, the most populous, 2,400,000 New Jersey, the thoroughfare states 660,000 Pennsylvania the banking state, Delaware, the narrowest state,

North Carolina the modest State, South Carlina, the palmeto state Georgia, the south-easternmost,

the improving state, Michigan, the lake state Missouri, the north-westernmost,

Aggregate of the Western States, l'ennessee, the central state; Louisiana, the south-westernmost; Alabama, the river state, Arkansas the least populous,

District of Columbia Florida, with the most extensive coast Oregon, or the Far West,

Indians, ted States, Indians included, amounts therefore, t sixteen millions, six-hundred and eighty souls.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 27.

300,00 800,00

"Highway Robbery and attempt to Mur.

Mr. Alexander, on Thursday last, was accosted, near the Race Course, by a man placed his foot upon it, fell, with his whole —taunted—mocked—disappointed, calling himself Wm. Granger, who had apparatus, into the water, where he came does icy neglect breeze his glowing with him two boys for sale, saying that he near being drowned. The vindictive ani-had two more at his plantation, near the smal retreated among the rigging, and even the crushing insinuation—the Mile House, and that if he would meet him ced, by all sorts of gambols, and every exthere on Friday, he would show the others. pression in his power, his satisfaction when upon him." Accordingly, Mr. A went to the place de the painter, wet to the bone, was brought on signated, but not incetting G., he remained board. The anger of the artist may be imto the 4 Mile House on Friday evening, when agined when he saw his valuable painting cure of cholera, having been successful in proceeded to the 8 Mile House, where he aparatus floating on the surface of the water. cases considered incurable. The remedy is fected leaders in Congress, to gratify the ranremained during the night. He started car- He armed himself with a long pole, in order very simple, it consists; in putting the sick cor of mad ambition, and put a stop to the ly on Saturday morning for town, and after to beat down the Vandal-like destroyer of person into a warm bath of very salt water. Government. Thus, at nine of the evening, proceeding a short distance, fell in with his property; but the agile monkey reacted Bodies already much discoloured, have been when the civil list bill was within a few minthree men, among whom he recognized with three leaps the similar of the topmist. left three hours in a bath of that kind kept utes of passing out of the committe and be-Granger.—They prevailed on him to disand poured down him shouts of laughter on constantly very warm; the progress to a recoming a law by the sanction of the House, mount, and after doing so, Granger threw his enemy. The Captain was at last oillist arms around him, and one of his accomplices, filled his mouth and eyes with a subrevious results. The painting figure is not of the most skilled hunters in the most sician of a poisonous nature, dragged him retired for a moment, but shortly re-appeared that the bath is required. The causes of R. M. Whitney; and the administration in in the woods, kicked and bruised him dread-on deck, armed with a gun of the kind call-the changes are these: warmth spans the general, with unrestrained abuse. fully and robbed him of all his money.

INDIAN SPORTS.

peacocks are particularly allured by the tawny monarch of the wood, and that, when he is perceived by the flock, they advance towards him immediately, and begin, with him, their wings fluttering, their feathers man, who calls his name Tom, about ded. Native sportsmen, who always prefer ded. Native sportsmen, who always prefer screen, about six feet square feet squar, with Sunday evening of a pain in her head, and alblack spots or streaks, advance under its cover, which is placed fronting the sun. The pea-fowl either approaches the lure, or suffers the fowlers, who are concealed behind noon about four o'clock, not more than twenit, to draw near enough to their mark to be ty hours after her supposed death, the body quite certain of not missing it. A hole it the canvass, enables them to take an accurate aim, and the ruse is always successful. WILLIAM J. BRENE, tention of herds of deer, grazing in the neighborhood. When startled by a humround upon the side, and showing other evidence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave line little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise made by the soldiers dence of having been alive while in the grave little of the undersigned for ming murmuring noise

gressive piles, whose glaring red uniforms

them with tear. At length, in his bewilder, ment, the leading stag, striking the ground, proved bee hive, which is said to have the aptossing his antlers, and snorting loudly, has prarance of and to be, in facting mahogany rushed forward across the ranks, followed side-board, with drawers above and a closet 300,000 by the whole herd, to the utter dismay and below, with glass doors, to be placed in the confusion of the soldiers—the frightened chamber of a house, and to be connected with deer bounding over the heads of those files the open air by a tube passing through the who were taken too much by surprise to half walls. The operations of the beesare clearand make way for them. Incidents of a simily seen through the glass doors; and the from ilar nature have occurred more than once. and they serve to give interest and variety to a march across some of those apparently HARRYS WHITE'S DECLARATION boundless plains, which stretchto the horizon on every side, and not of unfrequen occurrence in the thinly peopled districts of

A Marsailles paper contains the following place in that port in the beginning of Novem-

A painter was at work on a scaffolding treated to the hold of the vessel.

The Captain of the brig, knowing the haracter of his monkey, warned the painter his clothes, which had been all soaked in salt uge who calls his name SANCHO, at it is assirted, that whenever tigers round ted into tears, and suffered himself to be disage. County, Alabama—about five feet or couch, multitudes of birds collect and hovarries. The monkey, at the last accounts,

> Woman buried alive. - The particulars to was conveyed to the burying ground in St Mary's st. between sixth and seventh streets and consigned to the tomb.

is deposited in the drawers .- Poulson.

OF INNOCENCE

The following is an extract from a letter

ed in my conviction.

ed duckers, and now the monkey would not porce of the skin, & as sault has the proper-Mr. Alexander now lays dangerously ill have had the last laugh, if the Captain had ty of liquifying the coagulated blood, it causat the 8 Mile House, but he has all the atten-not placed himself between the mast and he es the blood, congealed in the veins to resume dance from his friends in town that can be hunter; and generously offered to pay lim its ordinary course towards the heart, and gress; every pains was taken by assaults on us prevent death .- N. V. American

From the Essex Register. DEATH IN THE POT!

cluded between his master and his enemy. not under proper regulations, is a most harm- Mr. Peyton kept up the debate, aided by Mr. ful thing. Witness that man of wealth, who Adams, in abuse of Mr. R. M. Whitney, must have his strong cup of coffee accompa- for five hours or more; and then Mr. Wise nying his rich-food of all varieties, tillthe took up the discussion, and continued it untheir usual ostentious pomp, to strut around an occurance were related to us yesterday, can hardly walk the streets, without feeling til nearly six o'clock in the morning—they having consumed about nine hours! and the hours, at daylight, prostrate, and incapable quivering, and their tails bristly and expanded. Native sportsmen, who always prefer de Woods, who resided in Barclay street, and stretagem to open war, take advantage of this was apparently in good health, complained on prediction, and painting a brown cloth Sunday evening of a pain in her head, and all streets and proposed amendment. That the speaking Sunday evening of a pain in her head, and almost instantly fell lifelss. She was supposed to be dead, and preparations were immediate by made for her burial. On Monday afternoon about four o'clock, not more than twenty for a full supply of bread between three months' session of Congress, was not three months' session of Congress, was not three months' session of Congress, was not to be dead, and preparations were immediate. A cup of weak coffee is quite a despicable concealed or denied; and the members go affair among poor people—no taste to it say intelligence that two individuals have they. They will spend for coffee, it for no intetlligence that two individuals have proved thing else, and O what havoc in the nervous to Congress and the country that they are system does this black coffee make! Here capable of stopping the also is a great want of economy, as well as ment. We state facts and The mourners departed, & the grave dis-fectually taught this habit of drinking coffee, The mourners departed, & the grave digger a white man, proceeded to his task of
pear, that under its influence, the most active
and timid push into the danger, which we shovels full of Clay upon the consin, when he
should suppose they would be most anxious to

The mourners departed, & the grave digger a white man, proceeded to his task of
black with strength, till their nerves become
shattered, and their systems are full
the adjournment of Congres.
The mourners departed, & the grave digblack with strength, till their nerves become
shattered, and their systems are full
the adjournment of Congres.
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shattered, and their systems are full
the adjournment of Congres.
The mourners departed, & the grave digblack with strength, till their nerves become
shattered, and their systems are full
the adjournment of Congres.
The mourners departed in the constant of the process of the pr The power which scrpents pessess listened a while, then threw in a few more city of an old rum-drinker, "I could not over birds, squirrels, &c. is well known. shovels full—but now he distinctly hearda give up my coffee," while at the same time, and those who have visited unfrequented plassifier and those who have visited unfrequented plassifier and those who have visited unfrequented plassifier and the corps. Scized there was evidence of considerable nervous the Treasury circular, and thus precipits of novel sights upon the shyest done assistance. The coffin was after some time true; that there is death in the Potteven in disintered, and the lid was found to be particular, and the lid was found to be particular. The fortification bill was lost, upon the first particular and the lid was found to be particular. questered plains, they have attracted the at-ed, and the corpse discovered uqt in the polland render them uncomfortable by your hab pute between the two Houses about the dis-

mediate settlement, as longer indulgence staring, and apparently aghast with astonish-there until yesterday morning. When no ted States, making the burning of any of ment, with their eyes fixed upon the pro-signs of life appearing, it was again intered the public buildings of the government pun-tariff compromise received the go-by of the Phil. Ledger. Wishable with death,

Proceedings in the House of Representatives during the nights of Thursday and Friday last.

Mr. John Q. Adams had taken up one ene week by the excitement he produced in introducing a petition purporting to come from slaves; then another entire week was taken up by Messis. Peyton and Wise, by the trial of Reuben M. Whitney, for an alleged contempt, which resulted in his disharge and a thorough and general conviction that his persecutors have persued him addressed by Harry White to his father. from feelings of personal malice and party The letter, it will be seen, was written since rancor, and exhibited a prolanity and vice his condemnation to ten years imprisonment. Hence while in the discharge of their duties It was sent unscaled to his counsel, the in the committee, without an example in the amusing story of a monkey as having taken Messrs. Brent, with a request that they annals of Congress. After these delays had would forward it to his father. White reduced the session to a couple of weeks, the appropriation bills, which must originate in "I now swear at this moment, when all the House were partly gotten through with, suspended by two ropes to the poop of the hopes are gone, and I can have no interested and sent to the Senate, and returned with amerchant brig Young Adelia, Iron Senegal, motive for so doing, by the good God of mendments. The last twenty four hours of While the artist was employed in beautifying. Heaven, the author of all things, and who the session had come. The committee had with all his ckills the stern of the brig, a knows the truth and falsehood of every thing prepared with much care and labor, the bills argo monkey watched his motions very at and to whom alone I now must look for justicitions window in the stern. The tice, as I value my happiness in the next titioners, who had, for twenty years, been armal was a satisfied with the part of and not guilty of the crime for which I have the character of a critical buffean, laugh loudly, opened his mouth, and seemed to try whatever, nor was I ever within the enclos of a third reading. There were on the by all means in his power, to hamble the ures of any of the public departments. I do Speaker's table a multitude of bliss from the decorator of ships; till at last the painter, not repreach the court or the jury that tried Senate, which had passed a third reading in fired of his mockery, took his great paint me; they have done their duties; but declare the House, comprising the most important brush, and daubed the impertinent animal's most solemnly that my conviction was the re- measures for the public, and nothing but the face with it. The monkey immediately re-sult of false, false testimony, of a combina-form of a third reading was necessary to tion to enslave, by witnesses deeply interest their perfection. They had been discussed for months in the Senate, discussed and amended in the House, and were free from ob-"The path of an editor is not over thick- jection, and equally interested the whole that he aught to guard himself against the ly planted with roses. In the silence of the country. In these circumstances, the civil revenge of the monkey. But the painter night, when men forgot that they live, or list bill was returned from the Senate with Mr. Nelson Alexander, from Winns paid no attention to this caution, and shortly bathe their spirit in rosy bliss - when sorrow trifling amendment; to complete it; it was neborough; (S. C.) was way laid near the 8 after, suspending his labors, went to refresh has forgotten to tug at the heart, and ambi-cessary by the rules of the House, to go into Hile House, carly on Saturday morning limself with a cup of coffee, at an adighbortion to fire the brain—he sleeps not. By a committee of the Whole on the state of the din lamp he wanders through the file of Union. When the house is in committee, the din lamp he wanders through the file of the window, and thought, or by the shore of the sea of knowlard state of the painter's staffolding edge, gathering pebbles wherewith to build the painter's staffolding edge, gathering pebbles wherewith to build the painter's staffolding edge, gathering pebbles wherewith to build the painter's staffolding edge, gathering pebbles where with the properties of decorate properties. ro effectually that the painter, as soon as he his feeble fadric. Often is he misunderstood propriety, and sense of decorum towards the House, and duty of their country, have here-

preventing action on matured bills, but the

Mr. Wise and Mr. J. Q. Adams were by him, to aid in the debate, even during his proothers, designating individuals, to raise an excitement in the House of a high and outrageous character. The attacks on Mr. Muhlenberg of Pennsylvania, and others among What Pot? In many Pots and for one the most respectable members of the coma, County, Alabama about five feet or couch, multitudes of birds collect and hov-armed. The monkey, at the last accounts, high, dark complexion, a scar over his or about them, screaming and crying, as if had not quitted his acrial position—he did to come for about them, screaming and crying, as if had not quitted his acrial position—he did to come for to create an alarm; and it is also said, that not credit yet the sincerity of the peace con-

The President retained the bill re-

The fortification bill was lost, upon a distribution section of Mr. Bell.

The Senate land bill, was left on the table of the House of Representatives.

The Senate tariff bill, breaking up the House. - Democrat.

Reasons of President Jackson for not acting a culprit who was arraigned before a magis-

important questions, touching its constructives in all cases where a person is brought ing from their old foe. The emigration is from the destruction of the flour fell upon. A wag of Lowellarequests the wind and effect before I could decide on the before it for contempt, shall adopt the method unparalleled.—Mobile Register.

disposition to be made of it.— The Atterney of punishing himsum results and properties and properti disposition to be made of it. The Attorney of punishing him summarily, without the ex-General took up the subject immediately, aumation of witnesses. In this way a great and his reply was reported to me this day at deal of time may be saved and the disgraceful and laborious examination of the bill, and ing a witness with assasination for looking a distinct expression of his opinion on the at his questioner, will be most accommodatpoints proposed to him, still came to the con-lingly winked out of sight. clusion that the construction of the bill, should, it become a law, would be yet a subject of much perplexity and doubt, (a view of the bill entirely coincident with my own,) and as I cannot think it proper, in a matter and the utmost harmony, and good feeling of such vital interest, and of such constant application, to approve a bill so liable to diversity of interpretations, and more especial considerations, and nobly did they resolve, ly as I have not had time, amid the duties to make "a long pull, a strong pull, and a constantly pressing on me, to give the sub-pull altogether," towards the development ject that deliberate consideration which its of the internal resources of the country, and importance demands, I am constrained to the permanent improvement of Alabama. retain the bill, without acting definitively. The objects of the meeting were distinct-thereon; and to the end that my resons for ly stated by the honorable Chairman, and this step may be fully understood, I shall when it was announced by him, that hereafcause this paper, with the opinion of the ter there was to be but one party as to the untroney General, and the bill in question, tility of Rail Roads, and the increasing deto be deposited in the Department of State ANDREW JACKSON.

The following is Mr. Walker's resolution: adopted by the Schate on the 1st instant.

Washington, March Sd, 1837, 12 P. M.

The question on agreeing to this resolution was decide as follows: Yeas 23, Nays 19.

-The people of Pittsburgh complain of being deceived by the Bank of citizens, and to prepare to meet our delega-United States. While seeking a renewal of its character by the Legislature of assurances were given that Pittsburgh such letters will be addressed, will conceive have sufficient capital to encourage it their duty, to respond to our wishes, and her enterprise and fully develope her re- will lend us their aid in raising the convensources. Pittsburgh advocated the continu-tion in the manner suggested. ance of the Bank, and received a branch, with an inconsiderable capital; and, lately, when called on to increase the capital of the Branch, the President and Directors refused

We advise the good people of Pittsburgl to "shut up." They are too narrow-minded to apreciate the movements or understand the policy of Mr. Biddle. It would be folly on how," Pittsburgh or no Pittsburgh.

progressing before the House,) it says:

and place-it

take the consequences. We must only a preference when we are not losers by it them, by way of consolation, a few old cerbs to chew upon like the following: ny that it is, in most cases, for their interest as you make your bed so must you bake;" when erations.

The parity snown by the late occurrences in the was attentive as usual but extremely deprecion, and ber, 1836. New York—not to spring from natural causpressed in spirits. But the denouncement ber, 1836. A little experience will have convinced may combination. This is a serious mistake, he was caught by the machinery and his to do so, independent of many other considerable. The FAILURE OF THE CROP HAS whole body torn to pieces.

The Parity of the product of the afternoon of the present of th as you brew so must you bake;" when erations. omaxims."

o'clock P. M. As this officer, after a care ful excess of such men as Peyton, threaten-

From the Montgomery Advertiser. The Meeting which convened in this town on Thursday last, was well attended, prevailed, throughout its whole proceedings For once did our citizens rise above all selfish

tility of Rail Roads, and the increasing demand for banking capital, and that "the Alabama party," the clicering was long and loud the sentiment was received with unbound ed applause. .

It now remains to be seen whether the action of the Montgomery meeting, will be responded-to in the other sections of this high-"Resolved, That the State of Texas having ly favored State. Let no one be deceived establissed and maintained an independent with the belief, that our operations here. Government, capable of performing those are intended only for the advancement of our this document, our acknowledgements are remained to sustain them another day. Of duties, foreign and domestic, which appertain own Rail-Road. Persons who reason thus, due to the kindness of a mercantile friend, one hundred and eighty passengers, only sevto independent Governments, and it appear do us great injustice. The object of the by ing that there is no longer any reasonable friends of the Montgomery and West Point prepared from authentic data. It possesses on board had not been advanced above what prospect of the successful prosecution of Rail Road, is to concentrate all the interests peculiar interest at the present moment, it was when the ship sailed, they would probthe War by Mexico against said State, it is in favor of Rail Roads together, to embrace expedient and proper, and in conformity to if possible the friends of the Wetumpka and the laws of nations, and the practice of this Coosa—the Selma and Tennessee, the great Government in the like cases, that the inde- Central Rail Road from North-Alabama to pendent political existence of said State be Mobile, and those of every other scheme of acknowledged by the Government of the U- the like character, that may be in contemplation, throughout the State.

> In a few days the committee of correspon lence, appointed by the meeting, will issue circular, to leading individuals in the different counties, asking of them to assemble their tion in Convention at Tuscaloosa, on the first Monday in June. We hope those to whom

From the Smithland Herald. SUPPORT YOUNG MECHANICS. The New York Knickerbocker, a monthly

iterary periodical, in a late number gives some good hints in relation to this important

class of citizens. It says: "There is scarcely any thing which tends more to the improvement of a town, than a his part, were he to throw any considerable amount of capital amongst a parcel of dingy coal-dustified iron, workers and iron mongers in Pittsburgh, when he can be buying population being of an honest and industri-out banks in Georgia, Alabama, & and ope-rating so advantagiously in exchange in New York, as well as philidelphia. Besides, place has risen to much importance, even if Mr. B. thinks he has Pennsylvania, "any possessed of the best commercial advantages, without due regard to the encouragement of the mechanic arts. For then the expor-The New York Evening Post gives tation of merchandise forms the leading fea-Messrs. Wise and Peyton but cold comfort, ture of such a place, the various arts of me-Referring to the investigation, (when it was chanics are put invariably into requisition, and are indispensable to render the progress "The National Intelligencer does not of commercial operations safe. To an instate the question unfairly, when it says that land town, mechanics are equally important the bearing of the questions put by the accused (Mr. Whitney) to the witnesses summoned by him, has been to impeach the course of Mr. Wise and Mr. Peyton in the a leading constituent part of their growth select committee; whilst the bearing of the and population. To afford ample support to qustions which they in turn have desired to this class of citizens so highly useful and propound to the same witnesses, is to sugnecessary; is certainly the duty of those engest a charge of combination of understand gaged in other pursuits. Some branches of ing among members of Congress, and others mechanism have to sustain no competition out of the House, to exonerate the accussed from abroad, the nature of their business an invidious light before preventing such inroads or interferences others are, however, subject to be innovated ate Peyton and Wise, but by the importation of similar articles of forvhat is to be done for them. eign produce, made at rates inducing a prefe of the disgraceful conduct erence over our own productions. Although before the country," we do not ches, should be free and unshackled, a regard by many, as to the flour trade and the price grief which preyed upon his mind in Conset they can do but submit. It for the prosperity of our village should in which the article now commands. The adquence of the dream. Twould not do. He dominions. The decree is founded went to bring Whitney beduce us to afford a reasonable support to vanced rates are supposed by some—as went to his work at Mr. Seymour's Factory, report of the ministers of the Beleming the House of Representatives, and they our mechanics; we should at least give them frightfully shown by the late occurrences in He was attentive as usual but extremely de-rection, and bears date the 10th of Decree 1.

A gentleman from Texas, informs us that held, not by speculators, but by the agents Cumningham and her children definitely on the bill entitled an act desig-trate, and who being very encourageingly the utmost quiet prevails throughout the Re- of the millers living in the interior, that be inquired intonating and limiting the funds receivable assured that justice should be done him, republic, that the government is fully sustained for the revenues of the United States.

The bill from the Senate, entitled "An act designating and limiting the funds receivable assured that it was the very thing be was afraid by the people and that the whole population appears to be satisfied. Families have receivable assured that it was the very thing be was afraid by the people and that the whole population called flour merchants. The property in called flour merchants. The property in with water, and bound upon the corn, designating and limiting the funds receivable with a revenues of the United States. States are some flour and that the funds receivable with a revenues of the United States. The property in the funds receivable with a receivable with a revenues of the United States. The found it so: have recommented in the funds receivable assured that justice should be done him, recomments with a revenues of the United States. The funds receivable with a revenues of the United States. for the revenues of the United States, came come forward with a new and most commodibeing made for an immense corn grop. They thirty or forty different individuals in variational to the land of the control of the con to my hands vesterday at 2 o'clock, P. M. ous plan for relieving all persons who find have established a line of ten block houses ous parts of the country. From this, it is others who have country and the same relieved to the country of the count On pursuing it I found its provisions so themselves in the unfortunate predicament the whole distance from the Trinity to San evident that the attack on the stores of Eh you are afflicted bind on the weed to complex and uncertain, that that I deemed it of Mr. Peyton, and share his natural dislike Antonio. To each block house is appositioned Hart, and Herrick, in New New York, was ape the Chinese, and we will warrant necessary to abtain the opinion of the Attor. It is neither more fifty mounted rangers. The people entertain in very just as it was wicked free from corns in six moths.—spect. ncy General of the United States on several nor less than that the House of Representa no fears of the Indians, and apprehend noth. They did not suffer. The injury arising

> MONTGOMERY, March 8. (PAbout four thousand of the Creeks.

are now encamped within two miles of this town, and will shortly leave for their homes cross the Mississippi.

The spectacle exhibited by them, is truly heart rending. With all their cruelties, they are human beings, and no man of feeling. can look on them in their present destitute condition, without being struck with the advantages of civilized over savage life.

While our citizens are rolling in ease and are in the most abject poverty, dependant for

We should like to see this remnant of nce powerful tribe, speedily removed.

It is wrong to keep them in subjection any onger, than the safety of the country actu ally requires.

Carry them off, convey them to land of promise," where they can again en oy their own customs, and carry into excution their own laws .- Advertiser.

TABLE.

We-subjoin a highly interesting table g due to the kindness of a mercantile friend, one hundred and eighty passengers, only sev peculiar interest at the present moment, it was when the ship sailed, they would probshewing, as it does, the great and rapid fluc-ably-have all been consumed, and every soul tuations of the market, and stating the fact on hoard have perished. hat, as periods when labor did not obtain more than half the price it now commands, flour has sold at much higher prices than a distance and deals out for consumption with those which are now complained of. In 17-06, for instance, it sold as high as fifteen

lollars a barrel. PRICES OF FLOUR. For the three first months of the year, from 1796, to 1837, inclusive. January. February. \$ 12 00 13 50 10 80 8 50 9 50 . 9 50 11 25 ... 1803 1805 1806 1809 5 50 In July and August this 11 00 10-121 10 50 11.00 10.00 8 25 9 25

1822

1827

1830

1031

1832

1833

1834

836

1837

the millers in the country—the real owners; the "Phree Experiments"—living and that prices should immediately have ad means—living within the means—and ranged in New-York, or that they should beyond the means to add another the continue to advance, there, is not to be won- and tell us how to live without the m dered at. The miller, not disposed to place his property at the mercy of a mob, will naturally seek another market, or demand an increase of price for increased risks. Such are the beneficial effects of mobism. All persons admit the justice of some variations in price. But from GREAT fluctuations they dissent. If an article is somewhat scarce, it may rise somewhat; but if extremely scarce, it must not rise by the uxury, those who are natives of the country, same rule. An such the value of price. It same rule. All such reasoning is without their sustenance on the charity of the Gov- is the great regulator of consumption, always taking care that in time of plenty nothing should be lost, and that in time of scar city a pittance should be on liand to the last day of need. The condition of the wretched rew and passengers on board the ship Diamond, which arrived from England the other day, is an illustration of the value of high As their voyage was extended be and the expected time, the provisions of the ess provident or less able became exhausted, and they began to buy of those who had stores remaining. The voyage was extendd to a hundred days; thrice the time which was at first anticipated. All this time prices ving a comparative view of the price of flour were rising until a potatoc was valued at a in this city for the first three months in the sovereign. The supplies on board the ship year from 1796 to the present time. For lasted to the end, and at the end not enough whom it was carefully and accurately enteen died. If the price of the provisions

> Price is the regulator of consumption. I there is any scarcity, it draws supplies from a sparing hand. - It is the Creator's prudential agents. Every effort to deprive it of its power of vibration, is an effort to counteract plans of the highest benevolence. The history of our own corn market during the present year, illustrates the usefulness, nay, absolute necessity of high prices.—If prices 15 00 had not advanced, and largely too, there would not at this moment have been a barrel of flour in this market.—If the price of flour had been kept down to six dollars, and of oth er articles in proportion, half the inhabitants of New York would have perished with starvation, or compelled to quit their homes and go where food could be had .-- Our supplie on from the ordinary source were not more than sufficient for half the year. If prices had not advanced, what would have brought re-50 lief? But high prices have penetrated into 50 the interior of our own country, far beyond 7 00 the circle of our ordinary supplies, and brought forth great quantities of provisions through our canals and rivers. The influ-race has extended even to Europe, & brought 10 50 a fleet of ships laden with grain; and after all we have but a scanty supply. Shall we quarrel with high prices when they have saved our lives?

8 00

On Sunday night last, a working man by that must be considered, we think, asp the name of Cunningham, who was caught news—for it is not possible, as it seems in the Glass factory of Mr. Seymour, in us. that such a ship, with her whole can Brooklyn, dreamed that he saw the clouds a valuable one, and her crew, should be roll away in the sky—the heavens opening and no detail of the time, place, and pot & a being like the son of Man descending to make have reached Liverpool in eight the earth surrounded with numerous spirits days after the catastrophe, and twelve had and angels. In the morning when he awoke its first mention in Loyd's lists. he told his wife Mrs. Cunningham, of his A passenger in the St. Andrew, more dream, and said to her-'My dear wife, I as we learn from the Courier extra, si do believe I am called hence I feel that my Havre paper of 5th January, two days day has come.

Oh! now husband!-why should you talk so? It is only a dream?

breakfast—cat silently with his family, and of his royal highness Duke William of then rose up to go to his work. Before he varia, on the 9th inst., in the eighth teft his apartment, he looked back and beheld year of his age.

5 000 his wife gazing after him. He immediately The French mail, which arrived it returned and bid her an affectionate farewell don on Saturday, brought intelligent

you set a trap look for your own legs," &c

Messrs. Peyton and Wise are welcome to all
the state of things in ricultural industry, that foreign wheat is day from a gentleman who received them news of importance. The domestic method the somiort they can extract form meditating Texas, will be found among our extracts this sent in quantities from the Atlantic cities from Mr. Seymour himself. Of its truth them is, however, of considerable interest. upon, and applying these homely, but true evening. There is evidently little apprehen many miles to the west, to supply the wants there is no doubt. A great excitement is Within the last three days, twent maxims."

Within the last three days, twent is sions among the Texians, of a formidable of the farmers themselves; and the price of created in Brooklyn. Can any philosopher new arrests of persons implicated in wheat, therefore, is such that, notwithstan- or divine explain the phenomenon of his cal conspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the price of created in the phenomenon of his calconspiracies have taken place in the price of created in the price o This horror at being put upon trial is pression is, that their political matters are is ding the importations, the miller, even sell-dream—his presentment of death—his feel-court of peers was still pursuant of the case of Peyton. Honest a prosperous state. The New Orleans True ing at eleven dollars, is harely able to secure ings—or the sad catastrophe? Will profest enquiry into the affair of Meunice.

Joe Miller tells a story of the trepidation of the case of the sad catastrophe? Will profest enquiry into the affair of Meunice.

The Bon Sens say it has been to the case of the sad catastrophe? The Bon Sens say it has been to the cates is sor Silliman or other savan go & examine Mrs.

An amorous young swain was asked he liked a pretty young lady to whom he been paying his respects. He auswers Egad! she looked so sweet and so can that I caught myself saying grace oreviwhen I should have enquired after mysis family."-Bost. Her.

There is nothing which goes so far tour placing young people beyond the read heir domestic affairs. It is as much inte ble to get a ship across the Atlantic half a dozen butts started, or as many holes in her bottom; as to conduct the cerns of a family without economy. It ters not whether a man furnish little or to for his family, if there is a continual length in the kitchen or parlor, it runs away nows not how; and that demon, Il cuies more, like the horse-leech's dange until he that provides has no more to It is the husband's duty to bring into house, and it is the duty of the wife to that nothing go wrongly out of it; not the article, however unimportant in itself, h establishes a precedent; nor under any tence, for it opens the door to stalk in man gets a wife to look after his aff irs b ist him in his journey through life. husband's interest should the wife's care her greatest ambition carry her no fund than his wolfare and happiness together that of her children. This should be a im, and the theatre of exploits in the bu of her family, where she may do as a owards making a fortune as he possibly do in the counting room or workshop is not the money carned that makes an wealthy; it is what is saved from his en ngs. A good and prudent husband make eposite of the fruits of his labor with est friend—and if that friend be not true him, what has he to hope it he dare place confidence in the companion of the som. where is he to place it? A av not for herself only, but she is the si many she loves, and sho is bound to a their good, and not for her own grat -Her husband's good is in the end at

ward. Self-gratification in dress, or gence in appetite, or more company th arse can well entertain, are equally ious. The first adds vanity to extravi the second fastens a doctor's bill to a

he should aim—his approbation is

butcher's account, and the latter bring temperance, the worst of all evils,

FOREIGN NEWS.

SEVEN DAYS LATER EROM EUROPE By the ship Tennessee, Capt. Madismi New York, we have received English pers to the 18th January.

SINGTLAR FATALITY—A DREAM alleged loss of the Eric from Havre

the sailing of the Normandie, in which loss of the Eric was discredited.

Loxpon, Jan. 16th (evening) .-He resumed his composure—sat down to papers to the 11th inst. announces the

-Farewell, said he my children, for I do the fall of Estella into the hands of believe I am called lience, and shall never queen's troops.

Her most faithful majesty the Queen

FRANCE.

From the London Times of the 17th. The Paris papers of Sunday, with let This singular incident is exactly true in from several of our foreign corresponding

e more strongly guarrnteed, than shall restsupon the respect of rights ted by treaties, and among which will never cease to place, in the first se of the ancient nationality of Po-

was carried by a majority of eight.

THE REPUBLICAN.

SONVILLE, ALA. MARCH 30, 1837.

We are authorised to announce Hon REUBEN CHAPMAN, as a condidate for

r next paper we sident Jackson's lengthy for in bserved it spok tirely neutral i mendation:

ccount of the vague and u. isfact if er of the numerous rumors from Texas, copublished but little news this week from co-operate with the army untry. Anxious as we are to give our hear of a naval force with the troops Il the information that can be relied on of impossibility for that impoverished and die interest; we do not think proper to occupy too space in our paper, with rumors calculated in the country.

Space in our paper, with rumors calculated in the country in the public mind, than the country in the public minds of the p of affairs in Texas.

with regret we observe a disposition still iling with some of the editors opposed to Mr. Il she fight and knowledge on the subject, dittle in favor of the intelligence of Hoese so paths unjust, illiberal, and drothe best meetests of the south.

Washington, March 2... NEW SENATORS:

Youngsof Illinois, Mr. Smith of Inand Mr. Allen of Ohio, are the only ors of the new class who have yet this city. Mr. Pierce of New isliner who is the Senator elect for that is at present a member of the house presentatives, and will, of course, be seat in the Senate convoked for the March Mr. McKinley of Alabama. From Levy's N. O. Price Current, Murch 4. upersedes Gabriel Moore, is not yet

and Calhoun will, therefore find themof March with not more than a corguard, all their forces united.

FROM FLORIDA.

editor, dated.

nta Fe Bridge, (Fa.) Feb. 24, 1837.

s no definite news, things seem to go on the but slowly. What the result of the Choice conference may he, I cannot pretend to say. Fair hut from their tardiness in coming in, and Inferior fact that they are not short either in proions or ammunition, as I have licard, I am ned to suspect the general good inten-

of Writing Lessons in Jacksonville, and solicits all who feel an interest in the instruction of their hildren to favone him with their attention.

He has rented the upper room of Dr. Hoke's arge frame of the Public Square sufficiently amle to accommodate one, hundred scholars.

TEXAS. The following letter, dated at Brazo Feb. 16th, is published in the New Orlean

sailing one's ears herein reference to

say that a majority o that the ar

dêre; de one dog is of do white, and de oder dog is of de black color, Beside, Sar, de one av got de cer ever wide and de oder ver short; de one 'av' got de tail 'ver much, and de oder 'av' lose he tail ver much!'s

But. Sir, I am near-sighted; my eyes are impaired; I could not distinguish between the dogs :

"The foreigner looked steadily in my ace, for a moment: but perceiving nothing there but truffishis counten mee became calm.

and compartivelyapleasant. As a ne gain.

O'Compartivelyapleasant. As vision not very far, eight · l assented.

"Ah! den datis all de apology which I de

Planter's Hotel.

WEST WETUMPKA, Alabama.

EXMPHREYVILLE, respectfully in-

March So, The Jacksonville in-Register, will publish the above and forward their accounts to this office 10.

HE officers and privates of the hattalion of Cavalry (Benton Rangers) will attend at Al-

Administrator's Notice.

thenticated for payment, within the time limited by law, or the same will be barred.

JOSEPH BROWN,

Administrator of the estate of JOHN V. INGRAHAM, dec'd.

Feb. 15th, 1837-6t.

DAVID HUBBARD, et als.

wm. B. McCLELLAN, et als. In Equity. Circuit Court, Fall Term, 1836.

and it fully appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Richard M. Peters, James Peters weaver and Mary his wife, formerly Mary Peters, Charles-Lewis and Mahala his wife, formerly Mary reters, he had a rein their possession are hala Peters, heirs of C. W. Peters dec'd. Thos. hereunto annexed. I. Golightly, Robert Meigs, Warren Harris, A. Drs. Ellison Patterson, P. Reagan, R. H. Thatcher, Thos. hand, at their of Morgan, B. Smith, John Carmichael, Alfred George and R. Walker, are not residents of the State of Alabama. It is therefore ordered by the for the cure of all for the cure of the cur Court that each and all of the foregoing persons, who are Defts, to the above entitled suit, do appear on the first day of the next term of the Circuit Court, to be holden on the sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, at the said Court there sitting, and theu and there to answer and plead to the said Bill of Complt, filed in the above entitled suit, or on failure thereof, it is ordered that said Bill be taken for confessed

shad in the Jacksonville Regis for six weeks A true copy from the minutes.

derable in influence nor consequence, The writer is near-sighted, and gets into all cuted. & kept constantly on hand

sor for them to join me here, to dog_as I thought, but alas! it was another's as they use, upon the shortest no-

iwo siddle mixthy arcested had he shick; good agreed years and sufficient may be sufficient to the state of t and almost barren of good," that the whole "pre-tended science" resolves itself into the "art of conjecture," the "science of guessing" "striking in the dark" a "scheme of learned quackery" a "Temple unroofed and cracked at the foundation," (See Drs. Abcrerombie, Dintaund, Rush, Mor

gagni, Waterhouse, &c. &c.. In testimony of the superior efficacy of the Botanceremedies, we refer the reader to the annexed Certificates, and also to the learned and talented Dr. Robinson of Cincinniti, Drs. Montgomery and Eveleigh of South Carolina, Dr. Ripley of New Orleans, Drs. Hersey and Saunders, late Sur-geons in the U.S. Army, who "pledge themselves ipon all that they hold sacred and valuable in the profession, that the Botanic System has a decided tor was called to attend him, who did so regularly for preference." Dr. Wm. Caldwell, of Ohio, yes! 4days, but he continued to grow worse all the time, and the learned and venerable Dr. B. Waterhouse, and on the 18th day of his sickness, 1 called Dr. Z. late professor of the theory and practice of Physic of the University of Cambridge, Mass. Look at the Medical Colleges of Paris, of London, and Ed nburgh, taking the lead in the noble work of redeeming the Medical world, in agresting the practice of poisoning the human system, and sending millions of toothless, haggard and mutilated bengs, to people the regions of death. Dr. Hamil on of Edinburgh, remarks:- "Among the numer ous poisons that have been used for the cure or alleviation of diseases, there are few that possess more active, and of course more dangerous powers than Mercury." Hear the woful list of evils attending its use: "Retchings, impaired vision, iches and pains in various parts of the body, sud public, that he has den failure of strength, as if just dying, violent unied by L. J. Brad-palpitation of the heart, difficult breathing, with a shocking depression of spirits, intolerable feelings. destroyed, and miserable death.

The remarks of the great and venera-

ures, was placed under his care, at which time he was much swollen, and without the colour of blood in his face, but in a short time he was perfectly cured, and hand, this the 10th day of May, 1833.

JOHN McWILLIAMS.

GEORGIA, Muscogee County.

I do hereby certify, that my son, Marion S. Clark, was taken sick while in the service of the U.S. with the Nervous fever, after which he returned home, and on the 13th day after he was attacked, a regular Doc-Ellison, when I very little expected him to survive till the arrival of the Dr., but through the mercy of God the arrival of the Dr. but urough the mercy of God and the use of the means employed, he yet survives. He was perceptibly mending within 24 hours after Dr. Ellison first prescribed for him, and he has continued to mend and is now in the enjoyment of comfortable health.

WILLIAM CLARK.

Russell County, Ala. Nov. 28th, 1836.
This is to certify, that I have recently employed Dr.
Z. Ellison in my family in a case of a long standing ulcer on the leg, and he has made a perfect cure after two of the Regular Physicians of Columbus had failed. WILLIAM D. I.UCAS Georgia, Merriwether County, Oct. 18th 1836.

This may certify that my son aged 17 years was severely afflicted, with a settled pain and soreness in his breast and head, in so much that the became pale and emaciated, and for the last four years he has been more or shocking depression of spirits, intolerable feelings, than half his time unfit for business, for 3 months immediately preceding the 16th of July last, when I first derangement, fatuity, suicide, deformity, called on Dr. Z. Ellison for medical aid, he was entiresuicide, determity, called on Dr. Z. Emison for medical aid, he was entirend miscrable death."
the doctor, "have entirely obstructed, he was evidently rapidly declitime so intolleraing, but I am now happy to testify, that he, by the
blessings of God and the use of the means, is in good
a not had any of the symptoms of the month.

> 10th, 1836. rethod to

Rush, ought to satisfy every unprejudiced mind. tressing He, after bewailing the defects and disasters of the of Prolap.

Medical Science, consoled himself with the animating prospects of that hope, which he often proclaimed from his desk, that the day would are also the regular Doctors were employed. ive, when Medical knowledge should have attained to that apex of perfection, that it would be able to remove all the diseases of man; and leave Dr. Philips of this county about three years, and Dr. Philips of this county about three years, and Dr. Tinsley of Greenville about three months, all without affording any thing like permanent relief.

Hearing that Dr. Z. Ellison was to be at Col. John

Arnold's on a certain day, my husband called on him to prescribe for my case, which was at that time truly distressing, I being confined to my bed the most of my time, and I took medicine from him thrae months at the end of which, I was substantially relieved, and am now in the enjoyment of comfortable health-SARAH PHILIPS.

Test. REUBEN PHILIPS, S. Philips' husband. Alabama, St. Clair County.
This may certify that in the summer of 1835, my

family were suddenly and violently attacked with the bilious fever, in so much that three days from the commencement, there were six of my family (including my wife) prostrated by it, at which time I called on Dr. Z. Ellison, who relieved them all in a few days, the information in his power. He has been Agent for the last several years during which he traveled and practised some in the States of Tennessee ered.

Given under my hand this 20th day of March, 1836. VALENTINE NIX.

In addition to the above statement, I further testify bilious fever and that they were relieved by Dr. Ellison as above stated &c. PETER WAGNON.

GEORGIA, Pike County.

I do hereby certify, hat my wife has been for seveof December 1835, Dr. Z. Ellison spent a night with me, and prescribed for the pain in her back and side, which had been unusually severe for the last three weeks, but by following his directions, she has been

Given under my hand, this the 26th January, 1836.

J. R, CULPEPER. GEORGIA, Butts County, This is to certify that in the fall of 1834, I was attacked with Rheumatism, in the back and hips, by

acquainted with the Theory and Practice of the which I was unable to turn in the bed for eight or ten Betanic System, the requisite information, and free days, at which time Dr. Z. Ellison called on me and access to their Library, which contains a large proposed administering medicine, and applying the and elegant selection, of the best works on Anato-steam or vapour bath, according to the botanic or my, Philosophy, Surgery, Chemistry, Botany, and Thomsonian system, and though I much dreaded the the Theory and Practice of Medicine. Also a collection of Dutch and Indian Medical works.

Thomsonian system, and though I much dreaded the operation and sudden transition from light to cold, or collection of Dutch and Indian Medical works. TN. B. Those living at a distance; that desire the benefits of this practice, and cannot attend was able to attend to my business, and what was most disease in writing. were of the most pleasant nature. Given under my hand this 5th day of February, 1836.

March 23d, 1836,-6.

STATE OF ALABAMA,

BENTON COUNTY. STAKEN UP by Joel Chandler, L living near Jacksonville, a Dun Horse, about five years old, four white feet, blaze face and glass

ed to thirty dollars.

M. M. HOUSTON, CLERK

Marnh 16, 1837.-3t.¶

TOB PRINTING.

EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS, ACCURACY AND DESPATCH AT THIS OFFICE.

₹

act of a letter from an Officer of the

e Express from Fort Dade has just of 12,015 bales, and leaving on hand, inclusive of here,—has been looked for with much of 84,235 bales.

will still hold out.

shall look for orders, (in case no treaty one of them;

We are authorised to say that Mr. Long We are authorised to see necker has commenced a second course necker has commenced a second course

March 28, 1837.—tf.

Bulletin of the day before yesterday: vou may enjoy in New Orleanes respecting the n, to represent this Congressional Distlong talked of invasion of this country by the Mexthe next Congress of the United States, in cans, but I must say that if you have none more certain thân we have, you are in a glorious uncer -tie to give tainty. It would be amusing to relate the different mand, and with a graceful adieu, he passed nors and surmises, and speculations which are

dent told me a few days since, that he expected to have a plenty of fighting by the middle of March It was reported in Columbia vesterday, that from ment? 3,000 to 5,000 Mexicans were approaching San Antonio, 700 of whom had already arrived there; Antonio, 700 of white had already arrived there; and that Seguin, with the force stationed there under him, was retreating. This rumor is exceedingly improbable, and though I thus aid in circuity in the such a course now, in the lating it, I am compelled to add that I do not be-lieve it.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW ORLEARS MARKET. Daily Report of the Sales of Cotton.
March 3.

37. baics Mississippi 111 do 259 do 620 21 do Tennesso 35 do do 74 do Texas

REMARKS.

crscdes Gabriel Moore, is not yet The market for Groceries and foreign and coast-wise articles generally, is gradually assuming a more animated character, but the change for the Maine, in the place of Mr. Shepley. has accepted a judicial station, at home. arcely have time to make preparation. the anticipated his election, to meet proach of dulness. Previous to Thursday, the new Senate. All these gentlemen will musually cold for the time of year, but since then ort the new administration. Messrs unusually cold for the time of year, but since then it has rained so incessantly as to almost put a stop to business. The Mississippious within seven feet in the citatel of their strength on of high-water mark, having risen ten feet during

tlic week. COTTON.—Arrived since the 24th ultimo, of Louisiana and Mississippi 9,496 bales, Tennessee and North Alabama 1,704, Lake 35, Arkansas 252, Texas 83; together, 11,827 bales, Cleared in the same time for Liverpool 11,827 bales, Glasgow 653, Havre 6,811, Marseilles 918, Antwerp 80, Carolina Volunteers, now in Florida, New York 149, Boston 1,771, Philadelphia 231, Providence 200, Baltimore 270, Portsmouth 672, together, 23,585 bales—making a reduction in stock

there,—has been looked for with much of 84,235 bales. The market opened this wesk with a tolerably were only 93 Indians in, three days fair demand, but in consequence of holders asking rather higher rates, business proceeded at quite a moderate pace until yesterday, when, without any very well defined cause; it grew considerably more animated; buyers operated with less hesitation, and sales, were made at prices that go to establish an advance on all qualities of 1-4 to 1-2 a cent. The stock on sale including all descriptions, has been light for some days back, and at the present moment is unusually small for the season.

Sales of the week 12,000 bales at an advance of 1-4 to 1-2 cent per lb. with a good demand.

Is no definite news, things seem to go

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

181 a 17 a 17 3-4 15 | a 15 | 11 | a 12

"YOU AV' KICK MY DOG! The Blunderer" in the February num of them, and though there may be some ber of the Knickerbocker; is worthy of the

be effected, or perhaps, even under Such were my musings, as I passed down CIPCUMStances to join the other three Broadway—such my reflections—when my can be furnished with such blanks was broken up, and two weeks the reafter, I was about the other three Broadway—such my reflections—when my can be furnished with such blanks and I can safety say that is 2 was to I do

BATTALION ORDERS.

exandria on the first Saturday id May next by 10 o'clock, armed and equiped as the law directs. Also, on the third Saturday in the town of Jacksonville. The public arms can be procured by each private by the first of April, by applying to their respective Captains, to whom they will be delivered. Cefaulters at our last muster will be notified by the proper authority to attend on the first Saturday in May at Alexandria, to show cause

if any, why they did not aftend said muster.

By order of

War, ARNOLD, LIEUT. Cel.

JOSIAH HOUSTON Adjutant Cound't Benton Rang.

March 4, 1837

A LL persons are hereby notified, that Letters of Administration upon the estate of John V. Ingraham, deceased, were duly granted to he undersigned on the 14th day of February 1837. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to come forward, and make pay-ment. Those having claims against the estate are requested to present them properly au-

ON motion of the Complainants by their counsel Court House in the town of Jacksonville, in the

against them. It is, further ordered, that this order be pub-

Jan. 21, 1837—6t—\$10 50.

kinds of scrapes, in consequence. Here is for sale at this Office.

Officers in the adjoining counties

not for life a single outlet, a single door of retreat, but old age; for such is my confidence, said he, in the benevolence of the deity, that he has placed on earth, remedies for all the maladies of man, ome lonely weed trampled under foot, might fur-

count in par.

diseases in the Soutne. mercury is given in such great a

nish a cure that has baffled all the wisdom of the chools of Physic." drs. Billison & Buys,

HAVE located in Tarapin Valley, near the Cross Roads, (Hall & Lewis' Store,) and have associated themselves together in the practice of Medicine, on the Botanic System, and will treat all cases confided to their care, to the best of their skill and Dr. Ellison has spared no pains in acquiring all

and South Carolina, and extensively in the States of Georgia & Alabama; the greater part of the last year he practiced in the City of Columbus, last year he practiced in the City of Colombia that Valentine Nix lived at my Ferry, near the models Georgia, in connexion with Dr. B. R. Thomas that Valentine Nix lived at my Ferry, near the models from whom he obtained Dr. L. Ducham's invaluof Wills Creek, and y visited them during their sickage of the Damedies together with his mode of treating ness, and know that theirs were confirmed eases of the Damedies together with his mode of treating ness, and know that theirs were relieved by Dr. Ellithroughout the State of Georgia; also many valuable Recipes from the Dutch and Indian Practice,

which have been obtained at great expense. Dr. Buys was amongst the first noted Botanic ral years, subject to a severe pain in her back and Practitioners in the State of Georgia. As a speci-sides extending to her shoulders; and about the 15th men of their success in Practice, a few of the ma-

hereunto annexed.

Drs. Ellison & Burs will keep constantly on weeks, but by following a their office in Tarapin Valley, a Large entirely relieved.

Genuine Botanic Medicine, for the cure of all curable chronic diseases; and

will give to those who wish to become thoroughly

disease in writing.
All letters addressed, to receive attention, must

e post paid, and directed to Ladiga P. O. Tarrapin Valley, Benton County, Ala.

Fits, Cancers, Ulcers, &c. of every description will be undertaken. No cure—No pay. The patient must board convenient to their office:

CBRURBECATES. GEORGIA, DeKalb County. I do hereby certify, that sometime in March, 1831, white feet, blaze face and glass was reattacked with what the Regular Diplomatized eyes, bobtail, about fourteen hands high, apprais-

Physicians called a disease of the Liver, so severe that in a few hours I was in a state of insanity, and through the advice of my neighbours, Dr. James Buys was called in, and in a few days the seat of the diseas my business, and I can safely say that in 2 weeks, I derived more benefit from Dr. Buys' prescriptions, than I did in six months with the same disease in a former

That the charms of earth's fairest, delightfulless

part, Cannot soften one pang of the bursting heart: That sorrow, like love, claims (the tyrant!) alone, Every hope, feeling, thought, every word as his

And suffering no rival t'exist within call,

Omnipotent reigneth, or, reigns not at all.

From the National Atlas. THE MARTYRS.

A Tale of the American Revolution.

"He lived for his love, for his country he died-They were all that to life had entwined him"

MOORE.

Internal law there have many whole spicits a most continued processing and an alternative for the plant of the most based hand of quantitative most better for the plant of the most based hand of quantitative most better for the plant of the most based hand of quantitative most better for the plant of the most based hand of quantitative most better for the plant of the most based hand of quantitative most better for the plant of the most based hand of quantitative most better for the plant of the most based hand of the plant of the p

FORTH TO SEARCH STATES AND ADDRESS AND ADD she lent forward, and gave way to an uncontrola-ble burst of grief.—For a moment he faltered—no Britishers can come." Sooner perhaps than his whole frame trembled, but it was only for a he wishes it if he is not more explicit; come here his whole frame trembled, but it was only for a moment. He recovered, and in a low calm tone wincing a steady and determined mind, continued hoped that when you were aware of my determination—when you saw the glorioug object which I had had in view, you would hall with joy the one who dared attempt the accomplishment of it. I had hoped that the holy spirit of patriotism which is abroad in the world, had found a home in your breast, and that the duty I am about to perform would alone have been a passport to your love. I hope—I believe so now. If I idid not, though dear to me as my existence, I would tear you from my heart. Be calm then my love. Stain not with tears this parting moment which should glow with the bright hopes of a speedy are nappy deep curse, sprung to his feet—quick as thought

statesman, hero, or patriot.

The warrior whose path through life has been devised—her seed to many every act evinced along how said raised, to his lips. Their eyes met—one fleting has sunk into the gaudy mausoleum, leaving thousands behind to chant his praise; while the more obscure, but not less useful man, whose life was an honor to himself, and a pattern to mankind, has descended into the cold and stlent tomb.

And even there where there is no distinction—where the ashes of the kineses.

and he who by every principle of justice merits he was gone. The brilliant lights shone through maps, despatches, &c. &c. An elegantly finished est and mo eternal oblivion, is by the thoughtless world kept the apartment, but it was deserted, and as she sword, and a pair of gold mounted pistols lay best notice. In strictest remembrance. Ah! how many brave looked around, she felt that she was indeed alone. hearts have burst—how many noble spirits have on the table lay his miniature—it caught her ealprisoner.

leit this selfish and ungrateful world, unnoticed ger eye—with a convulsive grasp she seized it, and amidst the halo of false glory which surrounded pressing it to her heart, left the room. Oh? who ching—the arms of the Sentinel rattled as he chalthe death bed of an Alexander, or Napoleon; and can fathom the depth of womans love? Who can lenged the intruders—the curtain which hung

To dwell with rapture on the virtues of the mighty dead—to repeat the oft told tale of their glorious deeds, and to hand to succeeding generations the record of their acts for admiration and support and cheer me, and in the deadly conflict with each other in expressions of the world. The orator, the novelist, and the poet, have vied with each other in expressions of esteem and respect, and the giant intellects of every age have invariably united to eulogise the life, and perpetuate the name of the departed statesman, here, or patriot.

himself, and a pattern to mankind, has descended into the celd and silent tomb.

"Unknowed and unsung."

And even there where there is no distinction—where the ask silent to the king and the beggar mingles she lent forward and gave vent to her mingled An elegant candelabrawas suspended over his ed. His shop is on the east side of Maine street the street and the beggar mingles she lent forward and gave vent to her mingled and the beggar mingles she lent forward and gave vent to her mingled An elegant candelabrawas suspended over his ed. His shop is on the east side of Maine street the cast side of Maine street where the cast side of th

NOTICE. THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has lately settled in Jacksonville, and is now carrying on the

THILORING BUSINESS,

On the south-east corner of the square, opposite aris, and in short, whatever can be procured and pulledge Pendleton's Hotel. He pledges himself to aris, and in short, whatever can be procured and pulledge Pendleton's Hotel. keep on hand the latest and most approved Fash-lished, calculated to amuse, interest or instruct. ions of the North and East, and will shortly be a ... The publisher is sensible of the difficulties to ble to wait on his customers at the shortest notice

He has likewise in the front room of his shop, a number of articles for sale consisting of



Viz: Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Molasses, Tobacco Raisins, &c. &c.

THOMAS FAYETTE.

光

WM. H. FLEMING.

March 23, 1837.--St.

To Printers & Publishers.

lantly guarded against personal invective and abus A portion of its columns will be occupied with a news of the day, both foreign and domestic; Agrica tural and Commercial information; Essays on litera scientific, and moral subjects; biographical and histe cal sketches; the latest improvements in the mechan

The publisher is sensible of the difficulties to be countered in an undertaking in which he must ende yor to please such a variety of tastes as is to be form n any community, and also his having to rely more a his long practical experience in the printing business than any uncommon advantages either of talent or e ication. He hopes, however, that this experience ogether with an untiring zeal to promote all the gree interests of society, according to his best judgment and ability, will insure him that liberal patronage, which s certainly the individual interest of every good cis zen to afford, to a respectable and well conduct

THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE

Jacksonville Male Academy Has commenced, and is now open for the receion of students. The institution is under usuperintendence of Joseph Wilson.

March 4th, 1837.

Administrator's Sale.

